SBC-357 Rev.C

386SX-40 Half-size CPU Card with LCD, LAN, Flash ROM(Option)/SRAM(Option) & 4 COMs

FCC STATEMENT

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THIS EOUIPMENT HAS BEEN TESTED AND FOUND TO COMPLY WITH THE LIMITS FOR A CLASS "A" DIGITAL DEVICE. PURSUANT TO PART 15 OF THE FCC RULES. THESE LIMITS ARE DESIGNED TO PROVIDE REASON-ABLE PROTECTION AGAINTST HARMFUL INTERFER-ENCE WHEN THE EOUIPMENT IS OPERATED IN A COMMERCIAL ENVIRONMENT. THIS EQUIPMENT GENERATES, USES, AND CAN RADIATE RADIO FRE-OUENCY ENERGY AND . IF NOT INSTATLLED AND USED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE INSTRUCTION MANUAL. MAY CAUSE HARMFUL INTERFERENCE TO RADIO COMMUNICATIONS. OPERATION OF THIS EOUIPMENT IN A RESIDENTIAL AREA IS LIKELY TO CAUSE HARM-FUL INTERFERENCE IN WHICH CASE THE USER WILL BE REOUIRED TO CORRECT THE INTERFER-ENCE AT HIS OWN EXPENSE.

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Packing list

Before you begin installing your card, please make sure that the following materials have been shipped:

- 1 supporting CD-ROM
- 1 SBC-357 Rev.C CPU card
- 1 Hard disk drive (IDE) interface cable (40 pin)
- 1 Floppy disk drive interface cable (34 pin)
- 1 6-pin mini-DIN dual outlet adapter for keyboard and PS/2 mouse
- 1 parallel port adapter (26-25 pin) and dual outlet adapter kit for COM port (10-9 pin)
- 2 serial adapter kit (9-10 Pin)
- · 1 bag of screws and miscellaneous parts

If any of these items are missing or damaged, contact your distributor or sales representative immediately.

Notice

Dear Customer,

Thank you for purchasing the SBC-357 board. The user manual is designed to help you to get the most out of the SBC-357, please read it thoroughly before you install and use the board. This product that you have purchased comes with a two years limited warranty; AAEON will not be responsible for any misuse of the product. Therefore, we strongly urge that user first read the manual before using the product.

To receive the lastest version of the user manual, please visit our

Web site at: Taiwan: www.aaeon.com.tw
U.S.A: www.aaeon.com

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General Information

This chapter provides background information for the SBC-357 Rev.C.

Sections include:

- Card specifications
- Board layout

Introduction

The SBC-357 Rev.C is an all-in-one single board with an **onboard flat panel/CRT SVGA controller**. It packs all the functions of an industrial computer and its display capabilities onto a single, half-size card. This means the SBC-357 Rev.C is absolutely your best solution for embedded applications.

The onboard ISA-Bus, flat panel/CRT SVGA controller uses the CHIPS 65545 chipset with up to 1 MB of video memory (512KB onboard). It supports various LCD types including TFT, STN, Normal, and EL.

The SBC-357 Rev.C supports M-Systems DiskOnChip 2000. Moreover, it provides up to 256KB SRAM and up to 1.44MB Flash ROM disk which doesn't require any bus, slots, or connectors. And the most important of all, it can support 5V EDO.

The SBC-357 Rev.C also features three high speed RS-232 serial ports, and one RS-232/422/485 serial port with 16C550 UARTs, one bidirectional SPP/EPP/ECP parallel port, and a floppy drive controller. Furthermore, the board can provide 10Mb/s N-way autonegotiation operation with one ethernet controller.

If program execution is halted by a program bug or EMI, the board's watchdog timer can automatically reset the CPU or generate an interrupt. This ensures reliability in unmanned or standalone systems.

All configuration is done through software. A single Flash chip holds the system BIOS, VGA BIOS, and the network boot ROM image. This minimizes the number of chips and eases configuration. You can change the display BIOS or install a boot ROM simply by programming the Flash chip.

Features

Supports 386SX-40 compatible CPU

Supports DiskOnChip, SRAM, and Flash ROM disk on board (optional)

Supports single LAN

Supports CRT and LCD display simultaneously

Supports PC/104 module expansion

Supports 4 serial ports: Three RS-232 ports and one RS-232/422/485 port

Specifications

CPU: Embedded in ALI M6117C Chipset Intel 80386SX-40 compatible

Data bus: 16-bit

BIOS: AMI Flash BIOS (Supports LBA mode HDD)

Chipset: ALI M6117C

Super I/O Chipset: ITE8661F **RAM memory:** 4M EDO RAM

Shadow RAM memory: Supports system and video BIOS shadow memory

IDE hard disk drive interface: Supports up to one IDE (AT bus) hard disk drives. BIOS auto-detect.

Floppy disk drive interface: Supports up to two floppy disk drive, 5.25"(360KB and 2MB) and /or 3.5"(720KB, 1.44MB and 2.88MB)

Bi-directional parallel port: One Bi-directional printer port (Configurable LPT1, LPT2, LPT3 or disable). Support SPP, ECP and EPP modes.

Serial ports: Three RS-232 serial ports and one RS-232/422/485 serial port. Uses 16C550 UARTs with 16 byte FIFO. Supports speeds up to 115Kbps. Ports can be individually configured from COM1 to COM4 or disabled.

Real-time clock/calendar: ALI chipset RTC (internal) and quartz oscillator power by a lithium battery for 10 years of data retention.

DMA channel: 7 **Interrupt levels:** 15 **KB/PS2 Mouse connector:** 6 pin mini DIN connector supports a standard PC/AT keyboard and mouse.

Flat panel VGA interface

Chipset: C&T 65545

Display memory: 512KB standard, 1MB option

Display type: Supports CRT and flat panel (TFT, DSTN, mono and EL)display, Can display both CRT and flat panel simultaneously.

Resolution: Option up to 1024 x 768 @ 256 colors.(1MB-display memory). Standard 1024 x 768 @ 16 colors (512KB-display memory)

Ethernet interface

Chipset: RTL8019AS

SSD interface

One 32-pin DIP socket supports M-systems DiskOnChip 2000 series, memory capacity from 2MB to 288 MB.

SRAM: 256 KB (Optional)

Flash ROM Disk: 1.44 MB (Optional)

Expansion Slot

PC/104 connector: 104-pin connector for a 16-bit bus expansion.

Mechanical and environmental

Power supply voltage: +5V (4.75V to 5.25V)

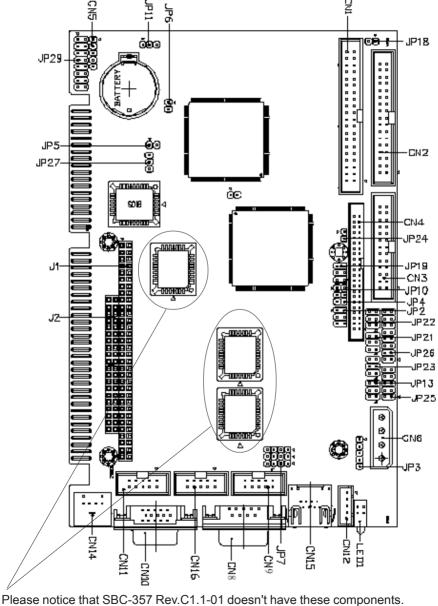
Max. power requirements: +5V @ 2A

Operating temperature: 32 to 140°F (0 to 60°C)

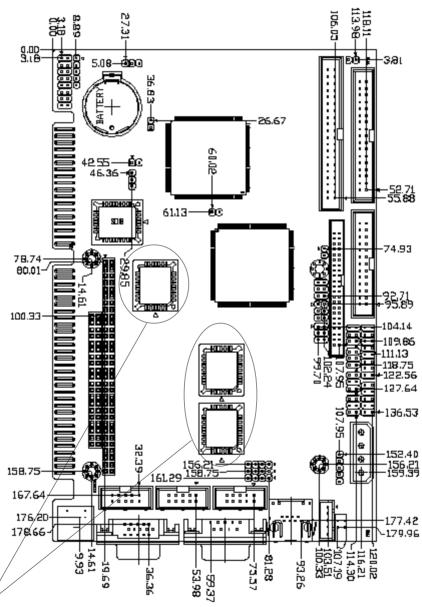
Board Size: 7.3"(L) X 4.8"(W) (185mm x 122mm)

Weight: 0.66 lb. (0.3Kg)

Board Layout



Card Dimensions



Please notice that SBC-357 Rev.C1.1-01 doesn't have these components.

