PCM-8500

Socket 478 based Pentium® 4

/ Pentium® 4 Processor-M

/ Celeron® Processors

Compact Board

With LCD, Ethernet, USB &

PCMCIA / Mini PCI

PCM-8500 Rev. A Manual Oct. 2003

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Packing List

Before you begin installing your card, please make sure that the following materials have been shipped:

- 1 PCM-8500 Compact Board
- 1 Quick Installation Guide
- 1 CD-ROM for manual (in PDF format) and drivers
- 1 Jumper Cap

If any of these items should be missing or damaged, please contact your distributor or sales representative immediately.

Contents

Chapte	r 1 General Information	
	1.1 Introduction	.1-2
	1.2 Features	.1-4
	1.3 Specifications	.1-5
Chapte	r 2 Quick Installation Guide	
	2.1 Safety Precautions	.2-2
	2.2 Location of Connectors and Jumpers	.2-3
	2.3 Mechanical Drawing	.2-5
	2.4 List of Jumpers	.2-7
	2.5 List of Connectors	.2-8
	2.6 Setting Jumpers	.2-9
	2.7 Clear CMOS (JP1)	.2-10
	2.8 Audio Out Select (JP2)	.2-10
	2.9 COM2 Ring/ + 5V/ + 12V Selection (JP3)	.2-10
	2.10 COM2 RS-232/422/485 Select (JP4 & JP5)	.2-11
	2.11 ATX Power simulate AT Power (JP6)	.2-11
	2.12 LCD Voltage Selection (JP7)	.2-11
	2.13 IDE Connector (CN1)	.2-12
	2.14 CompactFlash Connector (CN2)	.2-13
	2.15 USB1 Connector (CN3)	.2-14
	2.16 USB2 Connector (CN4)	.2-14

2.17 USB3 Connector (CN5)2-14

Compact Board

	2.18 Audio 5.1 Channel/SPDIF Connector (CN6)	.2-15
	2.19 Audio Connector (CN7)	.2-15
	2.20 Fan Connector (CN8 & CN24)	.2-16
	2.21 LAN LED Connector (CN10)	.2-16
	2.22 10/100Base-TX Ethernet Connector (CN10)	.2-16
	2.23 Option PME Connector (CN12)	.2-17
	2.24 Floppy Connector (CN13)	.2-17
	2.25 LPT Port Connector (CN14)	.2-18
	2.26 IrDA Connector (CN15)	.2-18
	$2.27\ COM1{\sim}4\ RS-232/422/485\ Serial\ Port\ Connector\ (CN16).$.2-19
	2.28 PS2 Keyboard/Mouse Connector(CN17)	.2-20
	2.29 Digital I/O-2 Connector (CN18)	.2-21
	2.30 Digital I/O-1 Connector (CN26)	.2-22
	2.31 TV Out Connector (CN19)	.2-23
	2.32 Channel1 LVDS Connector (CN20)	.2-23
	2.33 Channel2 LVDS Connector (CN21)	.2-24
	2.34 VGA Display Connector (CN22)	.2-24
	2.35 Front Panel (CN25)	.2-25
	2.36 ATX Power Connector (CN27)	.2-25
	2.27 ATX Power 12V Connector (CN28)	.2-25
Chapter	3 Award BIOS Setup	
	3.1 System Test and Initialization.	.3-2
	3.2 Award BIOS Setup	.3-3
	3.3 Standard CMOS Features	.3-6
	3.4 Advanced BIOS Features	.3-7

Compact Board

PCM-8500

3.5 Advanced Chipset Featur	res3-8
3.6 Integrated Peripherals	3-9
3.7 Power management Setu	p3-10
3.8 PnP/PCI configuration	3-11
3.9 PC Health Status	3-12
3.10Frequency/Voltage cont	rol3-13
3.11Load Fail-Safe Defaults	3-14
3.12Load Optimized Default	ts3-14
3.13Set Supervisor/User Pas	sword3-14
3.14Save & Exit Setup	3-15
3.15Exit without saving	3-15
Chapter 4 Driver Installation	
4.1 Installation 1	4-3
4.2 Installation 2	4-5
Appendix A Programming the	e WatchDog Timer
A.1 Watchdog timer	A-2
A.2 Configuring sequence de	escription A-2
A.3 ITE8712 Watchdog time	er initial program A-5

Chapter

General Information

1.1 Introduction

PCM-8500 is first Pentium® 4 industrial board in AAEON Compact Board product line. It features a PGA478 socket that can accommodate Pentium® 4 / Pentium® 4 Processors-M and Celeron® Processor, supporting FSB up to 400/533MHz.

