

SRG-IMX8P

RISC Gateway System

User's Manual 3rd Ed

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Packing List

Before setting up your product, please make sure the following items have been shipped:

Item	Quantity
● SRG-IMX8P	1

If any of these items are missing or damaged, please contact your distributor or sales representative immediately.

About this Document

This User's Manual contains all the essential information, such as detailed descriptions and explanations on the product's hardware and software features (if any), its specifications, dimensions, jumper/connector settings/definitions, and driver installation instructions (if any), to facilitate users in setting up their product.

Users may refer to the product page at AAEON.com for the latest version of this document.

Safety Precautions

Please read the following safety instructions carefully. It is advised that you keep this manual for future references

1. All cautions and warnings on the device should be noted.
2. All cables and adapters supplied by AAEON are certified and in accordance with the material safety laws and regulations of the country of sale. Do not use any cables or adapters not supplied by AAEON to prevent system malfunction or fires.
3. Make sure the power source matches the power rating of the device.
4. Position the power cord so that people cannot step on it. Do not place anything over the power cord.
5. Always completely disconnect the power before working on the system's hardware.
6. No connections should be made when the system is powered as a sudden rush of power may damage sensitive electronic components.
7. If the device is not to be used for a long time, disconnect it from the power supply to avoid damage by transient over-voltage.
8. Always disconnect this device from any AC supply before cleaning.
9. While cleaning, use a damp cloth instead of liquid or spray detergents.
10. Make sure the device is installed near a power outlet and is easily accessible.
11. Keep this device away from humidity.
12. Place the device on a solid surface during installation to prevent falls
13. Do not cover the openings on the device to ensure optimal heat dissipation.
14. Watch out for high temperatures when the system is running.
15. Do not touch the heat sink or heat spreader when the system is running
16. Never pour any liquid into the openings. This could cause fire or electric shock.

17. As most electronic components are sensitive to static electrical charge, be sure to ground yourself to prevent static charge when installing the internal components. Use a grounding wrist strap and contain all electronic components in any static-shielded containers.
18. If any of the following situations arises, please the contact our service personnel:
 - i. Damaged power cord or plug
 - ii. Liquid intrusion to the device
 - iii. Exposure to moisture
 - iv. Device is not working as expected or in a manner as described in this manual
 - v. The device is dropped or damaged
 - vi. Any obvious signs of damage displayed on the device
19. **DO NOT LEAVE THIS DEVICE IN AN UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT WITH TEMPERATURES BEYOND THE DEVICE'S PERMITTED STORAGE TEMPERATURES (SEE CHAPTER 1) TO PREVENT DAMAGE.**

Warning!



This device complies with Part 15 FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Caution:

There is a danger of explosion if the battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions and your local government's recycling or disposal directives.

Attention:

Il y a un risque d'explosion si la batterie est remplacée de façon incorrecte. Ne la remplacer qu'avec le même modèle ou équivalent recommandé par le constructeur. Recycler les batteries usées en accord avec les instructions du fabricant et les directives gouvernementales de recyclage.

产品中有毒有害物质或元素名称及含量

AAEON System

QO4-381 Rev.A0

部件名称	有毒有害物质或元素					
	铅 (Pb)	汞 (Hg)	镉 (Cd)	六价铬 (Cr(VI))	多溴联苯 (PBB)	多溴二苯 醚(PBDE)
印刷电路板 及其电子组件	×	○	○	○	○	○
外部信号 连接器及线材	×	○	○	○	○	○
外壳	○	○	○	○	○	○
中央处理器 与内存	×	○	○	○	○	○
硬盘	×	○	○	○	○	○
液晶模块	×	×	○	○	○	○
光驱	×	○	○	○	○	○
触控模块	×	○	○	○	○	○
电源	×	○	○	○	○	○
电池	×	○	○	○	○	○

本表格依据 SJ/T 11364 的规定编制。

○：表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有均质材料中的含量均在 GB/T 26572 标准规定的限量要求以下。

×：表示该有害物质的某一均质材料超出了 GB/T 26572 的限量要求，然而该部件仍符合欧盟指令 2011/65/EU 的规范。

备注：

- 一、此产品所标示之环保使用期限，系指在一般正常使用状况下。
- 二、上述部件物质中央处理器、内存、硬盘、光驱、电源为选购品。
- 三、上述部件物质液晶模块、触控模块仅一体机产品适用。

China RoHS Requirement (EN)

Hazardous and Toxic Materials List

AAEON System

QQ4-381 Rev.A0

Component Name	Hazardous or Toxic Materials or Elements					
	Lead (Pb)	Mercury (Hg)	Cadmium (Cd)	Hexavalent Chromium (Cr(VI))	Polybrominated biphenyls (PBBS)	Polybrominated ethers (PBDES)
PCB and Components	X	O	O	O	O	O
Wires & Connectors for Ext.Connections	X	O	O	O	O	O
Chassis	O	O	O	O	O	O
CPU & RAM	X	O	O	O	O	O
HDD Drive	X	O	O	O	O	O
LCD Module	X	X	O	O	O	O
Optical Drive	X	O	O	O	O	O
Touch Control Module	X	O	O	O	O	O
PSU	X	O	O	O	O	O
Battery	X	O	O	O	O	O

This form is prepared in compliance with the provisions of SJ/T 11364.

O: The level of toxic or hazardous materials present in this component and its parts is below the limit specified by GB/T 26572.

X: The level of toxic or hazardous materials present in the component exceed the limits specified by GB/T 26572, but is still in compliance with EU Directive 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2).

Notes:

1. The Environment Friendly Use Period indicated by labelling on this product is applicable only to use under normal conditions.
2. Individual components including the CPU, RAM/memory, HDD, optical drive, and PSU are optional.
3. LCD Module and Touch Control Module only applies to certain products which feature these components.

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Chapter 1

Product Specifications

1.1 Specifications

System

Processor	Quad-Core i.MX 8M Plus–Arm® Cortex® -A53, 1.6 GHz Processor (NPU Optional)
Memory	Onboard LPDDR4, 2GB (Optional 4GB)
Storage	eMMC 5.1, 16GB (Optional 32GB)
Real Time Clock	RTC x 1, with 3V CR2032H Lithium Battery
Security	TPM 2.0
Indicators	Programmable LED Control x 7
Cellular	Mini PCIe Connector x 1 (USB Signal)
Wireless LAN	Mini PCIe Connector x 1 (USB Signal)
Operating System	Debian 11 (Default, GUI is optional) Android™ 13 Windows® 10 IoT Yocto
Support Protocol	Modbus/MQTT Library (upon request)

I/O

Serial Port	RS-232/422/485 Switchable x 2 Phoenix Connector
Ethernet	RJ-45 GbE x 2
USB	USB 3.0 (Type-A) x 2
CANBus	CAN-FD x 2 CH Phoenix Connector
Display	HDMI 2.0a x 1
Power Connector	2-Pin 3.81mm Pitch Phoenix Connector

I/O

Debug Port	Micro USB x 1
Expansion	SIM Card Slot x 1
	Micro SD Slot x 1

Power Supply

Power Requirement	DC 9V ~ 36V
Power Consumption	9.36W (Full Loading)
MTBF (Hours)	479,374

Environmental

Dimension	5.54" x 3.86" x 1.89" (140.76mm x 98.2mm x 48mm)
Weight	2.6 lb. (1.18Kg)
Mount Options	Wall Mount
	DIN Rail (Optional)
Operation Temperature	-4°F ~ 158°F (-20°C ~ 70°C)
Storage Temperature	-40°F ~ 176°F (-40°C ~ 80°C)
Operation Humidity	10% ~ 95% relative humidity, non-condensing