Installation

This chapter describes how to set up the SBC-357 hardware, including instructions on setting jumpers and connecting peripherals, switches, and indicators. Be sure to read all safety precautions before you begin the installation procedure.

Jumpers

The board has a number of jumpers that allow you to configure your system to suit your applications. The table below lists the function of each jumper:

Name	Function
JP2	COM2 RS-232/422/485 selection-1
JP3	Buzzer or external speaker selection
JP4	LCD clock selection
JP5	External SMI option
JP6	Reset Switch
JP7	COM2 RS232/422/485 selection-2
JP10	C&T65545 VGA chip voltage selection
JP11	CMOS status
JP12	VGA chip IRQ option
JP13	COM2 RI/Volt selection
JP18	DOM install selection
JP19	LCD voltage selection
JP21	COM4 RI/Volt selection
JP22	COM3 RI/Volt selection
JP23	COM1 RI/Volt selection
JP24	Backlight Voltage output
JP25	CPLD JTAG pin module
JP26	Flash ROM/SRAM function selection
JP27	SRAM size selection
JP29	Flash ROM memory address and I/O setting

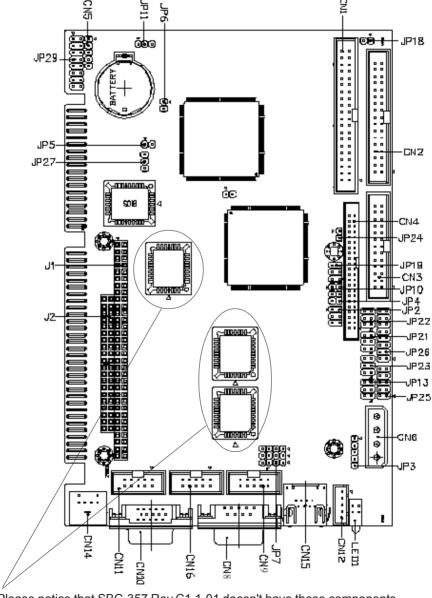
Please notice that SBC-357 Rev.C1.1-01 doesn't have JP25, JP26, JP27, and JP29.

Connectors

Connectors on the board link themselves to external devices, such as hard disk drives, a keyboard, or floppy drives. The table below lists the function of each connector:

Function
IDE connector
Floppy connector
Parallel (printer) port connector
LCD connector
IrDA connector
Power connector
COM2 connector
COM1 connector
CRT/D-Sub 15
COM4 connector
External Keyboard connector (KB only)
PS/2 Mini Din (support Y-Cable)
RJ-45 ethernet phone jack
COM3 connector
PC-104 slot (ISA I/F)

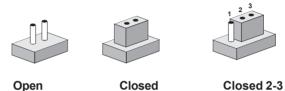
Locating jumpers and connectors



Please notice that SBC-357 Rev.C1.1-01 doesn't have these components.

Setting Jumpers

You can configure your card to match the needs of your application by setting jumpers. A jumper is the simplest electric switch. It consists of two metal pins and a small metal clip (often protected by a plastic cover) that slides over the pins to connect them. To close a jumper you connect the pins with the clip. To open a jumper you remove the clip. Sometimes a jumper will have three pins, labeled 1, 2, and 3. In this case you would connect either pins 1 and 2 or 2 and 3.



The jumper settings are schematically depicted in this manual as follows:



A pair of needle-nose pliers may be helpful when working with jumpers.

If you have any doubts about the best hardware configuration for your application, contact your local distributor or sales representative before you make any changes.

Generally, you simply need a standard cable to make most connections.

Safety Precautions



Warning! Always completely disconnect the power cord from your chassis whenever you are working on it. Do not make connections while the power is on because sensitive electronic components can be damaged by the sudden rush of power. Only experienced electronics personnel should open the PC chassis.



Caution! Always ground yourself to remove any static charge before touching the CPU card. Modern electronic devices are very sensitive to static electric charges. Use a grounding wrist strap at all times. Place all electronic components on a static-dissipative surface or in a static-shielded bag when they are not in the chassis.

COM2 RS-232/422/485 Selection-1 (JP2)

The COM2 serial port can be selected as RS-232, RS-422, or RS-485 by setting JP2. The following chart shows the jumper setting:

COM2 RS-	232/422/485 Selection-1 (JP2)	
RS-232*	2 4 6	
RS-422	2 4 6 ○	
RS-485	2 4 6 ○ ○ 1 □ ○ 1 1 3 5	

^{*} Default

Buzzer / External Speaker Selection (JP3)

Buzzer or External Speaker Selection (JP3)	
Buzzer*	External Speaker
1 2 3 4 5 \(\cap \)	1 2 3 4 5

^{*} Default

LCD Clock Selection (JP4)

LCD Clock Selection (JP4) SHF CLK from C&T65545* **ASHF CLK from SHF CLK** 1 2 3 1 2 3

External SMI Option (JP5)

The user can connect an external switch or jumper cap enabling the SMI (System Management Interrupt) and making the system enter Green function mode

System Management Interrupt Option (JP5) (SMI Mode) \square \bigcirc * Default

Reset Switch (JP6)

You can connect an external switch to easily reset your computer. This switch restarts your computer as if you turned off the power then turned it back on.

Reset Switch (JP6)		
Normal *	Reset	

^{*} Default

^{*} Default

COM2 RS232/422/485 Selection-2 (JP7)

COM2 RS-232	422/485 Selection-2 (JP7)	
RS-232 *	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
RS-422	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
RS-485	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	

^{*} Default

C&T65545 VGA Chip Voltage Selection (JP10)

VGA Chip Voltage Selection (JP10)	
5 Volt.*	3.3 Volt.
1 2 3	1 2 3

^{*} Default

CMOS Status (JP11)

You can connect an external switch to clear the CMOS. This switch closes JP11 and turns on the power, at which time the CMOS setup will be cleaned.

CMOS Status (JP11)	
Normal*	Clear CMOS
1 2 3	1 2 3

^{*} Default

VGA Chip's IRQ Option (JP12)

VGA Chip Occupy IRQ9	IRQ9 Was Released For System*
1 2	1 2
	ПО

COM1/COM2/COM3/COM4 RI/Volt Selection (JP23/JP13/JP22/JP21)

COM1/COM2/COM3/COM4 RI/Volt Selection (JP23/JP13/JP22/JP21)			
12V For RS232	5V For RS232	Normal RI Function*	
2 4 6 • O O	2 4 6 ○ • ○	2 4 6 ○ ○ •	
1 3 5		□ ○ 	

^{*} Default

DOM Install Selection (JP18)

DOM Install Selection (JP18)				
Enable DOM Power Supply	Disable DOM Power Supply*			
1 2	1 2			

^{*} Default

LCD Voltage Select (JP19)

LCD Voltage Select (JP19)					
+3.3V *	+5V				
6 ○ 1 5 e 4 ○ 3 2 ○ □ 1 * default	6 0 5 4 0 3 2 0 1				
+12V *	+5V				
6 ○ 5 4 ○ 3 2 ○ □ 1 * default	6 ○ ○ 5 4				
	+3.3V * e 6 5 3 2 1 1 * default +12V *	+3.3V * +5V e 6 5 5 6 5 4 7 3 2 0 1 2 1 * default +12V * +5V ge 4 3 4 7 3 2 1 1			

Flash ROM Disk & SRAM Installation

In addition to Flash Disk space for user's programming files and data storage, SBC-357 Rev.C1.1 (not SBC-357 Rev.C1.1-01) also supplies 256KB of SRAM to provide more capacity and reliability for your versatile application requirement. And the following content is the installation guide for them:

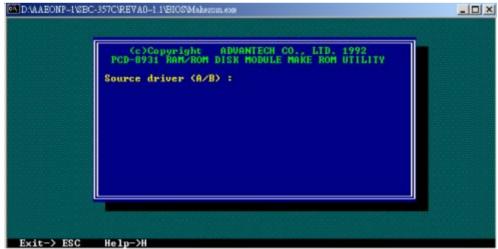
Step1: First, please make sure to close the pin1to pin2 and pin5 to pin6 to disable the function of Flash ROM/SRAM disk.