Best performance for multimedia solution

AAEON's PCM-8500 also supports DDR DRAM up to 1GB, 4X AGP, and 6 channels audio output. It can provide the strong multimedia functions. Therefore PCM-8500 can be broadly implemented in several markets, such as Point of sale, point of information (Kiosk), and gaming markets.

Multi-Function Pentium 4 Platform

If you are looking for powerful multi-media applications,
PCM-8500 is the one. PCM-8500 successfully integrates VGA,
Audio and Ethernet function into 5.75" size board; meanwhile
it also supports 6 USB2.0, mini PCI, and PCMCIA (optional
item) slots. PCM-8500 promises you the greatest expansion
possibilities with the most cost-effective expansion standards,
PCMCIA or Mini PCI. With numerous off-the-shelf
PCMCIA/Mini PCI modules, you get easy access to solutions
ranging from IEEE 1394, Modem, Storage, Sound Card, SCSI
card, Audio/Video capture card, Wireless LAN module, to

Bluetooth module. Especially for customers whom application is various or changing, PCM-8500 reserves more than enough flexibility for future expansion.

More

PCM-8500 provides more CPU options for different applications. You can choose Pentium® 4 processor up to 3.06G for high performance application or choose Pentium® 4 processor-M for thermal concerned operative environment. Low-cost Socket 478 Celeron processors are also supported by PCM-8500 for cost-intensive projects. Most of all Pentium® 4 Level processors are suitable for PCM-8500. Talking about the display signal transmission, PCM-8500 integrated 48-bit dual channel LVDS interface onboard, which allows long distance display signal transmission. Besides LCD supports, PCM-8500 also allows customer to show different contents on CRT and LCD at same time. It meets multi-display demand at most cost-efficient way.

1.2 Features

- Support Intel Socket 478 Pentium® 4 / 4 Processor-M / Celeron Processors
- Support Intel Hyper-Threading Technology
- Support 266/333MHz DDR SDRAM
- High Speed AGP 4X for VGA display
- Support 48bit Dual Channel LVDS
- Support TV-Out Function
- Integrated AC-97 5.1 3D Audio
- One 10/100Base-T Fast Ethernet
- Support CompactFlash memory storage
- Six USB 2.0 Ports
- Digital I/O (8 in, 8 out as Default, up to 16 in or 16 out)

1.3 Specifications

System

,	=	
•	CPU	Intel Socket 478 Pentium® 4 /
		4 Processor-M /
		Celeron® Processor,
		Hyper-Threading Technology
		supported (Standard Cooler
		Supported)
•	Memory	184pin DIMM ×1, Support DDR
		266/333MHz up to 1GB
•	Chipset	Intel $^{\circledR}$ i845GV / ICH4 + ITE
		8712 × 2
•	BIOS	Award 512 KB FLASH BIOS
•	Audio A	LC 650 Codec 6 Channel, AC97
•	SSD	One Type II CompactFlash Card
•	Watchdog timer	Generate a system reset
•	DMA	7DMA channels (8237 equivalent)
•	Interrupt 1	5 interrupt levels (8259 equivalent)
•	Ethernet	Intel 82562 10/100 PHY chip
•	Expansion Interface	PCI slot × 1, Mini PCI slot × 1,
		PCMCIA Type II ×2. (Optional)
•	H/W status monitor	ring

Power supply voltages and

temperatures monitoring functions

•	Batter	<i>y</i> Lithium	battery	for	data	retention
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Display

•	Memory size	Share Memory, Dynamically Adjusts
		by OS.

Dual View: CRT + LCD

I/O

MIO

```
    ×EIDE (Ultra DMA100),
    ×FDD,
    ×K/B,
    ×Mouse,
    ×RS-232/422/485,
    ×RS-232,
```

1 ×LPT,

Compact B	oard
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PCM-8500

1 × CRT

Digital I/O port	Support 8 in, 8 out as default, up to
	16 in or 16 out.
IR interface	Support one IrDA Tx/Rx header
Ethernet	1 ×RJ45 Connector
Audio	Mic in, Line in, Line out / Speak
	out, CD Audio in, With special
	connector for 5.1 channel audio
USB	USB 2.0 × 3sets.
	Total 6 ports
TV-Out	Support S-terminal and RCA type
	IR interface Ethernet Audio

Notice:

The Quick Installation Guide is derived from Chapter 2 of user manual. For other chapters and further installation instructions, please refer to the user manual CD-ROM that came with the product.