Certification

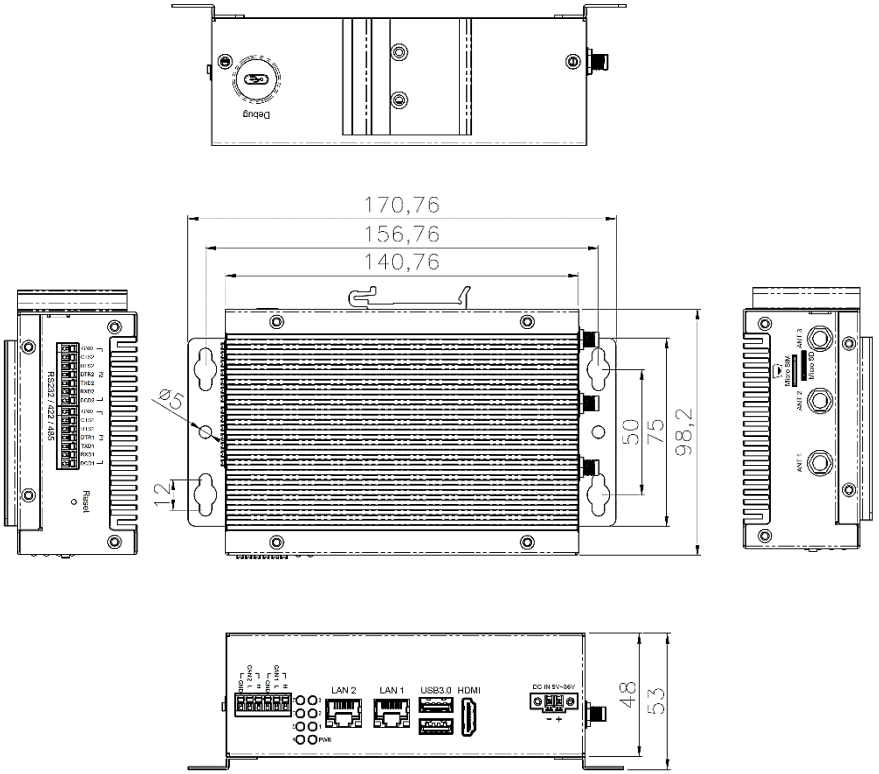
Vibration	3 Grms/ 5~500 Hz operation – eMMC, MicroSD (IEC68-2-64)
Shock	30G peak acceleration (11 msec. Duration) IEC 68-2-27
CE/FCC	CE/FCC Class A UL61010/IEC61000-6-2/IEC61000-6-4/IEC61131-2

Note: These devices are open type, programmable controllers intended for use in industrial applications. These devices are intended to be installed in a suitable enclosure and supplied by a SELV, Class 2 or LPS power source or secondary circuit which is separated from the mains transformer by reinforced insulation or double insulation.

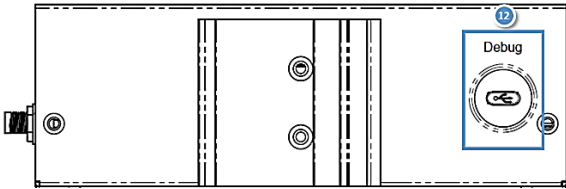
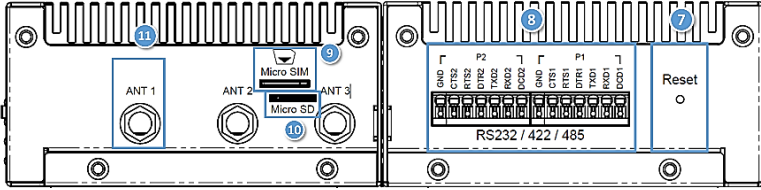
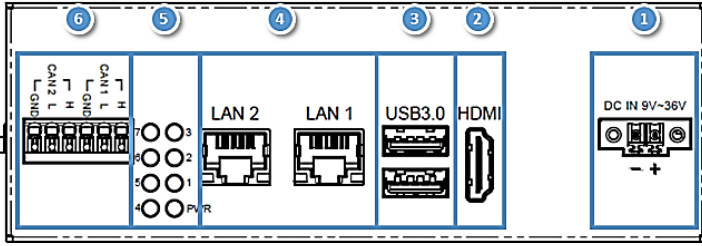
Chapter 2

Hardware Information

2.1 Dimensions



2.2 I/O Location

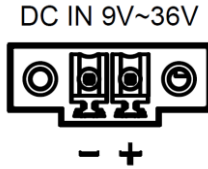


2.3 List of Connectors

The SRG-IMX8P features several connectors which can be configured for your application. This section details those connections and their specifications.

Label	Function
1	DC Power
2	HDMI Port
3	USB 3.0 Port
4	Giga LAN Port
5	Indicators Light
6	CAN-FD Port
7	Reset Button
8	RS-232/422/485 Port
9	Micro SIM Slot
10	Micro SD Slot
11	Antenna Hole x 3
12	Debug Port

2.3.1 DC Power (1)



The gateway can accept DC 9-36V input through 2-pin phoenix connector.

Note: Input connector should be secured by 18-24mm AWG wire and torque value of 2kg lb.-in.

2.3.2 HDMI Port (2)



The HDMI support port enables video output to an external display.

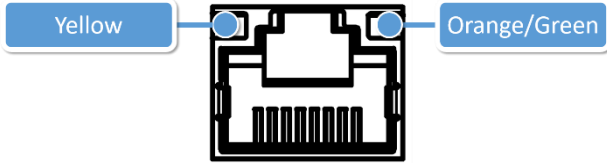
2.3.3 USB 3.0 Port (3)



The USB 3.0 is a type A connector, and can also support USB mass storage.

2.3.4 Giga LAN Port (4)

The standard RJ-45 port provides Local Area Network (LAN) connectivity.

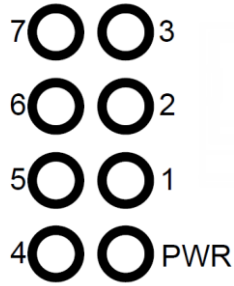


LED	Function	Status
Yellow	Active status	ON: LAN link is established. OFF: LAN link is not established. Blink: Data received and transmitted.
Orange/Green	Link Speed status	Green on: 100Mbps. Orange on: 1000Mbps.

2.3.5 Indicators Light (5)

User can control the 7 LED via the GPIO.

The control command for LED 1-7:



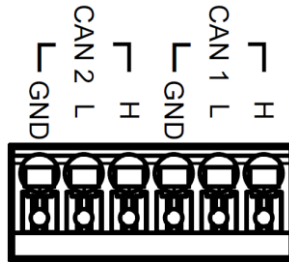
Control Command

Turn On	<code>m0cli -c 0 -i 1 -v 1</code>
Turn Off	<code>m0cli -c 0 -i 1 -v 0</code>

Note: i: LED number.

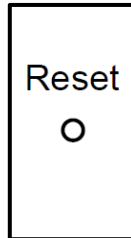
2.3.6 CAN-FD Port (6)

Provides two phoenix CANbus ports for external device connection.



Check Chapter 3 for more information.

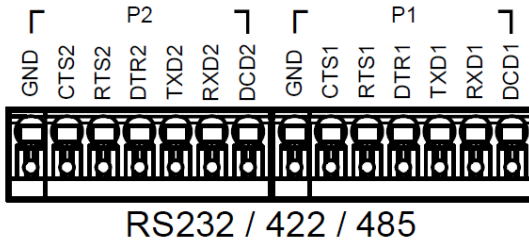
2.3.7 Reset Button (7)



Press the reset button to reboot the OS.

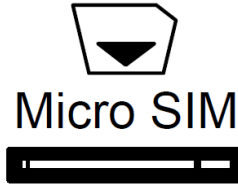
2.3.8 RS-232/422/485 Port (8)

Provides two phoenix connectors for RS-232/422/485 interface.



Check Chapter 3 for more information.

2.3.9 Micro SIM Slot (9)



User can insert the micro SIM card into the slot when using an LTE module via the mini card slot.

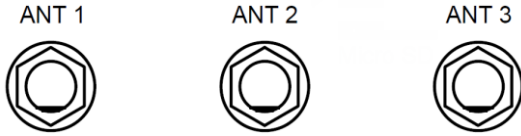
2.3.10 Micro SD Slot (10)



Micro SD

User can increase the available storage by insert the micro SD card.

2.3.11 Antenna Holes (11)



There are 3 antenna holes reserved for RF signal.

Note: The device does not have antennas installed as default, the above are holes through which to accommodate antennas.

2.3.12 Debug Port (12)

Log into the gateway's Linux OS via SSH via debug port (Micro USB type).