Step2: Put 3 pieces of Flash IC into the Flash IC socket, U59, U82, and U83.

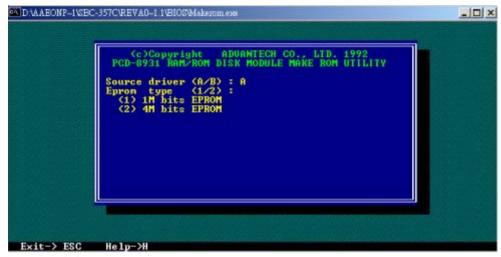
Step3: Then, connect the FDD and HDD.

Step4: Save the files you need in one 1.44MB bootable floppy disk.

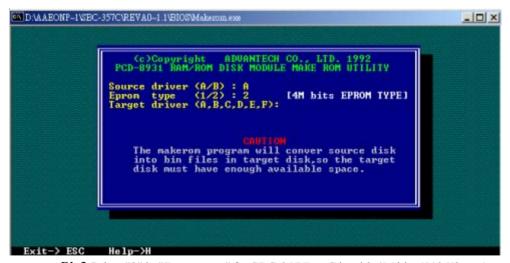
Step5: Boot up the system and enter DOS mode from HDD to perform "makerom.exe", thus producing 3 ROM files shown as Pic1 to Pic5.



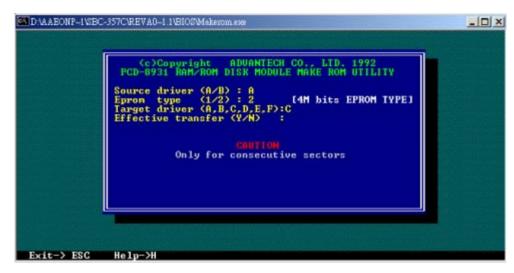
Pic1 Select the source disk drive and insert the floppy you made in Step 4.



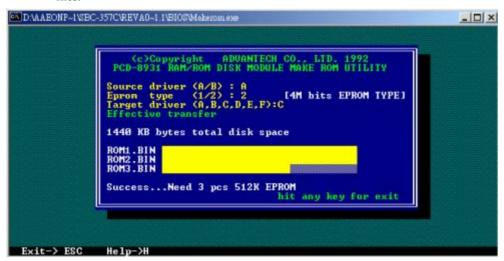
Pic2 Select the source drive A and specify the capacity of Flash ROM.



Pic3 Select "2" in "Eprom type" for SBC-357 Rev.C is with 4M bits (512 Kbytes) on board. And then choose the target disk drive to save the ROM files.



Pic4 Suppose you choose "C" as target disk drive and make sure every step performed correctly0. Then enter "Y" to carry out the process of producing ROM files.



Pic5 It will appear 3 ROM files and show the success message.

Step6: After creating ROM files, go to the location where you saved the ROM files and perform the "Rommaker.exe" to format Flash ROM shown as Pic6.

```
DOS mode
C: VDIR ROM*.BIN
磁碟區 C 中的磁碟是 HDD-1
磁碟區序號: 2772-17E6
       C:\
2002/06/21
          11:06a
                            524.288 ROM1.BIN
2002/06/21
          11:06a
                            524,288 ROM2.BIN
2002/06/21
          11:07a
                            344.064 ROM3.BIN
             3 個林
                           1,392,640 位元組
                      2,284,843,008 位元組可用
C:\>Rommaker 3
```

Pic6 The number "3" after "Rommaker" means there's 3 ROM files. So "Rommaker 2" represents 2 ROM files.

Step7: Shut down the computer and configure the jumper according to the following tables.

	Jumper Cap Short	Jumper Cap Open	
Pin1-Pin2	Disable Flash ROM Disk	Enable Flash ROM Disk	
Pin3-Pin4	Set Flash Rom Disk as Drive A	Set Flash Rom Disk as Drive B	
Pin5-Pin6	Disable SRAM Disk	Enable SRAM Disk	
Pin7-Pin8	Set SRAM Disk as Drive A	Set SRAM Disk as Drive B	
Pin9-Pin10	Set SRAM size as 128K	Set SRAM size as 32K	
Pin11-Pin12	Reserved		
Pin13-Pin14	Reserved		
Pin15-Pin16	Res	erved	

Table1 The jumper setting of JP26. Please follow the setting in gray background. And the next table shows you the default setting when you get the board.

	Jumper Short	Jumper Open	
Pinl-Pin2	Disable Flash ROM Disk	Enable Flash ROM Disk	
Pin3-Pin4	Set Flash Rom Disk as Drive A	Set Flash Rom Disk as Drive B	
Pin5-Pin6	Disable SRAM Disk	Enable SRAM Disk	
Pin7-Pin8	Set SRAM Disk as Drive A	Set SRAM Disk as Drive B	
Pin9-Pin10	Set SRAM size as 128K	Set SRAM size as 32K	
Pinl 1-Pinl2	Reserved		
Pinl3-Pinl4	Reserved		
Pinl 5-Pinl 6	Res	erved	

Table2 The default jumper setting of JP26 when you get the board.

Caution:

If you want to configure the size of SRAM, you will need to set the pin 9-10 of JP26 as Table1 and set JP27 as below.

JP27	SRAM Size Selection (Voltage)
Pin1-2 Short *	128K*8 bir SRAM
Pin2-3 Short	32K*8 SRAM

^{*} Default

Although the size of SRAM is defined as 360KB in BIOS, the actual size of SRAM onboard is 256KB (2x128KB). So if the files you save exceed 256KB, they couldn't be saved and read.

Pin1-Pin2	Pin3-Pin4	Flash ROM Memory Address
Short	Short	D8000~D9FFF
Short	Open	DC000 ~ DDFFF
Open	Short	D0000 ~ D1FFF
Open	Open	Reserved

Table3 The jumper setting of JP29 for Flash ROM Memory Address. The setting in grey background is the default.

Pin5-Pin6	Pin7-Pin8	Flash ROM IO Base
Short	Short	22C & 22D
Short	Open	26C & 26D
Open	Short	2AC & 2AD
Open	Open	2DC & 2DD

Table4 The jumper setting of JP29 for Flash ROM IO Base. The setting in grey background is the default.

Note: The function of JP29's other pins is "reserved".

Step8: Power on the computer and press "Delete" on the keyboard to enter the setting of BIOS. And the following is an example for configuration:

1. Enter "Standard CMOS Setup".

Next, set Floppy Drive A as "1.44MB, 3.5 in."

Then set Floppy Drive B as "360KB, 5.25 in."

Note: Please remove the FDD from the floppy connector and follow the instructions above to set Flah ROM Disk as "Floopy Drive A" and SRAM as "Floopy Drive B" Moreover, please make sure the jumper setting of JP26 matches the configuration in BIOS, or it will cause "CMOS Checksum error" and the lost of data in CMOS.

Configuration in BIOS
Enable Flash ROM Disk(1.44MB)
Set Flash ROM Disk as Drive A
Enable SRAM Disk(360KB)
Set SRAM Disk as Drive B
Set the size of SRAM as 128K

2. Enter "Advanced CMOS Setup" to decide each drive's boot up sequence.

Step9: At last, enter DOS mode to perform "Format SRAM disk" after reboot the system.

IDE hard drive connector (CN1)

You can attach two Enhanced Integrated Device Electronics hard disk drives to the SBC-357's internal controller. The card comes with a 40-pin flat piggyback cable. This cable has three identical 40-pin flat-cable connectors.

Connecting the hard drive

Wire number 1 on the cable is red or blue, and the other wires are gray.

- 1. Connect one end of the cable to the IDE connector. Make sure that the red (or blue) wire corresponds to pin 1 on the connector, which is labeled on the board (on the right side).
- 2. Plug the other end of the cable to the Enhanced IDE hard drive, with pin 1 on the cable corresponding to pin 1 on the hard drive. See your hard drive's documentation for the location of the connector.

Unlike floppy drives, you can make the connections with any of the connectors on the cable. If you install two drives, you will need to set one as the master and one as the slave. You do this using jumpers on the drives. If you install just one drive, set it as the master.