Quick Installation Guide

Attention:

- There are two different models of PCM-8500 for supporting Desktop or Mobile type of Pentium® 4 Processors, please make sure appropriated processor is installed on PCM-8500 before your turn on the power.
- 2. The setting of Advanced Chipset Features Speed Step Mode (Pentium® 4 Mobile) "in BIOS should be disabled when desktop version Pentium® 4 or Celeron® are adopted, otherwise the system cannot boot. Clear CMOS will be required to rescue your PC from this situation. For Mobile Pentium® 4, this item can be disabled or enabled to get the best performance or maximum power saving of the processor.



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2.1 Safety Precautions

Warning!



Always completely disconnect the power cord from your board whenever you are working on it. Do not make connections while the power is on, because a sudden rush of power can damage sensitive electronic components.

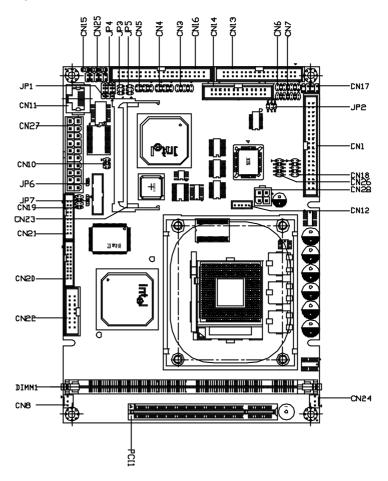
Caution!



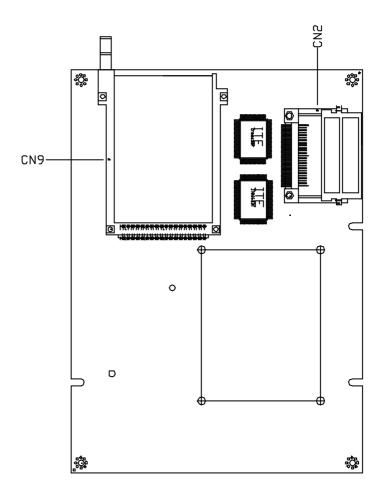
Always ground yourself to remove any static charge before touching the board. Modern electronic devices are very sensitive to static electric charges. Use a grounding wrist strap at all times. Place all electronic components on a static-dissipative surface or in a static-shielded bag when they are not in the chassis

2.2 Location of Connectors and Jumpers

Component Side

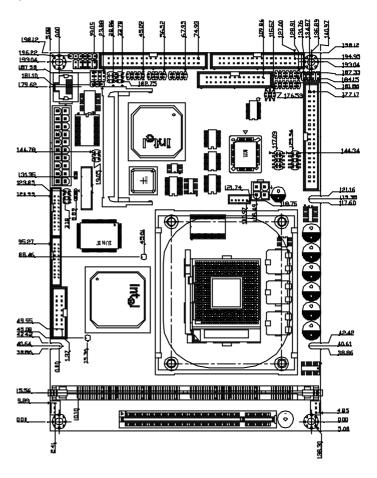


Solder Side

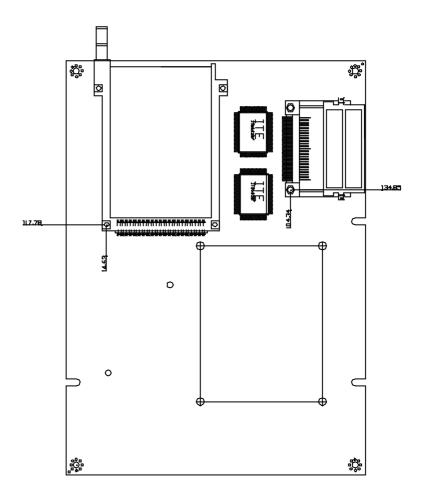


2.3 Mechanical Drawing

Component Side



Solder Side



2.4 List of Jumpers

The board has a number of jumpers that allow you to configure your system to suit your application.