Serial Port Settings

Baud rate	115200 bps
Parity	None
Data bits	8
Stop bits	1
Flow Control	None

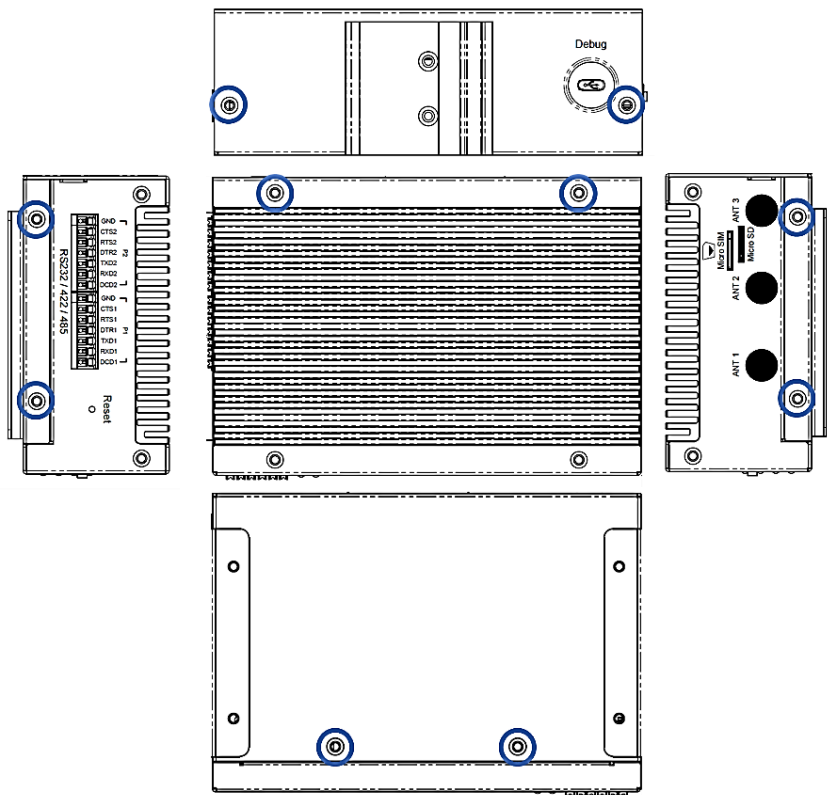
See chapter 3 for further information.

2.4 Wireless Hardware Setup

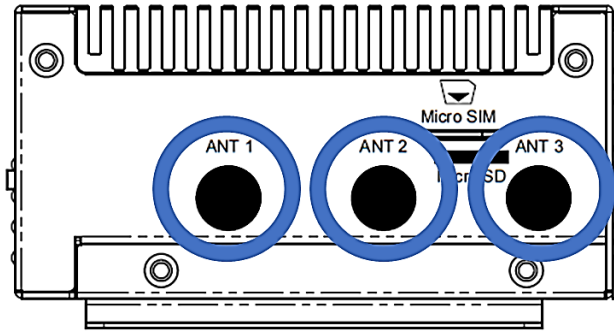
The SRG-IMX8P features both a SIM Card and Mini Card slot for connecting to wireless networks such as 4G/LTE, and Wi-Fi. This section details how to install a SIM Card, 4G/LTE module, and Wi-Fi module.

2.4.1 Mini Card Installation

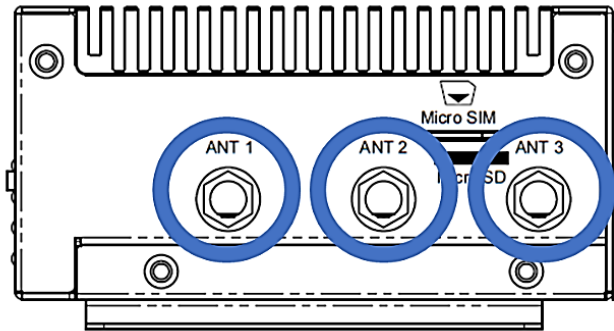
Step 1: Remove top cover by first removing the 10 screws securing the cover.



Step 2: Remove the plugs from the antenna holes:



Step 3: Install the RF coaxial cables on the antenna holes.


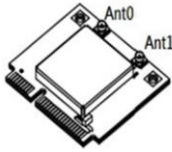




Step 4: Install Mini Card

Insert the 4G/LTE, or Wi-Fi/BT module into the slot and connect the RF coaxial cable to the module.

Note: The installation slots are the same as the photo.



Item	Module	Installation Location
Wi-Fi	 <p>WPET-236ACN(BT) module</p>	 <p>Install the RF cable to left conn. to support Wi-Fi signal. (ANT0 for WLAN only, ANT1 for WLAN+BT)</p>

Item	Module	Installation Location
4G/LTE	 <p>EG25-G module</p>	 <p>Install the RF cable to left conn. to support 4G/LTE signal.</p>

Step 5: Replace top cover and secure by fastening the top screws first, then the sides.

2.4.2 SIM Card Installation

To install a SIM Card (Micro SIM) simply insert the SIM Card into the slot on the side of the system as shown. Ensure the card is correctly oriented.



2.4.3 SD Card Installation

To install an SD Card simply insert it into the slot on the side of the system as shown. Ensure the card is correctly oriented.



Chapter 3

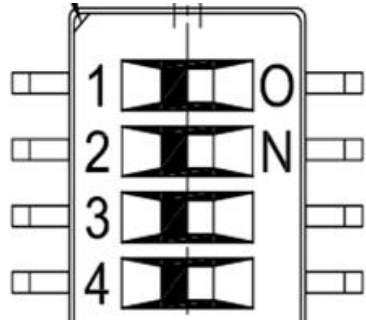
Gateway Setup and Configuration

3.1 Connecting to System

When connecting a PC or laptop to the SRG-IMX8P system, using PuTTY with Windows 10 is recommended. Users can download the software from the PuTTY website.

Step 1: Download the PuTTY tools: <https://www.putty.org/>.

Step 2: Switch jumper (SW3) to 0010. (Factory default settings).



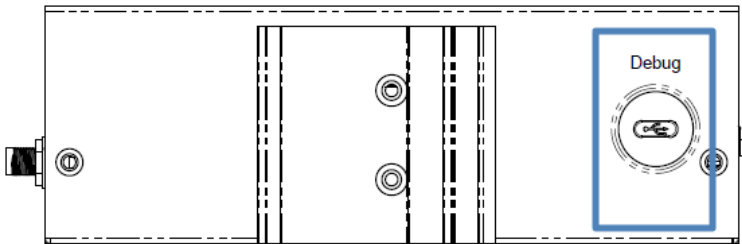
PIN 1, 2, 4: Switch to OFF.

PIN 3: Switch to ON.

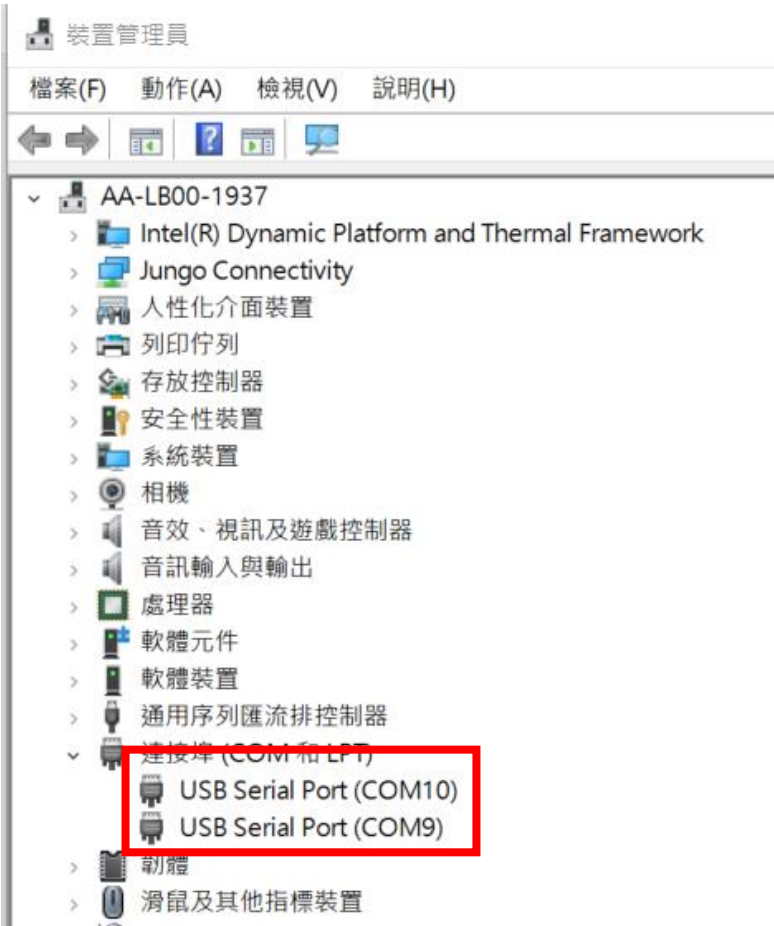
Step 3: Connect the gateway via a USB cable.