Pin assignments

The following table lists the pin numbers and their respective signals:

IDE Connector (CN1)			
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	Reset	2	GND
3	D7	4	D8
5	D6	6	D9
7	D5	8	D10
9	D4	10	D11
11	D3	12	D12
13	D2	14	D13
15	D1	16	D14
17	D0	18	D15
19	GND	20	N.C.
21	N.C.	22	GND
23	IOW	24	GND
25	IOR	26	GND
27	IORDY	28	BALE
29	N.C.	30	GND
31	IRQ 14	32	-I/O CS16
33	A1	34	N.C.
35	A0	36	A2
37	CS0	38	CS1
39	-ACT	40	GND

Floppy drive connector (CN2)

You can attach up to two floppy disks to the SBC-357's onboard controller. You can use any combination of 5 1/4" (360 KB and 1.2 MB) and/or 3 1/2" (720 KB, 1.44 MB, and 2.88 MB) drives.

The SBC-357 CPU card comes with a 34-pin daisy-chain drive connector cable. On one end of the cable is a 34-pin flat-cable connector. There are two sets of floppy disk drive connectors, one in the middle, and one on the other end. Each set consists of a 34-pin flat-cable connector (usually used for 3.5" drives) and a printed-circuit board connector (usually used for 5.25" drives).

Connecting the floppy drive

- 1. Plug the 34-pin flat-cable connector into the CN2 connector.
- 2. Attach the appropriate connector on the other end of the cable to the floppy drive(s). You can use only one connector in the set. The set on the end (after the twist in the cable) connects to the A: drive. The set in the middle connects to the B: drive.

Pin assignments

The following table lists the pin assignments for the CN2 connector:

Floppy drive connector (CN2)			
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1~33 (odd)	GND	2	High density
4, 6	Unused	8	Index
10	Motor enable A	12	Driver select B
14	Driver select A	16	Motor enable B
18	Direction	20	Step pulse
22	Write data	24	Write enable
26	Track 0	28	Write protect
30	Read data	32	Select head
34	Disk change		

Parallel (printer) connector (CN3)

Normally, the parallel port is used to connect the card to a printer. The SBC-357 includes an onboard parallel port, accessed through the CN3 connector, a 26-pin flat-cable connector. The CPU card comes with an adapter cable, which lets you use a traditional DB-25 connector. The cable has a 26-pin connector on one end and a DB-25 connector on the other, mounted on a retaining bracket.

Installing the retaining bracket

The retaining bracket installs at an empty slot in your system's chassis. It provides an external port that gives your parallel peripheral access to the card's parallel port connector.

- 1. Find an empty slot in your chassis.
- 2. Unscrew the plate that covers the end of the slot.
- 3. Screw in the bracket in place of the plate.
- 4. Next, attach the flat-cable connector to the CN3 connector. Wire 1 of the cable is red or blue, and the other wires are gray. Make sure that Wire 1 connects to Pin 1 of the CN3 connector. Pin 1 is on the right side of the CN3 connector.

Pin assignments

Parallel (printer) Connector (CN3)			
Signal	Pin	Signal	
Strobe	2	Data 0	
Data 1	4	Data 2	
Data 3	6	Data 4	
Data 5	8	Data 6	
Data 7	10	-Acknowledge	
Busy	12	Paper empty	
+Select	14	-Auto feed	
-Error	16	-Init printer	
-Select input	18~25	GND	
	Signal Strobe Data 1 Data 3 Data 5 Data 7 Busy +Select -Error	Signal Pin Strobe 2 Data 1 4 Data 3 6 Data 5 8 Data 7 10 Busy 12 +Select 14 -Error 16	

Display connectors (CN10, CN4)

The SBC-357 CPU card's SVGA connector (CN10) supports monochrome displays as well as high resolution color displays. The card also features an LCD connector (CN4), which allows you to connect various flat panel displays. The following table lists their pin assignments:

SVGA co	nnector (CN10)
Pin	Signal
1	Red video
2	Green video
3	Blue video
4	Not used
5	GND
6	Red return (GND)
7	Green return (GND)
8	Blue return (GND)
9	Key (no pin)
10	Sync return (GND)
11	Monitor ID (not used)
12	Monitor ID
13	Horizontal sync
14	Vertical sync
15	Not used

LCD connector (CN4)			
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	+12 V _{DC}	2	+12 V _{DC}
3	GND	4	GND
5	+5 V _{DC}	6	+5 V _{DC}
7	ENA VEE	8	GND
9	P0	10	P1
11	P2	12	P3
13	P4	14	P5
15	P6	16	P7
17	P8	18	P9
19	P10	20	P11
21	P12	22	P13
23	P14	24	P15
25	P16	26	P17
27	P18	28	P19
29	P20	30	P21
31	P22	32	P23
33	GND	34	GND
35	SHIFT CLK	36	FLM
37	M	38	LATCH CL/C
39	GND	40	ENABKL
41	N.C.	42	N.C.
43	N.C.	44	N.C.

Reserved IR connector (CN5)

IR connector (CN5)		
Pin	Function	
5	IR_TX	
4	GND	
3	IR_RX	
2	FIR_RX	
1	Vcc	

Power connector (CN6)

In single board computer (non-passive backplane) applications, you will need to connect the power directly to the SBC-357 board using CN6. This connector is fully compatible with the standard PC power supply connectors. See the following table for its pin assignments:

Power port connector (CN6)		
Pin	Signal	
1	+5 V _{DC}	
2	GND	
3	GND	
4	+12 V _{DC}	

Serial port connectors (CN8, CN9, CN11, CN16)

The SBC-357 offers three RS-232 serial ports, and one RS-232/422/ 485 serial port. You can select or disable the address for each port with the BIOS Peripheral Setup program.

The card mounting bracket holds COM1(CN9), the DB-9 serial port connector for the first port. The COM port connectors on the SBC-357 board are CN8 (COM2), CN16 (COM3), CN11 (COM4). The COM2 can be assigned as RS-232 I/F or RS-422/485 I/F.

Pin	RS-232	RS-422/485	Pin	RS-232	RS-422/485
1	DCD	422TXD- (485TXD-)	2	RX	422TXD+ (485TXD+)
3	TX	422RXD+	4	DTR	422RXD-
5	GND	NC	6	DSR	NC
7	RTS	NC	8	CTS	NC
9	RI	NC	10	NC	NC

KB and PS/2 mouse connectors (CN12, CN14)

The SBC-357 board provides two keyboard and one PS/2 mouse connectors. A 5-pin connector (CN9) supports passive backplane applications. A second 6-pin mini-DIN keyboard and PS/2 mouse connector (CN12) on the card mounting bracket supports single board computer applications.

Keyboard connector (CN12)		
Pin	Function	
1	K.B. clock	
2	K.B. data	
3	N.C.	
4	GND	
5	+5 V _{DC}	

KB & PS/2 mouse connector (CN14)		
Pin	Function	
1	K.B. data	
2	PS/2 mouse data	
3	GND	
4	+5 V _{DC}	
5	K.B. clock	
6	PS/2 mouse clock	

AMIBIOS Setup

This chapter describes how to set the BIOS configuration data.

General information

AMIBIOS Setup configures system information that is stored in CMOS RAM

Starting AMIBIOS setup

As POST executes, the following appears;

Hit if you want to run SETUP Press to run AMIBIOS setup.

AMIBIOS main menu

The AMIBIOS setup screen appears as follows:

AMIBIOS SETUP - BIOS SETUP UTILITIES (C) 1995 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved

> Standard CMOS Setup Advanced CMOS Setup Advanced Chipset Setup Power Management Setup Peripheral Setup Change User Password Change Supervisor Password Change Language Setting Auto Configuration with Optimal Settings Auto Configuration with Fail Safe Settings Save Settings and Exit Exit Without Saving

Using a mouse with AMIBIOS setup

AMIBIOS Setup can be accessed via keyboard, mouse. The mouse click functions are:

- single click to change or select both global and current fields
- double click to perform an operation in the selected field

Using the keyboard with AMIBIOS setup

AMIBIOS Setup has a built-in keyboard driver that uses simple keystroke combinations:

Keystroke	Function
<tab></tab>	Move to the next window or field.
→, ←, ↑, ↓	Move to the next field to the right,
	left, above, or below.
<enter></enter>	Select the current field.
+	Increments a value.
-	Decrements a value.
<esc></esc>	Close the current operation and return to
	the previous level.
<pgup></pgup>	Return to the previous page.
<pgdn></pgdn>	Advance to the next page.
<home> Return</home>	to the beginning of the text.
<end></end>	Advance to the end of the text.
<alt>+H</alt>	Access a help window.
<alt>+<spacebar></spacebar></alt>	Exit AMIBIOS Setup.
Alphabetic keys	A to Z are used in the Virtual keyboard, and
	are not case sensitive.
Numeric keys	0 to 9 are in the Virtual keyboard and
	Numeric keypad.