The table below shows the function of each of the board's jumpers:

Jumpers

Label	Function
JP1	Clear RTC
JP2	Audio Out Select
JP3	COM2 Ring/+5V/+12V Selection
JP4	COM2 RS-232/422/485 Selection
JP5	COM2 RS-232/422/485 Selection
JP6	ATX Power simulate AT Power
JP7	LCD Voltage Selection

2.5 List of Connectors

The board has a number of connectors that allow you to configure your system to suit your application. The table below shows the function of each board's connectors:

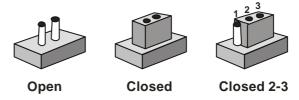
Connectors

Label	Function
CN1	EIDE HDD Connector
CN2	CompactFlash Connector / CompactFlash Socket
CN3/CN4/CN5	USB1/2/3 Connector
CN6	Audio 5.1 Channel / SPDIF Connector
CN7	Audio Connector
CN8.CN24	Fan Connector
CN9	PCMCIA Slot
CN10	LAN LED Connector
CN11	RJ-45 Connector
CN12	Option PME Connector
CN13	Floppy Connector
CN14	LPT Port Connector
CN15	IrDA Connector
CN16	RS-232 Serial Port (COM1~COM4) Connector
CN17	PS2 Kevboard/Mouse Connector
CN18.CN26	Digital I/O 16bit Connector
CN19	TV Out Connector
CN20	Channel1 LVDS Connector
CN21	Channel2 LVDS Connector
CN22	VGA Display Connector
CN23	MINI PCI SLOT
CN25	Front Panel
CN27	ATX Power Connector
CN28	ATX Power 12V Connector

2.6 Setting Jumpers

You configure your card to match the needs of your application by setting jumpers. A jumper is the simplest kind of electric switch. It consists of two metal pins and a small metal clip (often protected by a plastic cover) that slides over the pins to connect them. To "close" a jumper you connect the pins with the clip.

To "open" a jumper you remove the clip. Sometimes a jumper will have three pins, labeled 1, 2 and 3. In this case you would connect either pins 1 and 2 or 2 and 3.



A pair of needle-nose pliers may be helpful when working with jumpers.

If you have any doubts about the best hardware configuration for your application, contact your local distributor or sales representative before you make any change.

Generally, you simply need a standard cable to make most connections.

2.7 Clear CMOS (JP1)

Warning:

To avoid damaging the computer, always turn off the power supply before setting "Clear CMOS." Before turning on the power supply, set the jumper back to "Normal."

JP1	Function
1-2	Active (Default)
2-3	Clear

2.8 Audio Out Select (JP2)

JP2	Function
1-3, 2-4	W/O Amplifier (Default)
3-5, 4-6	W/ Amplifier

2.9 COM2 Ring/+5V/+12V Selection (JP3)

JP3	Function	
1-2	+12V	
3-4	+5V	
5-6	Ring (Default)	

2.10 COM2 RS-232/422/485 Select (JP4&JP5)

JP4	JP5	Function	
1-2, 4-5, 7-8, 10-11	1-2	RS-232 (Default)	
2-3, 5-6, 8-9, 11-12	3-4	RS-422	
2-3, 5-6, 8-9, 11-12	5-6	RS-485	

2.11 ATX Power simulate AT Power (JP6)

JP6	Function
1-2 ON	ATX Power Simulate AT Power
1-2 OFF	ATX Standard (Default)

2.12 LCD Voltage Selection (JP7)

JP7	Function
1-2	+5V
2-3	+3.3V (Default)

2.13 IDE Connector (CN1)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	IDE RESET	2	GND
3	DATA7	4	DATA8
5	DATA6	6	DATA9
7	DATA5	8	DATA10
9	DATA4	10	DATA11
11	DATA3	12	DATA12
13	DATA2	14	DATA13
15	DATA1	16	DATA14
17	DATA0	18	DATA15
19	GND	20	N.C
21	REQ	22	GND
23	IO WRITE	24	GND
25	IO READ	26	GND
27	IO READY	28	GND
29	DACK	30	GND
31	IRQ14	32	N.C
33	ADDR1	34	UDMA DETECT
35	ADDR0	36	ADDR2
37	CS#1	38	CS#3
39	LED	40	GND

2.14 CompactFlash Connector (CN2)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	GND	26	GND
2	DATA3	27	DATA11
3	DATA4	28	DATA12
4	DATA5	29	DATA13
5	DATA6	30	DATA14
6	DATA7	31	DATA15
7	CS#1	32	CS#3
8	GND	33	GND
9	GND	34	IO READ
10	GND	35	IO WRITE
11	GND	36	+5V
12	GND	37	IRQ15
13	+5V	38	+5V
14	GND	39	CSEL
15	GND	40	N.C
16	GND	41	IDE RESET
17	GND	42	IO READY
18	ADDR2	43	N.C
19	ADDR1	44	+5V
20	ADDR0	45	DASP
21	DATA0	46	DIAG