Connect your computer to the SRG-IMX8P using the micro USB port.

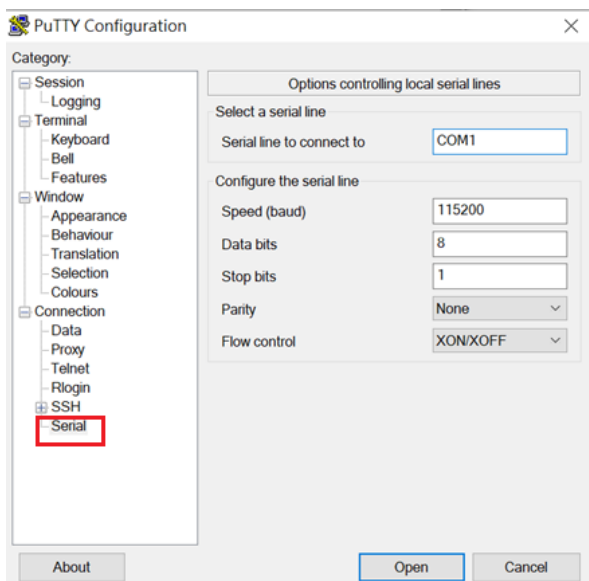
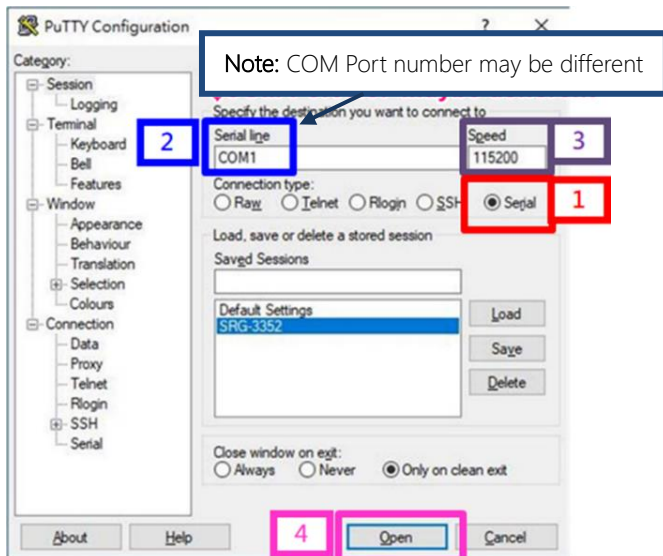
(Debug port is same side as din rail mounting holes), please see diagram below.



Step 4: Open Device Manager and locate Multifunction Composite Gadget. Double click on the device. A pop-up should appear, with a notice that the CDC Serial is unrecognized



Step 5: Open the PuTTY application. In the configuration menu, type in the COM port and type 115200 in the Speed column. Select "Serial" under the Connection Type heading, then click the Open button to run PuTTY..



Step 6: Log into the system using the below credentials.

Login Settings	
Username	aaeon
Password	Pw#12345

You will see a welcome message when you have successfully connected to the gateway.

```

3. COM12 (USB Serial Port (COM12)) x
[ 16.373272] imx-dmamac 30bf0000.ethernet eth1: Register MEM_TYPE_PAGE_POOL RxQ
-4
[ 16.561468] imx-dmamac 30bf0000.ethernet eth1: PHY [stmmac-1:01] driver [RTL82
11F Gigabit Ethernet] (irq=POLL)
[ 16.581852] imx-dmamac 30bf0000.ethernet eth1: No Safety Features support foun
d
[ 16.589131] imx-dmamac 30bf0000.ethernet eth1: IEEE 1588-2008 Advanced Timesta
mp supported
[ 16.598113] imx-dmamac 30bf0000.ethernet eth1: registered PTP clock
[ 16.604647] imx-dmamac 30bf0000.ethernet eth1: FPE workqueue start
[ 16.610805] imx-dmamac 30bf0000.ethernet eth1: configuring for phy/rgmii-id li
nk mode
[ 16.645844] 8021q: adding VLAN 0 to HW filter on device eth1
[ 25.567860] platform sound-wm8960: deferred probe pending
[ 25.573297] platform sound-micfil: deferred probe pending

srg-imx8mp Login: root
Password:
Linux srg-imx8mp 6.1.1+g/0ca5b602193 #1 SMP PREEMPT Thu Apr 13 06:42:37 UTC 2023
aarch64

The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent
permitted by applicable law.
Last login: Thu Dec 22 11:57:06 UTC 2022 on ttyMXc1
root@srg-imx8mp:~#

```

3.2 User Account Management

This section will show you how to manage user accounts on this system.

3.2.1 Add User Account

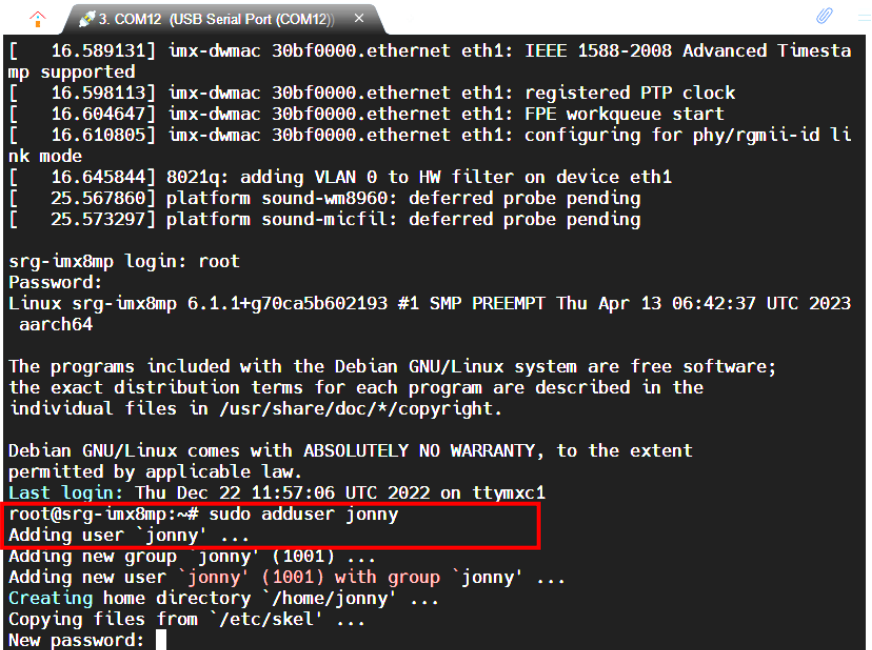
Command Line:

```
$ sudo useradd USERACCOUNT
```

E.g. (User Account: jonny)

```
$ sudo adduser jonny
```

When successful, output will display as below.



```
3. COM12 (USB Serial Port (COM12)) x
[ 16.589131] imx-dwmac 30bf0000.ethernet eth1: IEEE 1588-2008 Advanced Timesta
mp supported
[ 16.598113] imx-dwmac 30bf0000.ethernet eth1: registered PTP clock
[ 16.604647] imx-dwmac 30bf0000.ethernet eth1: FPE workqueue start
[ 16.610805] imx-dwmac 30bf0000.ethernet eth1: configuring for phy/rgmii-id li
nk mode
[ 16.645844] 8021q: adding VLAN 0 to HW filter on device eth1
[ 25.567860] platform sound-wm8960: deferred probe pending
[ 25.573297] platform sound-micfil: deferred probe pending

srg-imx8mp login: root
Password:
Linux srg-imx8mp 6.1.1+g70ca5b602193 #1 SMP PREEMPT Thu Apr 13 06:42:37 UTC 2023
aarch64

The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent
permitted by applicable law.
Last login: Thu Dec 22 11:57:06 UTC 2022 on ttyMXC1
root@srg-imx8mp:~# sudo adduser jonny
Adding user `jonny' ...
Adding new group `jonny' (1001) ...
Adding new user `jonny' (1001) with group `jonny' ...
Creating home directory `/home/jonny' ...
Copying files from `/etc/skel' ...
New password: █
```

3.2.2 Delete User Account

Command:

```
$ sudo userdel USERACCOUNT
```

E.g. (User Account: jonny)

```
$ sudo userdel jonny
```

When successful, output will display as below.

```
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# sudo userdel jonny
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# █
```

3.3 I/O Management

This section will show you how to operate the I/O function.