Standard CMOS setup

The AMIBIOS Setup options described in this section are selected by choosing the Standard CMOS Setup from the AMIBIOS Setup main menu selection screen, as shown below.

AMIBIOS SETUP — BIOS SETUP UTILITIES
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Standard CMOS Setup

Advanced CMOS Setup
Advanced Chipset Setup
Power Management Setup
Peripheral Setup
Change User Password
Change Supervisor Password
Change Language Setting
Auto Configuration with Optimal Settings
Auto Configuration with Fail Safe Settings
Save Settings and Exit
Exit Without Saving

Standard CMOS setup for changing time, date, hard disk type, etc. ESC: Exit ↓↑:Sel F2/F3: Color F10: Save & Exit

Press enter, the Standard CMOS Setup screen appears:

(C) 1995 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved

Date (mm/dd/yyyy): Wed Sep 10, 1998
Time (hh/mm/ss): 12: 19: 46

Floppy Drive A: 1.44 MB 3½
Floppy Drive B: Not Installed

AMIBIOS SETUP - STANDARD CMOS SETUP

| Type | Size | Cyln | Head | WPcom | Set | LBA | Blk | PIO | 32Bit | Mode | Mo

Boot Sector Virus Protection Disabled

 Month:
 Jan - Dec
 Esc: Exit
 ↓↑: Sel

 Day:
 01-31
 PgUp/PgDn: Modify

 Year:
 1901 -2099
 F2/F3: Color

Date and Time Configuration

Select the Date and Time icon in the Standard CMOS setup. The current values for each category are displayed. Enter new values through the keyboard or hit the "+" or "-" key to change values.

Floppy A, Floppy B

Select the appropriate specifications to configure the type of floppy drive that is attached to the system: 360 KB 5¹/₄", 1.2 MB $5\frac{1}{4}$ ", 720 KB $3\frac{1}{2}$ ", and/or 1.44 MB $3\frac{1}{2}$ ". The settings have not been pre-installed.

Master Disk, Slave Disk

Select the appropriate values to configure the hard disk type you are using for the master and the slave. Available types are $1\sim46$, USER, AUTO, Not Installed, and CDROM. The settings have not been preinstalled.

Boot Sector Virus Protection

Enabling this option allows the system to issue a warning when any program (or virus) issues a disk format command or attempts to write to the boot sector of the hard disk drive. Further confirmation is required before accessing this particular section of the hard disk drive

Advanced CMOS setup

Select the Advanced CMOS Setup icon from the AMIBIOS Setup main menu to enter Advanced CMOS setup.

The "Advanced CMOS Setup" options described in this section are the standard options as shown on the following screen.

AMIBIOS SETUP - BIOS SETUP UTILITIES (C) 1995 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved Standard CMOS Setup Advanced CMOS Setup Advanced Chipset Setup Power Management Setup Peripheral Setup Change User Password Change Supervisor Password Change Language Setting Auto Configuration with Optimal Settings Auto Configuration with Fail Safe Settings Save Settings and Exit Exit Without Saving Standard CMOS setup for changing time, date, hard disk type, etc. ESC: Exit ↓↑:Sel F2/F3: Color F10: Save & Exit

Press enter, the Advanced CMOS Setup screen appears:

Ouick Boot

Set this option to *Enabled* to instruct AMIBIOS to boot guickly when the computer is powered on. This option replaces the old "Above 1 MB Memory Test" Advanced Setup option.

Setting	Description
Disabled AMIBIO	OS tests all system memory. AMIBIOS waits up to 40 seconds for a READY signal from the IDE hard disk drive. AMIBIOS waits for .5 seconds after sending a RESET signal to the IDE drive to allow the IDE drive time to get ready again. AMIBIOS checks for a key press and runs AMIBIOS Setup if the key has been pressed.
Enabled	AMIBIOS does not test system memory above 1 MB. AMIBIOS does not wait up to 40 seconds for a READY signal from the IDE hard disk drive. If a READY signal is not received immediately from the IDE drive, AMIBIOS does not configure that drive. AMIBIOS does not wait for .5 seconds after sending a RESET signal to the IDE drive to allow the IDE drive time to get ready again. You cannot run AMIBIOS Setup at system boot, because there is no delay for the <i>Hit to run Setup</i> message.

Boot Up Num Lock

Set this option to *Off* to turn the Num Lock key off when the computer is booted so you can use the arrow keys on both the numeric keypad and the keyboard. The settings are *On* or *Off*. The default setting is *On*.

Boot Up Sequence

This option sets the sequence of boot drives (floppy drive A:, or hard disk drive C:) that the AMIBIOS attempts to boot from after AMIBIOS POST completes. The settings are C:,A:,CDROM, CDROM, A:, C:, or A:, C:, CDROM. The default setting is A:, C:, CDROM.

Floppy Drive Swap

Set this option to *Enabled* to permit drives A: or B: to be swapped. The settings are *Enabled* or *Disabled*. The default setting is *Disabled*.

Mouse Support

When this option is set to *Enabled*, AMIBIOS supports a PS/2-type mouse. The settings are *Enabled* or *Disabled*. The default setting is *Enabled*.

System Keyboard

This option specifies that a keyboard is attached to the computer. The settings are *Present* or *Absent*. The default setting is *Present*

Primary Display

This option specifies the type of display monitor and adapter in the computer. The settings are *Mono*, *CGA40x25*, *CGA80x25*, *VGA/EGA*, or *Absent*. The default setting is *EGA/VGA*.

Display Device

This option allows user to select the display device. The settings are *CRT*, *LCD*, and *Both*. The default setting is *Both*.

LCD type

This option allows the user to select the LCD type.

The SBC357 supports the following LCD types:

Brand	Model name	Format	SBC-357
name	Woder Harrie	Torride	050 007
Sharp	640x480 16bit Color DSTN TFT	LM64C08P	YES
Sharp	640x480 8bit Dual-Scan Mono STN	LM64P11	YES
Sharp	640x480 8bit Dual-Scan EL	LJ64H052	YES
Sharp	640x480 18bit Color TFT 1	LQ10D41	YES
NEC	640x480 12bit Color TFT	NL6448AC30-10	YES
NEC	640x480 18bit Color TFT 2	NL6448AC33-18	YES
NEC	800x600 18bit Color TFT	NL8060AC26-11	YES
NEC	640x480 4 bit PLASMA	PG6404SORM16-3	YES

Password Check

This option enables password checking every time the computer is powered on or every time AMIBIOS Setup is executed. If Always is chosen, a user password prompt appears every time the computer is turned on. If Setup is chosen, the password prompt appears as AMIBIOS is executed. The default is *Setup*.

OS/2 Compatible Mode

Set this option to *Enabled* to permit AMIBIOS to run with IBM OS/2. The settings are *Enabled* or *Disabled*. The default setting is Disabled.

Wait for F1 if Error:

AMIBIOS POST error messages are followed by:

Press <F1> to continue

If this option is set to *Disabled*, AMIBIOS does not wait for you to press the <F1> key after an error message. The setting is *Enabled* or *Disabled*. The default setting is *Enabled*.

System BIOS cacheable

When this option is set to *Enabled*, the contents of the F0000h system memory segment can be read from or written to L2 cache memory. The contents of the F0000h memory segment are always copied from the BIOS ROM to system RAM for faster execution

The settings are *Enabled* or *Disabled*. The default setting is *Disabled*.

Hard Disk Delay

This option allows you to select the hard disk delay time from 5 sec to 15 sec. The default setting is *Disabled*.