2.15 USB1 Connector (CN3)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	+5V	2	GND
3	USBD0-	4	GND
5	USBD0+	6	USBD1+
7	GND	8	USBD1-
9	GND	10	+5V

2.16 USB2 Connector (CN4)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	+5V	2	GND
3	USBD2-	4	GND
5	USBD2+	6	USBD3+
7	GND	8	USBD3-
9	GND	10	+5V

2.17 USB3 Connector (CN5)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	+5V	2	GND
3	USBD4-	4	GND
5	USBD4+	6	USBD5+
7	GND	8	USBD5-
9	GND	10	+5V

2.18 Audio 5.1 Channel/SPDIF Connector (CN6)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	Front-OUT-R	2	GND
3	Front-OUT-L	4	GND
5	Surr-OUT-R	6	GND
7	Surr-OUT-L	8	GND
9	LFE-OUT	10	GND
11	CNE-OUT	12	GND
13	SPDIF-OUT	14	SPDIF-IN

2.19 Audio Connector (CN7)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	MIC IN	2	MIC VCC
3	GND	4	CD-GND
5	LINE-IN L	6	CD-IN L
7	LINE-IN R	8	CD-GND
9	GND	10	CD-IN R
11	LINE-OUT L	12	LINE-OUT R
13	GND	14	GND

2.20 Fan Connector (CN8&CN24)

Pin	Signal
1	GND
2	+5V
3	FAN SPEED SENSE

2.21 LAN LED Connector (CN10)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	Active LED	2	+3.3V
3	Link LED	4	+3.3V
5	Speed LED	6	+3.3V

2.22 10/100Base-Tx Ethernet Connector (CN11)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	TX+	9	N.C
2	TX-	10	N.C
3	RX+	11	GND
4	N.C	12	GND
5	N.C	13	N.C
6	RX-	14	N.C
7	N.C	15	N.C
8	N.C	16	N.C

2.23 Option PME Connector (CN12)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	+5VSB	2	GND
3	#PME	4	SMB_DATA
5	SMB CLK		

2.24 Floppy Connector (CN13)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	GND	2	REDWC
3	GND	4	N.C
5	GND	6	DS1
7	GND	8	INDEX
9	GND	10	MOTOR A
11	GND	12	DRIVE SELECT B
13	GND	14	DRIVE SELECT A
15	GND	16	MOTOR B
17	GND	18	DIR
19	GND	20	STEP
21	GND	22	WRITE DATA
23	GND	24	WRITE GATE
25	GND	26	TRACK
27	GND	28	WRITE PROTECT
29	GND	30	READ DATA
31	GND	32	SIDE1
33	GND	34	DISK CHANGE

2.25 LPT Port Connector (CN14)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	STROBE	2	AFD
3	PTD0	4	ERROR
5	PTD1	6	INIT
7	PTD2	8	SLIN
9	PTD3	10	GND
11	PTD4	12	GND
13	PTD5	14	GND
15	PTD6	16	GND
17	PTD7	18	GND
19	ACK	20	GND
21	BUSY	22	GND
23	PE	24	GND
25	SELECT	26	N.C

2.26 IrDA Connector (CN15)

Pin	Signal	
1	+5V	
2	CIRTX	
3	IRRX	
4	GND	
5	IRTX	
6	CIRRX	

2.27 COM1~4 RS-232/422/485 Serial Port Connector (CN16)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	DCD1	2	RXD1
3	TXD1	4	DTR1
5	GND	6	DSR1
7	RTS1	8	CTS1
9	RI1	10	N.C
11	DCD2	12	RXD2 (422RXD+)
13	TXD2	14	DTR2 (422RXD-)
15	GND	16	DSR2
17	RTS2	18	CTS2
19	RI2/+5V/+12V	20	N.C
21	DCD3	22	RXD3
23	TXD3	24	DTR3
25	GND	26	DSR
27	RTS3	28	CTS3
29	RI3	30	N.C
31	DCD4	32	RXD4
33	TXD4	34	DTR4
35	GND	36	DSR4
37	RTS4	38	CTS4
39	RI4	40	N.C

2.28 PS2 Keyboard/Mouse Connector (CN17)

Pin	Signal
1	KB DATA
2	KB_CLK
3	GND
4	+5V
5	MS_DATA
6	MS_CLK

2.29 Digital I/O-2 Connector (CN18)

This connector offers 4-pair of digital I/O functions and address is 841H. The pin definitions are illustrated below: Please refer to Page 3-10 for digital I/O BIOS setting.