Control GPIO

Command:

```
gpiomem: GPIO2_21
```

Set GPIO direction:

e.g.

```
gpiowrite 2 21=0 // set gpio value is 0
gpiowrite 2 21=1 // set gpio value is 1
```

Result:

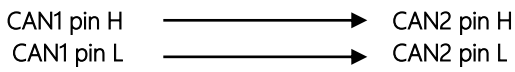
```
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# gpiowrite 2 21=0
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# gpiowrite 2 21=1
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# █
```

3.4 CAN-FD Pin Definition

System Name	Position	Pin Definition	
		Pin	Definition
can0	<p>CAN1</p>	1	H
		2	L
		3	GND
can1	<p>CAN2</p>	1	H
		2	L
		3	GND

CAN Bus Read/Write

The two ports can be connected to each other, as below:



Command:

Run CANBus script:

```
ifconfig can0 down
ip link set can0 type can loopback off
ip link set can0 type can bitrate 1000000 triple-sampling on
```

```
ifconfig can1 down
ip link set can1 type can loopback off
ip link set can1 type can bitrate 1000000 triple-sampling on
```

```
ifconfig can0 up
```

```
ifconfig can1 up
```



```
root@srg-ïmx8mp:/rootfs/test# cd
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# cansend can0 111#1122334455667788
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# cansend can1 111#8877665544332211
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# ifconfig can0 down
ip link set can0 type can loopback off
ip link set can0 type can bitrate 1000000 triple-sampling on
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# ifconfig can1 down
ip link set can1 type can loopback off
ip link set can1 type can bitrate 1000000 triple-sampling on
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# ifconfig can0 up
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# ifconfig can1 up
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# █
```

```
candump can0&
candump can1&
cansend can0 111#1122334455667788
cansend can1 111#8877665544332211
```

Result:

```
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# candump can0&
[1] 1746
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# candump can1&
[2] 1749
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# cansend can0 111#1122334455667788
can1 111 [8] 11 22 33 44 55 66 77 88
can0 111 [8] 11 22 33 44 55 66 77 88
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# cansend can1 111#8877665544332211
can0 111 [8] 88 77 66 55 44 33 22 11
can1 111 [8] 88 77 66 55 44 33 22 11
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# █
```

3.5 Pin Definition: RS-232/422/485

System Name	Position	RS-232		RS-422		RS-485	
		Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
/dev/ttymx0	 <p>COM P1 (CN4)</p>	1	-	1	TX-1	1	D-1
		2	RXD1	2	TX+1	2	D+1
		3	TXD1	3	RX+1	3	-
		4	-	4	RX-1	4	-
		5	-	5	-	5	-
		6	-	6	-	6	-
		7	GND	7	GND	7	GND
/dev/ttymx2	 <p>COM P2 (CN5)</p>	1	-	1	TX-2	1	D-2
		2	RXD2	2	TX+2	2	D+2
		3	TXD2	3	RX+2	3	-
		4	-	4	RX-2	4	-
		5	-	5	-	5	-
		6	-	6	-	6	-
		7	GND	7	GND	7	GND

Check/Switch RS-232/422/485 Mode

Check Current Mode:

COM P1 (CN4):

Mode 0 = GPIO85 signal inversion					
Mode 1 = GPIO86 signal inversion					
Switch Function	Mode 0	Mode 1	GPIO85	GPIO86	Function
Signal (High / Low)	1	0	0	1	RS232
Signal (High / Low)	0	1	1	0	RS485
Signal (High / Low)	1	1	0	0	RS485/RS422

COM P2 (CN5):

Mode 0 = GPIO87 signal inversion					
Mode 1 = GPIO12 signal inversion					
Switch Function	Mode 0	Mode 1	GPIO87	GPIO12	Function
Signal (High / Low)	1	0	0	1	RS232
Signal (High / Low)	0	1	1	0	RS485
Signal (High / Low)	1	1	0	0	RS485/RS422

RS232 mode GPIO control:

```
gpioset 2 21=0
gpioset 2 22=1
gpioset 2 23=0
gpioset 0 12=1
```

RS485 mode GPIO control:

```
gpioset 2 21=1
gpioset 2 22=0
gpioset 2 23=1
gpioset 0 12=0
```

RS422 mode GPIO control:

```
gpioset 2 21=0
gpioset 2 22=0
gpioset 2 23=0
gpioset 0 12=0
```

3.6 Network Settings



This section will show you how to check and setup the network settings.

3.6.1 Check IP Setting

Command:

```
$ nmcli dev sh
```

NETWORKPROFILE ->It should be:

Profile	Support Hardware
LAN0	LAN 1 
LAN1	LAN 2 
Modem	4G LTE module

When successful, output will display as below.

```
4. COM12 (USB Serial Port (COM12)) x
[pass]
root@srg-imx8mp:/rootfs/test# cd
root@srg-imx8mp:~# nmcli dev sh
GENERAL.DEVICE:                eth0
GENERAL.TYPE:                   ethernet
GENERAL.HWADDR:                 00:07:32:A5:A5:86
GENERAL.MTU:                    1500
GENERAL.STATE:                 20 (unavailable)
GENERAL.CONNECTION:            --
GENERAL.CON-PATH:              --
WIRED-PROPERTIES.CARRIER:    off

GENERAL.DEVICE:                eth1
GENERAL.TYPE:                   ethernet
GENERAL.HWADDR:                 00:07:32:A5:A5:87
GENERAL.MTU:                    1500
GENERAL.STATE:                 20 (unavailable)
GENERAL.CONNECTION:            --
GENERAL.CON-PATH:              --
WIRED-PROPERTIES.CARRIER:    off

GENERAL.DEVICE:                can0
GENERAL.TYPE:                   can
GENERAL.HWADDR:                 (unknown)
GENERAL.MTU:                    16
GENERAL.STATE:                 10 (unmanaged)
Lines 1-23
```

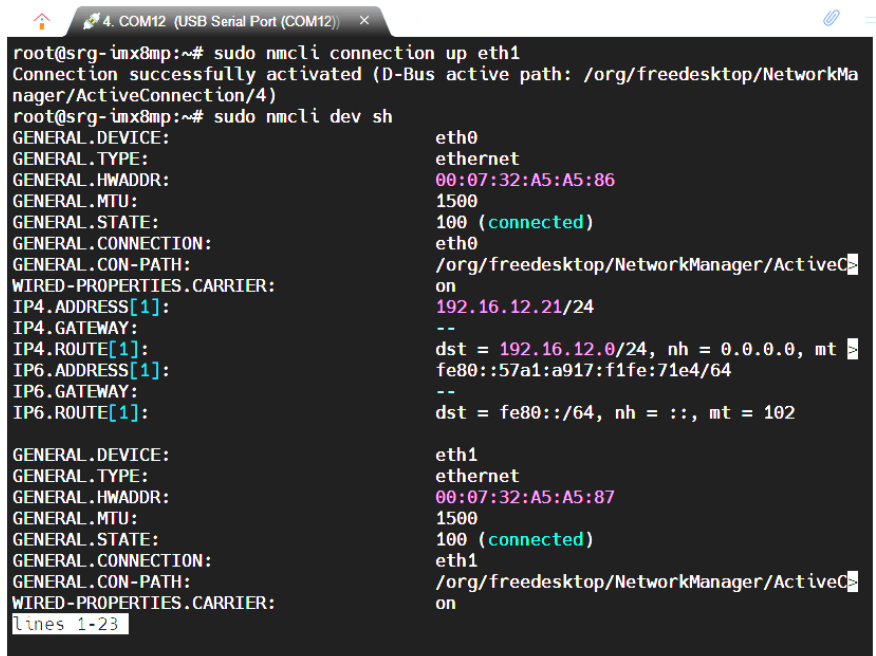
3.6.2 Set Static IP

Enter edit mode.