ROM Location Setting

C000, 32K Shadow	C800, 32K Shadow
D000, 32K Shadow	D800, 32K Shadow
E000, 32K Shadow	E800, 32K Shadow

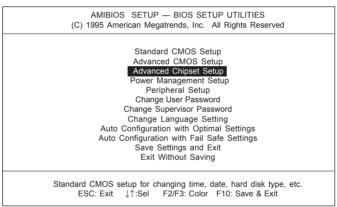
These options control the location of the contents of the 16KB of ROM beginning at the specified memory location. If no adapter ROM is using the named ROM area, this area is made available to the local bus. The settings are:

Setting	Description
Shadow	The contents of C0000h - C3FFFh are written to the same address in system memory (RAM) for faster execution.
Enabled	If an adapter ROM will be using the named ROM area, ROM area are written to the same address in system memory (RAM) for faster execution. Also, the contents of the RAM area can be read from and written to cache memory.
Disabled	The video ROM is not copied to RAM. The contents of the video ROM cannot be read from or written to cache memory.

Advanced chipset setup

Select the Advanced Chipset Setup from the AMIBIOS Setup main menu to enter the Chipset Setup. The following configurations are based on the manufacturer's default settings.

This section allows you to configure the system based on the specific features of the installed chipset. This chipset manages bus speeds and access to system memory resources, such as DRAM and the external cache. It also coordinates communications between the conventional ISA bus and the PCI bus. It must be stated that these items should never need to be altered. The default settings have been chosen, because they provide the best operating conditions for your system.



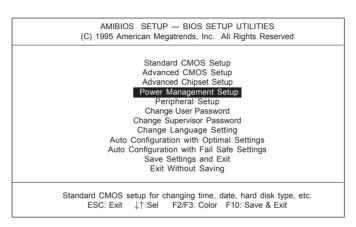
AMIBIOS SETUP — ADVANCED CHIPSET SETUP (C) 1995 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved		
AT Bus Clock DRAM Refresh Type DRAM Self-Refresh Slow Refresh RAS Precharge time RAS Active Time Insert wait CAS Precharge Time Insert Wait Memory Write Insert Wait Memory Miss Read Insert Wait ISA I/O High Speed ISA Memory High Speed ISA Write cycle end Insert Wait Memory Hole at 15-16M I/O Recovery	:14. 318/2 :RAS only :Disable :15 us :2.5T :Enabled :Enabled :Disabled :Disabled :Disabled :Disabled :Enabled :Disabled :Enabled :Enabled	
I/O Recovery Period 16Bit ISA Insert Wait	:0.50 us :Enabled	

Chipset setup options	
Function	option
At Bus Clock	14.318/2
	PCLK 2/3
	PCLK 2/4
	PCLK 2/5
	PCLK 2/6
	PCLK 2/8
	PCLK 2/10
	PCLK 2/12
DRAM Refresh Type	CAS/RAS
-	RAS only
DRAM Self-Refresh	Disabled
	Enabled
Slow Refresh	15 µs
	60 µs
	120 µs
RAS Precharge Time	2.5T
	1.5T
	3.5T
RAS Active Time Insert Wait	Disabled
	Enabled
CAS Precharge Time Insert Wait	Disabled
	Enabled
Memory Write Insert Wait	Disabled
	Enabled
Memory Miss Read Insert Wait	Disabled
	Enabled
ISA I/O High Speed	Disabled
	Enabled
ISA memory High Speed	Disabled
	Enabled
ISA Write Cycle and Insert Wait	Disabled
•	Enabled

Enabled	Memory Hole At 15-16M	Disabled
Disabled	•	Enabled
0.25 μs 0.50 μs 0.75 μs 1.00 μs 1.25 μs 1.50 μs 1.75 μs 2.00 μs 2.25 μs 2.50 μs 2.75 μs 3.00 μs 3.25 μs 3.50 μs	I/O Recovery	
3.50 μs 16 Bit ISA Insert Wait Enabled	I/O Recovery Peried	0.25 µs 0.50 µs 0.75 µs 1.00 µs 1.25 µs 1.50 µs 1.75 µs 2.00 µs 2.25 µs 2.50 µs 2.75 µs 3.00 µs
Disabled	16 Bit ISA Insert Wait	Enabled Disabled

Power management setup

The Power management setup offers options to help reduce power consumption. To see the options in this group, choose the Power management setup icon from the AMIBIOS setup main menu.



AMIBIOS SETUP — ADVANCED CHIPSET SETUP (C) 1995 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved		
Power Management Mode	:Disabled	Available Options:
Clock down in Doze	:Disabled	Disabled
Doze Mode Timeout	:Disabled	SMI
Standby Mode Timeout	:Disabled	
Suspend Mode Timeout	:Disabled	
Power Down HDD in	:Disabled	
Power Down VGA in	:Disabled	
VGA Power Down Mode	:Normal	
Monitor DRQs	:Disabled	
DRQ 0 Event	:Disabled	
DRQ 1 Event	:Disabled	
DRQ 2 Event	:Disabled	
DRQ 3 Event	:Disabled	
DRQ 5 Event	:Disabled	
DRQ 6 Event	:Disabled	
DRQ 7 Event	:Disabled	
Monitor FDD	:Disabled	
Monitor COM	:Disabled	ESC: Exit ↓↑:Sel
Monitor LPT	:Disabled	PgUp/PgDn: Modify
Monitor IRQs	:Disabled	F2/F3: Color

Power management mode

Power management lets you set up your computer to save electricity when it is not actively in use by putting the system into progressively greater power saving modes. In the power management scheme there are four system states which proceed in the following sequence:

Disabled → SMI

There are two selections for Power Management (Mode):

Disabled Turns off PM

SMI Maximized power saving by activating

maximum power saving settings after one

minute of system inactivity.

With the exception of *Disabled*, SMI selections have "fixed-mode" settings. Therefore, when PM is set to *Disabled*, some items which are predefined will become unmodifiable.

Power down HDD in

When enabled and after the selected time of system inactivity, the hard disk drive will be powered down while all other devices will remain active.

Doze mode timeout

This sets the period of system inactivity after which the system goes into *Doze* mode, the most limited power saving state. The settings range from 10 seconds to 2 hours and can be set manually when power management is in *SMI*. The default setting is *Disabled*. When the system goes into power saving mode, power management will skip to the next mode in the sequence if this is disabled.

Standby mode timeout

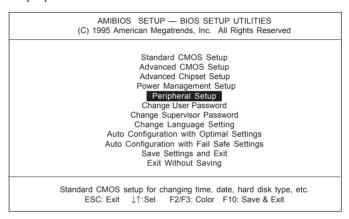
This sets the period of system inactivity after which the system goes into Standby mode, the intermediate power saving state. The settings range from 10 seconds to 2 hours and can be set manually when power management is in SMI. The default setting is *Disabled*. When the system goes into power saving mode, power management will skip to the next mode in the sequence if this is disabled

Suspend mode timeout

This sets the period of system inactivity after which the system goes into Suspend mode, the maximum power saving state. The settings range from 10 seconds to 2 hours and can be set manually when power management is in SMI. The default setting is Disabled. When the system goes into power saving mode, power management will skip to the next mode in the sequence if this is disabled

Peripheral Setup

Peripheral Setup options are displayed by choosing the Peripheral Setup icon from the AMIBIOS Setup main menu. All Peripheral Setup options are described in this section:



AMIBIOS SETUP — PERIPHERAL SETUP (C) 1995 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved		
Onboard IDE	:Enabled	Available Options:
Onboard FDC	:Enabled	Disabled
Onboard Parallel Port	:378	Enabled
Parallel Port Mode	:SPP	
ECP DMA	:DMA3	
Parallel Port IRQ	:IRQ7	
Onboard Serial Port 1	:3F8	
Onboard Serial Port 1 RQ	:4	
Onboard Serial Port 2	:2F8	
Onboard Serial Port 2 IRQ	:3	
Onboard Serial Port 3	:3E8h	
Onboard Serial Port 3 IRQ	:IRQ-A	ESC: Exit ↓↑ :Sel
Onboard Serial Port 4	:2E8h	PgUp/PgDn: Modify
Onboard Serial Port 4 IRQ	:IRQ_B	F2/F3: Color

Onboard IDE

This option specifies the onboard IDE controller channels that will be used. The settings are *Disabled or Enabled*.

Onboard FDC

This option enables the floppy drive controller on the mother-board. The settings are *Enabled*, or *Disabled*.