Pin	Signal		
1	Digital-IN/ OUT	2	Digital-IN/OUT
3	Digital-IN/ OUT	4	Digital-IN/ OUT
5	Digital-IN/OUT	6	Digital-IN/ OUT
7	Digital-IN/ OUT	8	Digital-IN/ OUT
9	+5V	10	GND

The pin definitions and registers mapping are illustrated below:

Address: 841H

4 in / 4 out

Pin1	Pin2	Pin3	Pin4	Pin5	Pin6	Pin7	Pin8
GPI 27	GPI 26	GPI 25	GPI 24	GPO 23	GPO 22	GPO 21	GPO 20
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0

8 in

Pin1	Pin2	Pin3	Pin4	Pin5	Pin6	Pin7	Pin8
GPI 27	GPI 26	GPI 25	GPI 24	GPI 23	GPI 22	GPI 21	GPI 20
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0

8 out

Pin1	Pin2	Pin3	Pin4	Pin5	Pin6	Pin7	Pin8
GPO 27	GPO 26	GPO 25	GPO 24	GPO 23	GPO 22	GPO 21	GPO 20
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0

2.30 Digital I/O-1 Connector (CN26)

This connector offers 4-pair of digital I/O functions and address is 801H. The pin definitions are illustrated below: Please refer to Page 3-10 for digital I/O BIOS setting.

Pin	Signal		
1	Digital-IN/ OUT	2	Digital-IN/ OUT
3	Digital-IN/ OUT	4	Digital-IN/OUT
5	Digital-IN/ OUT	6	Digital-IN/ OUT
7	Digital-IN/ OUT	8	Digital-IN/ OUT
9	+5V	10	GND

The pin definitions and registers mapping are illustrated below:

Address: 801H

4 in/4 out

Pin1	Pin2	Pin3	Pin4	Pin5	Pin6	Pin7	Pin8
GPI 27	GPI 26	GPI 25	GPI 24	GPO 23	GPO 22	GPO 21	GPO 20
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0

8 in

Pin1	Pin2	Pin3	Pin4	Pin5	Pin6	Pin7	Pin8
GPI 27	GPI 26	GPI 25	GPI 24	GPI 23	GPI 22	GPI 21	GPI 20
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0

8 out

Pin1	Pin2	Pin3	Pin4	Pin5	Pin6	Pin7	Pin8
GPO 27	GPO 26	GPO 25	GPO 24	GPO 23	GPO 22	GPO 21	GPO 20
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0

2.31 TV Out Connector (CN19)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	Υ	2	CVBS
3	GND	4	GND
5	С	6	N.C
7	GND	8	N.C

2.32 Channel1 LVDS Connector (CN20)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	LVDS TX1+	2	LVDS TX1-
3	GND	4	GND
5	LVDS_TXCLK+	6	LVDS_TXCLK-
7	GND	8	PPVCC
9	PPVCC	10	PPVCC
11	LVDS_TX2+	12	LVDS_TX2-
13	GND	14	GND
15	LVDS_TX0+	16	LVDS_TX0-
17	LVDS_TX3+	18	LVDS_TX3-
19	ENBKL	20	N.C

2.33 Channel2 LVDS Connector (CN21)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	LVDS TX1+	2	LVDS TX1-
3	GND	4	GND
5	LVDS_TXCLK+	6	LVDS_TXCLK-
7	GND	8	PPVCC
9	PPVCC	10	PPVCC
11	LVDS_TX2+	12	LVDS_TX2-
13	GND	14	GND
15	LVDS_TX0+	16	LVDS_TX0-
17	LVDS_TX3+	18	LVDS_TX3-

2.34 VGA Display Connector (CN22)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	Red	9	GND
2	VCC	10	HSYNC
3	Green	11	GND
4	GND	12	VSYNC
5	Blue	13	GND
6	N.C	14	SCL
7	N.C	15	GND
8	SDA	16	N.C

2.35 Front Panel (CN25)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	Power On Button (-)	2	Power On Button (+)
3	IDE LED (-)	4	IDE LED (+)
5	BUZZER (-)	6	+5V
7	EXTSMI (-)	8	EXTSMI (+)
9	Reset Switch (-)	10	Reset Switch (+)