Command:

```
$ sudo nmcli connection add con-name eth0 type ethernet ifname eth0 ip4
192.16.12.21/24
$ sudo nmcli connection up eth0
$ sudo nmcli connection add con-name eth1 type ethernet ifname eth1 ip4
192.16.12.26/24
$ sudo nmcli connection up eth1
$ sudo nmcli dev sh
```

When successful, output will display as below.



```
root@srq-ix8mp:~# sudo nmcli connection up eth1
Connection successfully activated (D-Bus active path: /org/freedesktop/NetworkMa
nager/ActiveConnection/4)
root@srq-ix8mp:~# sudo nmcli dev sh
GENERAL.DEVICE:                eth0
GENERAL.TYPE:                  ethernet
GENERAL.HWADDR:                00:07:32:A5:A5:86
GENERAL.MTU:                   1500
GENERAL.STATE:                 100 (connected)
GENERAL.CONNECTION:            eth0
GENERAL.CON-PATH:              /org/freedesktop/NetworkManager/ActiveC
WIRED-PROPERTIES.CARRIER:     on
IP4.ADDRESS[1]:                192.16.12.21/24
IP4.GATEWAY:                   --
IP4.ROUTE[1]:                  dst = 192.16.12.0/24, nh = 0.0.0.0, mt
IP6.ADDRESS[1]:                fe80::57a1:a917:f1fe:71e4/64
IP6.GATEWAY:                   --
IP6.ROUTE[1]:                  dst = fe80::/64, nh = ::, mt = 102

GENERAL.DEVICE:                eth1
GENERAL.TYPE:                  ethernet
GENERAL.HWADDR:                00:07:32:A5:A5:87
GENERAL.MTU:                   1500
GENERAL.STATE:                 100 (connected)
GENERAL.CONNECTION:            eth1
GENERAL.CON-PATH:              /org/freedesktop/NetworkManager/ActiveC
WIRED-PROPERTIES.CARRIER:     on
lines 1-23
```

3.6.3 Set Dynamic IP

Enter edit mode:

Command:

```
$ sudo nmcli connection mod eth0 ipv4.method auto
$ sudo nmcli con mod eth0 -ipv4.addresses "192.16.12.21/24"
$ sudo nmcli connection up eth0
```

```
root@srg-umx8mp:~# sudo nmcli connection mod eth0 ipv4.method auto
root@srg-umx8mp:~# sudo nmcli con mod eth0 -ipv4.addresses "192.16.12.21/24"
root@srg-umx8mp:~# sudo nmcli connection up eth0
Connection successfully activated (D-Bus active path: /org/freedesktop/NetworkManager/ActiveConnection/5)
root@srg-umx8mp:~# █
```

```
$ sudo nmcli connection mod eth1 ipv4.method auto
$ sudo nmcli con mod eth1 -ipv4.addresses "192.16.12.26/24"
$ sudo nmcli connection up eth1
```

```
root@srg-umx8mp:~# sudo nmcli connection mod eth1 ipv4.method auto
root@srg-umx8mp:~# sudo nmcli con mod eth1 -ipv4.addresses "192.16.12.26/24"
root@srg-umx8mp:~# sudo nmcli connection up eth1
Connection successfully activated (D-Bus active path: /org/freedesktop/NetworkManager/ActiveConnection/6)
root@srg-umx8mp:~# █
```

```
$ sudo nmcli dev sh
```

```
4. COM12 (USB Serial Port (COM12)) x
root@srg-umx8mp:~# sudo nmcli connection up eth1
Connection successfully activated (D-Bus active path: /org/freedesktop/NetworkManager/ActiveConnection/6)
root@srg-umx8mp:~# sudo nmcli dev sh
GENERAL.DEVICE:                eth0
GENERAL.TYPE:                   ethernet
GENERAL.HWADDR:                 00:07:32:A5:A5:86
GENERAL.MTU:                     1500
GENERAL.STATE:                   100 (connected)
GENERAL.CONNECTION:             eth0
GENERAL.CON-PATH:                /org/freedesktop/NetworkManager/ActiveC
WIRED-PROPERTIES.CARRIER:      on
IP4.ADDRESS[1]:                 192.168.1.154/24
IP4.GATEWAY:                     192.168.1.1
IP4.ROUTE[1]:                   dst = 0.0.0.0/0, nh = 192.168.1.1, mt
IP4.ROUTE[2]:                   dst = 192.168.1.0/24, nh = 0.0.0.0, mt
IP4.DNS[1]:                     192.168.1.1
IP6.ADDRESS[1]:                 fe80::57a1:a917:f1fe:71e4/64
IP6.GATEWAY:                     --
IP6.ROUTE[1]:                   dst = fe80::/64, nh = ::, mt = 104

GENERAL.DEVICE:                eth1
GENERAL.TYPE:                   ethernet
GENERAL.HWADDR:                 00:07:32:A5:A5:87
GENERAL.MTU:                     1500
GENERAL.STATE:                   100 (connected)
GENERAL.CONNECTION:             eth1
lines 1-23
```

3.7 Cellular Network Settings (Optional)

This section will show you how to check and setup the cellular network setting.

3.7.1 Check Cellular Module Status

Step 1: Leave Command:

```
$ minicom -s
```

When successful, output will display as below.

```
error: could not open /dev/ttyUSB0: No such file or directory.  
root@srg-imx8mp:~# minicom -s
```

Step 3: Choose "Serial port setup", then press "A" to settings.

```
+-----[configuration]-----+  
| Filenames and paths          |  
| File transfer protocols     |  
| Serial port setup           |  
| Modem and dialing           |  
| Screen and keyboard         |  
| Save setup as dfl           |  
| Save setup as ..            |  
| Exit                         |  
| Exit from Minicom           |  
+-----+
```

Step 4: Leave Command:

```
$ /dev/ttyUSB3
```


Finish setting configuration, then press "Enter", as below.

```
+-----+
| A - Serial Device      : /dev/ttyUSB3
| B - Lockfile Location  : /var/lock
| C - Callin Program     :
| D - Callout Program    :
| E - Bps/Par/Bits       : 115200 8N1
| F - Hardware Flow Control : Yes
| G - Software Flow Control : No
| H - RS485 Enable       : No
| I - RS485 Rts On Send  : No
| J - RS485 Rts After Send : No
| K - RS485 Rx During Tx : No
| L - RS485 Terminate Bus : No
| M - RS485 Delay Rts Before: 0
| N - RS485 Delay Rts After : 0
|
| Change which setting? █
+-----+
```

Step 5: Choose "Exit" to leave the dialog.

```
+-----[configuration]-----+
| Filenames and paths
| File transfer protocols
| Serial port setup
| Modem and dialing
| Screen and keyboard
| Save setup as dfl
| Save setup as..
| Exit
| Exit from Minicom
+-----+
```

3.7.2 Check Module Information in Minicom

Check if module is connected to the serial port:

Command:

```
$ AT
```

Check the SIM card status:

Command:

```
$ AT+CPIN?
```

Check module manufacturer information:

Command:

```
$ ATI
```

Check setting APN:

Command:

```
$ AT+CGDCONT=1,"IPV4V6","internet"
```

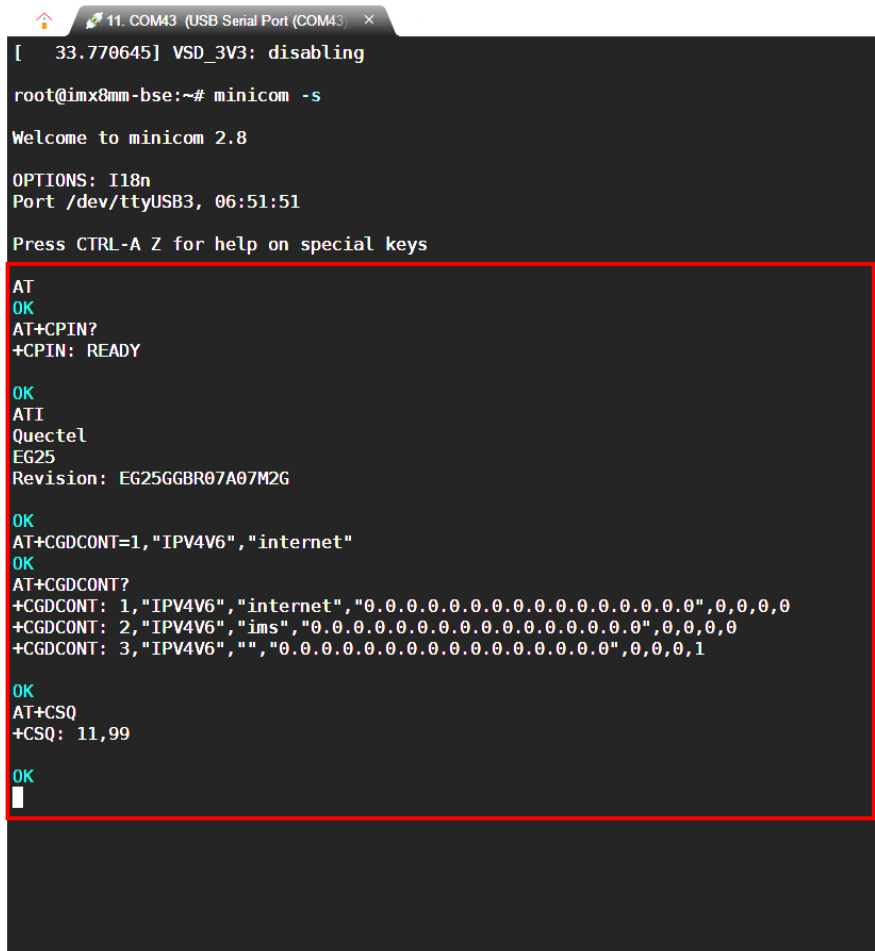
Check 4G signal quality:

Command:

```
$ AT+CGDCONT?
```

```
$ AT+CSQ
```

When successful, output will display as below.



```
11. COM43 (USB Serial Port (COM43)) x
[ 33.770645] VSD_3V3: disabling
root@imx8mm-bse:~# minicom -s
Welcome to minicom 2.8

OPTIONS: I18n
Port /dev/ttyUSB3, 06:51:51

Press CTRL-A Z for help on special keys

AT
OK
AT+CPIN?
+CPIN: READY

OK
ATI
Quectel
EG25
Revision: EG25GGBR07A07M2G

OK
AT+CGDCONT=1,"IPV4V6","internet"
OK
AT+CGDCONT?
+CGDCONT: 1,"IPV4V6","internet","0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0",0,0,0,0
+CGDCONT: 2,"IPV4V6","ims","0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0",0,0,0,0
+CGDCONT: 3,"IPV4V6","", "0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0",0,0,0,1

OK
AT+CSQ
+CSQ: 11,99

OK
█
```


3.7.3 Dial-up Cellular Module

Check the cellular module status

Command:

```
# systemctl enable ModemManager
# sudo systemctl start ModemManager
# mmcli --list-modems
```

```
root@srg-umx8mp:~# systemctl enable ModemManager
root@srg-umx8mp:~# sudo systemctl start ModemManager
root@srg-umx8mp:~# mmcli --list-modems
/org/freedesktop/ModemManager1/Modem/0 [Quectel] EG25
root@srg-umx8mp:~#
```

```
# mmcli -m 0
```

Cellular module will show "register" status when module is ready:

```
4. COM12 (USB Serial Port (COM12)) x
0000.usb/xhci-hcd.2.auto/usb3-3-1/3-1.4
|
|   drivers: option1
|   plugin: quectel
|   primary port: ttyUSB2
|   ports: ttyUSB0 (qcdm), ttyUSB1 (gps), ttyUSB2 (at),
ttyUSB3 (at)
|-----|
| Status | unlock retries: sim-pin (3), sim-puk (10), sim-pin2 (3), sim-
puk2 (10)
|
|   state: registered
|   power state: on
|   access tech: lte
|   signal quality: 80% (recent)
|-----|
| Modes  | supported: allowed: 2g, 3g, 4g; preferred: none
|         | current: allowed: 2g, 3g, 4g; preferred: none
|-----|
| IP      | supported: ipv4, ipv6, ipv4v6
|-----|
| 3GPP    | imei: 860195056711648
|         | operator id: 46601
|         | operator name: Far EastTone
|         | registration: home
|-----|
| 3GPP EPS | ue mode of operation: csps-2
|-----|
| SIM     | dbus path: /org/freedesktop/ModemManager1/SIM/0
root@srg-umx8mp:~#
```

Enable the cellular module

Command:

```
# mmcli -m 0 -e
```

Result:

```
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# mmcli -m 0 -e
successfully enabled the modem
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# █
```

Dial up the cellular module

Command:

```
# nmcli -a
```

```
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# mmcli -m 0 -e
successfully enabled the modem
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# nmcli -a
eth0: connected to eth0
"eth0"
  ethernet (fec), 00:07:32:A5:A5:86, hw, mtu 1500
  ip4 default
  inet4 192.168.1.154/24
  route4 0.0.0.0/0
  route4 192.168.1.0/24
  inet6 fe80::57a1:a917:f1fe:71e4/64
  route6 fe80::/64

wlan0: connected to Pixel 7
"Realtek Wi-Fi"
  wifi (rtl88x2bu), 00:0E:8E:A3:B5:09, hw, mtu 1500
  ip6 default
  inet4 192.168.199.253/24
  route4 0.0.0.0/0
  route4 192.168.199.0/24
  inet6 2001:b400:e200:bf5f:dbe8:85f:50ef:49e5/64
  inet6 fe80::1efe:8f38:33ba:fc47/64
  route6 2001:b400:e200:bf5f::/64
  route6 ::/0
  route6 fe80::/64
```

```
lines 1-23
```

```
# nmcli c add con-name test type gsm ifname ttyUSB2 apn internet
```

Result:

```
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# nmcli c add con-name test type gsm ifname ttyUSB2 apn internet
Connection 'test' (ec210f9d-d8c9-4743-880d-b661062414f3) successfully added.
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# █
```

Check the cellular module connection:

Command:

```
#ifconfig
```

Result:

```
ppp0: flags=4305<UP,POINTOPOINT,RUNNING,NOARP,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
    inet 10.25.12.205 netmask 255.255.255.255 destination 0.0.0.0
    ppp txqueuelen 3 (Point-to-Point Protocol)
    RX packets 9 bytes 108 (108.0 B)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 10 bytes 176 (176.0 B)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

```
# ping 8.8.8.8
```

```
root@srg-umx8mp:~# ping 8.8.8.8
PING 8.8.8.8 (8.8.8.8) 56(84) bytes of data:
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=1 ttl=114 time=5.54 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=2 ttl=114 time=4.49 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=3 ttl=114 time=5.02 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=4 ttl=114 time=6.77 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=5 ttl=114 time=5.24 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=6 ttl=114 time=4.47 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=7 ttl=114 time=4.37 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=8 ttl=114 time=4.02 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=9 ttl=114 time=5.31 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=10 ttl=114 time=5.61 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=11 ttl=114 time=4.77 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=12 ttl=114 time=4.69 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=13 ttl=114 time=4.77 ms
█
```

3.8 Wi-Fi Network Settings (Optional)

This section will show you how to check and setup the wireless network like Wi-Fi.

3.8.1 Scan Wi-Fi Access Point

Command:

```
# nmcli radio wifi on  
# nmcli dev wifi
```

Result:

```
root@srg-ix8mp:~# nmcli radio wifi on  
root@srg-ix8mp:~# nmcli dev wifi  
IN-USE BSSID SSID MODE CHAN RATE >  
AC:22:0B:9A:40:08 ubuntu-cert-n-wpa Infra 11 195 Mbit/s>  
24:81:3B:2B:5D:4F AAE0N-Wireless-PEAP Infra 36 540 Mbit/s>  
24:81:3B:2B:5D:4E AAE0N-Wireless Infra 36 540 Mbit/s>  
E0:23:FF:B9:FC:C1 GW-0A Infra 6 130 Mbit/s>  
52:5F:08:44:86:9A -- Infra 1 270 Mbit/s>  
24:5E:BE:54:C3:99 2.4G_TS_TS_TS_TS Infra 11 540 Mbit/s>  
48:5F:08:44:86:9A 2.4G_DSD_ROOM Infra 1 270 Mbit/s>  
24:81:3B:2B:5D:40 AAE0N-Wireless-PEAP Infra 1 260 Mbit/s>  
E0:23:FF:B9:FC:C2 GW-User Infra 6 130 Mbit/s>  
24:81:3B:2B:5D:41 AAE0N-Wireless Infra 1 260 Mbit/s>  
24:5E:BE:54:C3:98 5G_TS_TS_TS_TS Infra 56 540 Mbit/s>  
2C:4D:54:6F:C9:AC HarrisonWu_5G Infra 157 270 Mbit/s>  
E0:23:FF:B9:FC:C0 GW-Guest Infra 6 130 Mbit/s>  
78:44:76:DF:67:38 TOTOLINK_N150RA_S Infra 11 135 Mbit/s>  
4E:5F:08:44:86:9C -- Infra 44 270 Mbit/s>  
48:5F:08:44:86:9C 2.4G_DSD_ROOM Infra 44 270 Mbit/s>  
A8:5E:45:DB:4A:0C RMD_HW_5G Infra 161 270 Mbit/s>  
CC:32:E5:D6:A0:D6 XY5G Infra 157 270 Mbit/s>  
40:EE:15:49:56:10 TOTOLINK_A700R Infra 1 270 Mbit/s>  
38:2C:4A:65:5A:F0 Asus-RT-N18U Infra 6 195 Mbit/s>  
26:5A:4C:23:45:36 -- Infra 11 260 Mbit/s>  
A8:5E:45:DB:4A:08 RMD_HW_2.4G Infra 11 270 Mbit/s>  
Lines 1-23
```


3.8.2 Connect Wi-Fi Access Point

Command:

```
# nmcli dev wifi connect 'SSID' password 'PASSWORD'
```

e.g.

```
# nmcli dev wifi connect 'AAEON-Wireless' password 'aaeonwireless'  
# wifi connect
```

SSID->Which you want to connect

PASSWORD->>Password for the chosen SSID

Result:

```
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# nmcli dev wifi connect 'AAEON-Wireless' password 'aaeonwireless'  
[ 675.602233] IPv6: ADDRCONF(NETDEV_CHANGE): wlan0: link becomes ready  
Device 'wlan0' successfully activated with 'e2a7cfb3-4bfa-4c3e-993a-edb0b4fffc08'  
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# nmcli connect
```

NAME	UUID	TYPE	DEVICE
AAEON-Wireless	e2a7cfb3-4bfa-4c3e-993a-edb0b4fffc08	wifi	wlan0
test	ec210f9d-d8c9-4743-880d-b661062414f3	gsm	ttyUSB2
eth0	e4dab538-150f-444e-b2e3-ae942dd4519a	ethernet	--
eth1	d66c7961-fda0-4b49-aed0-8135e73d01db	ethernet	--
Pixel 7	48bcae82-140f-4083-8385-455b5181e4a8	wifi	--

```
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# █
```

3.8.3 Check Wi-Fi signal

Command:

```
# ping 8.8.8.8
```

Result:

```
root@srg-umx8mp:~# ping 8.8.8.8
PING 8.8.8.8 (8.8.8.8) 56(84) bytes of data:
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=1 ttl=115 time=5.19 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=2 ttl=115 time=8.25 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=3 ttl=115 time=6.62 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=4 ttl=115 time=7.30 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=5 ttl=115 time=7.53 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=6 ttl=115 time=5.86 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=7 ttl=115 time=5.44 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=8 ttl=115 time=6.06 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=9 ttl=115 time=7.84 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=10 ttl=115 time=6.04 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=11 ttl=115 time=4.79 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=12 ttl=115 time=7.51 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=13 ttl=115 time=5.48 ms
█
```

3.8.4 Disconnect Wi-Fi Access Point

Command:

```
# sudo nmcli con down id 'SSID'
```

e.g.

```
# sudo nmcli con down id 'AAEON-Wireless'
```

SSID->Which you want to disconnect

Result:

```
209 packets transmitted, 209 received, 0% packet loss, time 208396ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 4.491/7.698/86.747/8.883 ms
root@srg-umx8mp:~# sudo nmcli con down id 'AAEON-Wireless'
Connection 'AAEON-Wireless' successfully deactivated (D-Bus active path: /org/freedesktop/NetworkManager/ActiveConnection/8)
root@srg-umx8mp:~# █
```

3.8.5 Check Wi-Fi Connection Status

Command:

```
# nmcli connect show -active
```

Result:

The disconnected Wi-Fi status is shown in the picture as below:

```
root@srg-ix8mp:~# nmcli connect show -active
NAME      UUID                                TYPE  DEVICE
Pixel 7   48bcae82-140f-4083-8385-455b5181e4a8  wifi  wlan0
test      ec210f9d-d8c9-4743-880d-b661062414f3  gsm   ttyUSB2
root@srg-ix8mp:~# █
```

```
# nmcli dev
```

Result:

```
root@srg-ix8mp:~# nmcli dev
DEVICE    TYPE      STATE      CONNECTION
wlan0     wifi      connected  Pixel 7
ttyUSB2   gsm       connected  test
ppp0      ppp       disconnected --
p2p-dev-wlan0 wifi-p2p   disconnected --
eth0      ethernet  unavailable --
eth1      ethernet  unavailable --
can0      can        unmanaged  --
can1      can        unmanaged  --
dummy0    dummy     unmanaged  --
tunl0     iptunnel  unmanaged  --
lo        loopback  unmanaged  --
ip_vti0   vti       unmanaged  --
root@srg-ix8mp:~# █
```

3.9 System Management

This section will show you how to check and setup system settings such as the OS version, RTC, etc.

3.9.1 Check OS version

Command:

```
$ cat /etc/os-release
```

Result:

```

[ 17.242225] 8021q: adding VLAN 0 to HW filter on device eth1

srg-ix8mp login: root
Password:
Linux srg-ix8mp 6.1.1+g70ca5b602193 #1 SMP PREEMPT Thu Apr 13 06:42:37 UTC 2023
aarch64

The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent
permitted by applicable law.
Last login: Thu Dec 22 11:56:53 UTC 2022 on ttyxc1
root@srg-ix8mp:~# cat /etc/os-release
PRETTY_NAME="Debian GNU/Linux 11 (bullseye)"
NAME="Debian GNU/Linux"
VERSION_ID="11"
VERSION="11 (bullseye)"
VERSION_CODENAME=bullseye
ID=debian
HOME_URL="https://www.debian.org/"
SUPPORT_URL="https://www.debian.org/support"
BUG_REPORT_URL="https://bugs.debian.org/"
PROJECT="srg-ix8mpplus"
IMAGE_VERSION="VB06"
HW_INFO="4G RAM M153E1G32D2"
CREATE_DATE="2023/10/19"
root@srg-ix8mp:~#

```

3.9.2 Check Storage Status

Command:

```
$df -h
```

Result:

```
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# df -h
Filesystem      Size  Used Avail Use% Mounted on
/dev/root        29G   5.7G   22G   21% /
devtmpfs        1.2G     0   1.2G    0% /dev
tmpfs           1.7G     0   1.7G    0% /dev/shm
tmpfs           670M   1.6M   668M    1% /run
tmpfs           5.0M   4.0K   5.0M    1% /run/lock
tmpfs           335M   48K   335M    1% /run/user/0
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# █
```

3.9.3 Set a New Date and Time

```
$ date -s "YYYYMMDD hh:mm:ss"; hwclock -w
```

e.g.

```
$ date -s "20231020 11:30:00"; hwclock -w
```

YYYY->Year

MM->Month

DD->Date

hh->Hour

mm->Minute

ss->Second

Result:

```
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# date -s "20231020 11:30:00"; hwclock -w
Fri 20 Oct 2023 11:30:00 AM UTC
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# █
```

3.9.4 Check the Current Date and Time

Command:

```
$ hwclock
```

Result:

```
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# hwclock
2023-10-20 11:31:43.093989+00:00
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# █
```

3.9.5 Shutdown the System

Command:

```
$ sudo shutdown now
```

Result:

```
root@srg-ïmx8mp:~# sudo shutdown now
[ OK ] Stopped User Manager for UID 0.
        Stopping User Runtime Directory /run/user/0...
[ OK ] Started Show Plymouth Power Off Screen.
[ OK ] Stopped Switcheroo Control Proxy service.
[ OK ] Unmounted /run/user/0.
[ OK ] Stopped User Runtime Directory /run/user/0.
[ OK ] Removed slice User Slice of UID 0.
        Stopping Permit User Sessions...
[ OK ] Stopped User Login Management.
[ OK ] Stopped Permit User Sessions.
[ OK ] Stopped target Network.
```