Onboard Parallel Port

This option enables the parallel port on the motherboard and specifies the parallel port base I/O port address. The settings are Disabled, 278, 378, and 3BC. The default setting is Enabled.

Parallel Port Mode

This option specifies the parallel port mode. ECP and EPP are both bidirectional data transfer sechemes that adhere to the IEEE P1284 specification. The settings are:

Setting	Description
Normal	The normal parallel port mode is used. This is the default setting.
EPP	The parallel port can be used with devices that adhere to the Enhanced Parallel Port (EPP) specification. EPP uses the existing parallel port signals to provide asymmetric bidirectional data transfer driven by the host device.
ECP	The parallel port can be used with devices that adhere to the Extended Capabilities Port (ECP) specification. ECP uses the DMA protocol to achieve transfer rates of approximately 2.5 Mbs. ECP provides symmetric bidirectional communications.

ECP DMA

This option is setting for the **Parallel Port Mode**.

The settings are DMA, CH (channel) 0, DMA CH 1, DMA CH2, or DMA CH3.

Parallel Port IRO

IRQ7 is used for the Parallel Port (LPT 1). The IRQ can be changed to IRQ5.

Onboard Serial Port 1/2/3/4

This option enables serial port 1 on the motherboard and specifies the base I/O port address for serial port 1~4.

The settings are *Disabled*, 3F8h, 3E8h, 2E8h, and 2F8h.

Change supervisor password

- 1) Select this option from the main menu
- 2) Enter the Password and Press <Enter>
- 3) Retype the Password and Press <Enter>

If you forget the password, please contact your distributor for another password which you can use to enter the AMIBIOS setup and change your own password.

AMIBIOS SETUP — BIOS SETUP UTILITIES (C) 1995 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved

Standard CMOS Setup Advanced CMOS Setup dvanced Chipset Setu Power Management Setup Peripheral Setup Change User Password

Change Supervisor Password Change Language Setting

Auto Configuration with Optimal Settings Auto Configuration with Fail Safe Settings Save Settings and Exit Exit Without Saving

configuration with optimal Auto settings

You can load the optimal default settings for the AMIBOIS setup options by selecting it from the main menu. The optimal default settings are best case values that should optimize system performance. If CMOS RAM is corrupted, the optimal settings are loaded automatically.

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> > Standard CMOS Setup Advanced CMOS Setup Advanced Chipset Setup Power Management Setup Peripheral Setup Change User Password Change Supervisor Password Change Language Setting

Auto Configuration with Optimal Settings Auto Configuration with Fail Safe Settings Save Settings and Exit Exit Without Saving

Auto configuration with fail safe settings

You can load the Fail Safe settings for the AMIBOIS setup options by selecting it from the main menu. The Fail Safe settings provide the most stable settings, though they may not provide optimal performance. Use this option as a diagnostic aid if the system is behaving erratically.

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Standard CMOS Setup
Advanced CMOS Setup
Advanced Chipset Setup
Power Management Setup
Peripheral Setup
Change User Password
Change Supervisor Password
Change Language Setting
Auto Configuration with Optimal Settings

Auto Configuration with Fail Safe Settings
Save Settings and Exit
Exit Without Saving

Save settings exit and

If you select this option and press <Enter>, the values entered in the setup utilities will be recorded in the chipset's CMOS memory. The microprocessor will check this every time you turn your system on and compare this to what it finds as it checks the system. This record is required for the system to operate.

> AMIBIOS SETUP - BIOS SETUP UTILITIES (C) 1995 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved

> > Standard CMOS Setup Advanced CMOS Setup Advanced Chipset Setup Power Management Setup Peripheral Setup Change User Password Change Supervisor Password Change Language Setting Auto Configuration with Optimal Settings Auto Configuration with Fail Safe Settings Save Settings and Exit

Exit Without Saving

Exit without saving

Selecting this option and pressing <Enter> lets you exit the Setup program, without recording any new values or changing old ones.

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Standard CMOS Setup
Advanced CMOS Setup
Advanced Chipset Setup
Power Management Setup
Peripheral Setup
Change User Password
Change Supervisor Password
Change Language Setting
Auto Configuration with Optimal Settings
Auto Configuration with Fail Safe Settings
Save Settings and Exit
Exit Without Saving

Driver Installation

This chapter provides instructions for installing and operating the software drivers on the included display driver diskette.

Windows 3.1

These drivers are designed to work with Microsoft Windows Version 3.1. You may install these drivers either through Windows or in DOS

Driver installation - Windows Setup

- 1. Install Windows as you normally would for a VGA display. Run Windows to make sure that it is working correctly.
- 2. Place the *Supporting CD-ROM* into your CD-ROM drive. In the Windows Program Manager, choose *File* from the Options Menu. Then from the pull-down menu, choose *Run*. At the Command Line prompt, type

cd-rom drive: \CD ROM\vga driver \Oemsetup.inf.

"cd-rom": the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive

Press the <ENTER> key or click OK to begin the installation. At this point the setup program locates the directory where Windows is installed. For proper operation, the drivers must be installed in the Windows subdirectory.

3. Press <ENTER> to complete the installation. Once completed, the Display Driver Control Panel appears on the screen. You can find the ChipCPL under the Control Panel. The icon allows you to select and load the installed drivers.

Changing Display Drivers from Windows

To change display drivers from Windows, select the *Windows Setup* icon from the *Main* window. You will be shown the current setup configuration. Select *Change System Settings* from the *Option* menu. Click on the arrow at the end of the *Display* line. You will be shown a list of display drivers. Click on the driver you want to select. Then click on the *OK* button. Follow the directions to complete the setup.

Changing Color Schemes

After you change display drivers, you may notice that the color scheme used by Windows looks strange. This is because different drivers have different default colors. You can correct this by choosing the same color scheme or a new color scheme. First select the *Control Panel* from the *Main* window. Select the *Color* icon. You will be shown the current color scheme. Choose a new color scheme and click the *OK* button.

DOS

Driver installation - DOS Setup

- Install Windows as you normally would for a VGA display. Run Windows to make sure that it is working correctly. Then exit from Windows.
- Place the Supporting CD-ROM into yur CD-ROM drive. Type cd-rom drive:
 - <ENTER> to make this the default drive.
- 3. Type "\CD ROM\vga driver\setup"
 - <ENTER> to run the driver SETUP program. Press any key to get to the applications list.
 - "cd-rom": the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive
- 4. Using the arrow keys, select *Windows Version 3.1* and press the <ENTER> key. Press the <ENTER> key to select *All Resolutions*, then press <END> to begin the installation.
- At this point you will be asked for the path to your Windows System directory (default C:\WINDOWS). When the installation is complete, press any key to continue. Press <ESC> followed by Y to exit to DOS.
- Change to the directory where you installed Windows (usually C:\WINDOWS).
- 7. Type SETUP <ENTER> to run the Windows Setup program. It

- will show the current Windows configuration. Use the up arrow key to move to the *Display* line and press <ENTER>.
- 8. A list of display drivers will be shown. Use the arrow keys to select one of the drivers starting with an asterisk (*) and press <FNTER>
- Follow the directions on the screen to complete the setup. In most cases, you may press <ENTER> to accept the suggested option.

Start Windows with the new display driver.

Changing Display Drivers from DOS

To change display drivers from DOS, change to the Windows directory and run Setup, repeating steps 4 and 5 from the previous page. Besides the special display drivers marked by an asterisk (*), you should be able to use the following standard drivers:

VGA 640 x 480, 16 colors Super VGA 800 x 600, 16 colors

Panning Drivers

Special panning drivers are provided to allow high-resolution modes to be displayed on a flat panel or CRT. These drivers will show a section of a larger screen, and will automatically pan or scroll the screen horizontally and vertically when the mouse reaches the edge of the display.

SOFTWARE UTILITIES

This chapter describes the operation and installation of the display drivers supplied on the *Supporting CD-ROM* that are shipped with your product.

CHIPSCPL.

The CHIPSCPL utility program

This utility program is designed to work with Microsoft® Windows™ Version 3.1.