2.36 ATX Power Connector (CN27)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	+3.3V	11	+3.3V
2	+3.3V	12	-12V
3	GND	13	GND
4	+5V	14	PS_ON
5	GND	15	GND
6	+5V	16	GND
7	GND	17	GND
8	POWER OK	18	-5V
9	+5VSB	19	+5V
10	+12V	20	+5V

2.37 ATX Power 12V Connector (CN28)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	GND	2	GND
3	+12V	4	+12V

Chapter

Award BIOS Setup

3.1 System test and initialization

These routines test and initialize board hardware. If the routines encounter an error during the tests, you will either hear a few short beeps or see an error message on the screen. There are two kinds of errors: fatal and non-fatal. The system can usually continue the boot up sequence with non-fatal errors. Non-fatal error messages usually appear on the screen along with the following instructions:

Press <F1> to RESUME

Write down the message and press the F1 key to continue the boot up sequence.

System configuration verification

These routines check the current system configuration against the values stored in the CMOS memory. If they do not match, the program outputs an error message. You will then need to run the BIOS setup program to set the configuration information in memory.

There are three situations in which you will need to change the CMOS settings:

- 1. You are starting your system for the first time
- 2. You have changed the hardware attached to your system
- The CMOS memory has lost power and the configuration information has been erased.

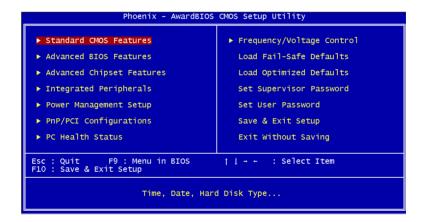
The PCM-8500 CMOS memory has an integral lithium battery backup for data retention. However, you will need to replace the complete unit when it finally runs down.

3.2 Award BIOS Setup

Awards BIOS ROM has a built-in Setup program that allows users to modify the basic system configuration. This type of information is stored in battery-backed CMOS RAM so that it retains the Setup information when the power is turned off.

Entering setup

Power on the computer and press immediately. This will allow you to enter Setup.



Standard CMOS Features

Use this menu for basic system configuration. (Date, time, IDE, etc.)

Advanced BIOS Features

Use this menu to set the advanced features available on your system.

Advanced Chipset Features

Use this menu to change the values in the chipset registers and optimize your system performance.

Integrated Peripherals

Use this menu to specify your settings for integrated peripherals. (Primary slave, secondary slave, keyboard, mouse etc.)

Power Management Setup

Use this menu to specify your settings for power management. (HDD power down, power on by ring, KB wake up, etc.)

PnP/PCI Configurations

This entry appears if your system supports PnP/PCI.

PC Health Status

This menu allows you to set the shutdown temperature for your system.

Frequency/Voltage Control

Use this menu to specify your settings for frequency/voltage control.

Load Fail-Safe Defaults

Use this menu to load the BIOS default values for the minimal/stable performance for your system to operate.

Load Optimized Defaults

Use this menu to load the BIOS default values that are factory settings for optimal performance system operations. While AWARD has designated the custom BIOS to maximize performance, the factory has the right to change these defaults to meet their needs.

Set Supervisor/User Password

Use this menu to set Supervisor/User Passwords.

Save and Exit Setup

Save CMOS value changes to CMOS and exit setup.

Exit Without Saving

Abandon all CMOS value changes and exit setup.

3.3 Standard CMOS Features

When you choose the Standard CMOS Features option from the INITIAL SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen shown below is displayed. This standard Setup Menu allows users to configure system components such as date, time, hard disk drive, floppy drive and display. Once a field is highlighted, on-line help information is displayed in the right box of the Menu screen.

```
Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
Standard CMOS Features

Date (mm:dd:yy) Tue, Sep 30 2003
Time (hh:mm:ss) 17: 26: 4

► IDE Primary Master
► IDE Primary Slave
► IDE Secondary Master
► IDE Secondary Master
► IDE Secondary Slave

Drive A [1.44M, 3.5 in.]
[None]

Video [EGA/VGA]
Halt On [All, But Keyboard]

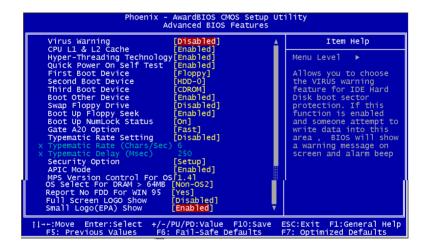
Base Memory 64512K
Total Memory 65536K

II--:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help
F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults

F7: Optimized Defaults
```