Installing the utility

CHIPSCPL.CPL is a WindowsTM based utility to select resolutions and color depth. It is a Control Panel Applet with its own icon that is automatically installed when installing the CHIPS WindowsTM 3.1 linear drivers. The **Control Panel** icon is in the *Main* WindowsTM group. To invoke the control panel applet, simply-double click on the icon. The driver resolution and color depth take effect only after Windows is reported with the new driver

How to use the utility

SCREEN SIZE <ALT S> allows you to select from the following resolutions:

- 640 x 480
- 800 x 600
- 1024 x 786
- 1280 x 1024

If you select the resoution first, the allowable color depth choices will automatically be shown.

COLOR <ALT O> allows you to select the number of colors from the following:

- 16 (4 bits per pixel)
- 256 (8 bpp)
- 32K (15 bpp)
- 64K (16 bpp)
- 16M (24 bpp)

If you select color depth first, the allowable resolution choices will automatically be shown.

DPI<ALT P> allows you to select a large or small font.

DISPLAY<ALT D> allows you to select the display type from the following:

- CRT only
- LCD (Flat Panel) only
- Both CRT and LCD (flat Panel)

Ethernet software configuration

The onboard Ethernet interface supports all major network operating systems. I/O addresses and interrupts are easily configured via the Award Setup. To configure the medium type, to view the current configuration, or to run diagnostics, please refer to the following istructions:

1. Choose RSET8019.EXE from:

cd-rom:\driver\ethernet\Oem8019.exe and press <ENTER>.

The Ethernet configuration program will then be displayed.

"cd-rom": the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive

- 3. This simple screen shows all the available options for the Ethernet interface. Just highlight the option you wish to change by using the Up and DOWN keys. To change a selected item, press <ENTER>, and a screen will appear with the available options. Highlight your option and press <ENTER>. Each highlighted option has a helpful message guide displayed at the bottom of the screen for additional information.
- 4. After you have made your selections and the configuration is what you want, press <ESC>. A prompt will appear asking if you want to save the configuration. Press "Y" if you want to save.

The Ethernet Setup Menu also offers three very useful diagnostic functions. These are:

- Run EEPROM test.
- 2. Run Diagnostics on Board
- 3. Run Diagnostics on Network

Each option has its own display screen which shows the format and result of any diagnostic tests undertaken.

APPENDIX

Watchdog Timer Sample Programs

The following sample programs illustrates the programming steps required to enable, set, and disable the watchdog timer.

Watchdog timer

The watchdog timer uses 32.768 MHz frequency source to counter a 24-bit Counter, so the timer range is from 30.5u sec to 512 sec with resolution 30.5u sec. When timer times out, a system reset, NMI or IRQ may happen to be decided by user's programming.

Configuration register

The watchdog timer of SBC-357/4M is located on the chipset - ALI M6117C. If you want to use it, you have to know how to read/write the configuration register of M6117C. Following is the basic procedure.

- 1. Open the chip.
- 2. Write/Read data to/from register.
- 3. Close the chip.

To Open/Close the chip is to write a specific value to register 13h.

Index 13h:

c5h: open the chip ooh: close the chip

Here we give you an example of writing data to register.

mov al, 13h

Out 22h, al

jmp \$+2 ;;delay

jmp \$+2 ;;delay

mov al, oc5h

out 23h, al

How to set the watchdog timer

1. Set index 37h bit 6 = 0 to disable the timer.

^{*} note: 22h is the index I/O port, 23h is the data I/O port.

- 2. Write the desired counter value to 3Bh, 3Ah, 39h.
- 3. Set index 37h bit 6 = 1 to enable the timer.
- 4. When counter reaches the setting value, the timer will generate signal setting by index 38h bit [7:4]

Index 3Bh, 3Ah, 39H

	3Bh	3Ah	39h
	D7D0	D7D0	D7D0
counter	MSB		LSB

Index 38h

timeeout signal
timecout signal
Reservd
IRQ3
IRQ4
IRQ5
IRQ6
IRQ7
IRQ9
IRQ10
IRQ11
IRQ12
IRQ14
IRQ15
NMI
System reset
Reserved
Reserved

Example

Following is an example of programming 1 sec period for watchdog timer in assembly language. When timer times out, is will generate system reset.

```
IO_Delay MACRO
         jcxz $+2
         jcxz $+2
         ENDM
Open_Chip MACRO
        push ax
mov al,013h
out 22h,al
         IO Delay
         mov al,0c5h
out 23h,al
         IO Delay
         pop ax
         ENDM
Close_Chip MACRO
        push ax
         mov al,13h
         out 22h,al
         IO_Dealy
         mov al,0
out 23h,al
         IO_Delay
         pop ax
         ENDM
Write_To_Chip PROC
;;Input: ah - Data
         al - Index#
;;
         cli
         Open_Chip
         out 22h,al
         IO_Delay
         xchg ah,al
               23H,AL
         out
         IO_Delay
         Close_Chip
         sti
         ret
         ENDP
```

```
Read_From_Chip PROC
;;Input: al - Index#
;;Output al - Data
        cli
        Open_Chip
        out
            22h,al
        IO Delay
        in
               al,23h
        IO Delay
        Close_chip
        sti
        ret
        ENDP
Watchdog_Timer_Program:
        Open_Chip
              al,37h
        mov
        call
               Read_From_Chip
        mov
              bl,al
                              ;;save register data
        and
              al,10111111b ;;set bit6=0 to disable
                                        timer
              ah,al
        mov
              al,37h
        mov
        call
              Write_To_Chip
        mov
              ah,33
                              ;;1 msec=33x30.5u sec
        mov
              al,39h
        call
              Write_To_Chip
        mov
              ax,003ah
        call
              Write_To_Chip
        mov
              ax,003bh
        call
              Write_To_Chip
        mov
              al,bl
        mov
               al,38h
        call Read_From_Chip
        and
              al.00001111B
        or
              al,11010000b ;;set time-out event aas
                               system reset
              ah,al
        mov
        mov
               al,38h
        call
              Write_to_Chip
        mov
               al,bl
               al,01000000b ;;set bit6 = 1 to enable
        or
                                          timer
        mov
               ah.al
        mov
               al,37h
        call
               Write_To_Chip
```

B

Installing PC/104 Modules

This appendix gives instructions for installing PC/104 Modules.

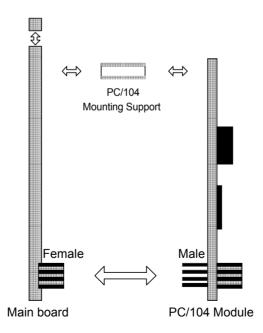
Installing PC/104 modules

The SBC-357/4M's PC/104 connectors give you the flexibility to attach PC/104 expansion modules. These modules perform the functions of traditional plug-in expansion cards, but save space and valuable slots. Modules include:

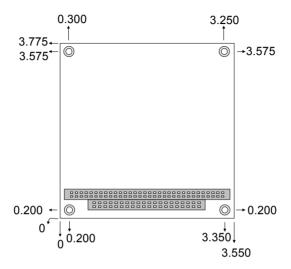
• PCM-3110B	PCMCIA Module (one-slot)
• PCM-3115B	PCMCIA Module (two-slot)
• PCM-3200	PC/104 Sound Module
• PCM-3420	PC/104 Fast SCSI Module
• PCM-3521	Advanced Flat-Panel/CRT VGA Module
• PCM-3522	LCD Panel Adapter
• PCM-3600	PC/104 Fax/Modem Module
• PCM-3610	Isolated RS-232 and RS-422/485 Module
• PCM-3640	PC/104 4-port RS-232 Module
• PCM-P50	PC/104 vehicle Power Supply
• PCM-3660	Ethernet Module
• PCM-3718	30 KHz A/D Module
• PCM-3724	48-channel DIO Module
• PCM-3910	Breadboard Module
• PCM-3810	Solid State Disk Module
• PCM-3820	High Density Flash Solid State Disk Module

Installing these modules on the SBC-357/4M is a quick and simple operation. The following steps show how to mount the PC/104 modules:

- Step1 Remove the SBC-357/4M from your system, paying particular attention to the safety instructions already mentioned above.
- Step2 Make any jumper or link changes required to the CPU card now. Once the PC/104 module is mounted, you may have difficulty in accessing these.
- Step3 Mount the PC/104 module onto the CPU card. Do this by pressing the module firmly but carefully onto the mounting connectors.
- Step4 Secure the PC/104 module onto the CPU card using the four mounting spacers and srews.



PC/104 Module Mounting Diagram



PC/104 module dimensions (inches ±5%)