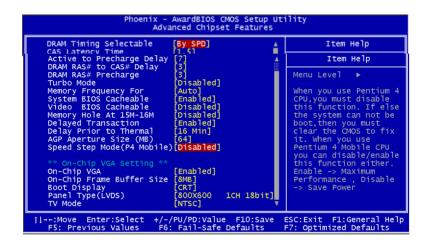
3.4 Advanced BIOS Features

By choosing the Advanced BIOS Features option from the INITIAL SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed. This sample screen contains the manufacturer's default values for the PCM-8500



3.5 Advanced Chipset Features

By choosing the Advanced Chipset Features option from the INITIAL SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed. This sample screen contains the manufacturer's default values for the PCM-8500.

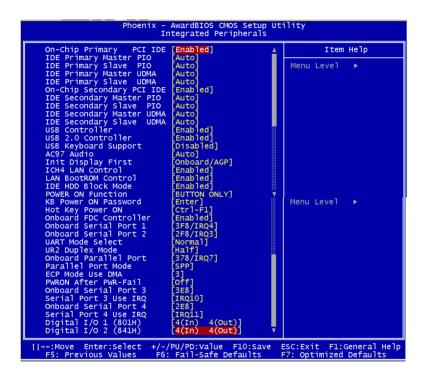


Attention:

- There are two different models of PCM-8500 for supporting Desktop or Mobile type of P4 Processors, please make sure appropriated processor is installed on PCM-8500 before your turn on the power.
- 2. The setting of "Advanced Chipset Features \ Speed Step Mode (P4 Mobile)" in BIOS should be disable when desktop version Pentium 4 or Celeron are adopted, otherwise the system cannot boot. Clear CMOS will be required to rescue your PC from this situation. For Mobile Pentium 4, this item can be disable or enable to get the best performance or maximum power saving of the processor.

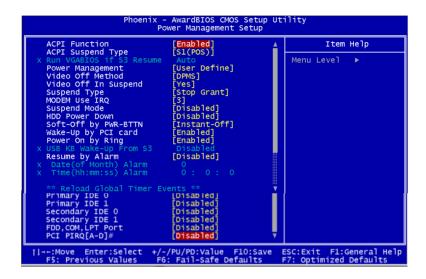
3.6 Integrated Peripherals

By choosing the Integrated Peripherals from the INITIAL SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed. This sample screen contains the manufacturer's default values for the PCM-8500.



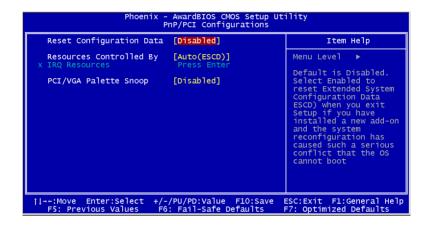
3.7 Power management Setup

By choosing the Power Management Setup from the INITIAL SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed. This sample screen contains the manufacturer's default values for the PCM-8500.



3.8 PnP/PCI configuration

By choosing the PnP/PCI configurations from the Initial Setup Screen menu, the screen below is displayed. This sample screen contains the manufacturer's default values for the PCM-8500.



3.9 PC Health Status

By choosing the PC Health Status from the Initial Setup Screen menu, the screen below is displayed. This sample screen contains the manufacturer's default values for the PCM-8500.

```
Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
PC Health Status

(+) Vcore
(+) 1.5V
(+) 3.3V
(+) 5V
(+) 12V
(-) 12V
(-) 12V
(-) 5V
(+) 5VSB
Voltage Battery
System Temp (RT1)
System Temp (RT2)
CPU Temp (RT3)
Fan 1 Speed(CN24)
Fan 2 Speed (CN8)

1|--:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help
F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults
```

3.10 Frequency/Voltage control

By choosing the Frequency/Voltage Control from the Initial Setup Screen menu, the screen below is displayed. This sample screen contains the manufacturer's default values for the PCM-8500.



3.11 Load Fail-Safe Defaults

When you press <Enter> on this item you get a confirmation dialog box with a message similar to:

Load Fail-Safe Default (Y/N)?

Pressing "Y" loads the BIOS default values for the most stable, minimal performance system operations.

3.12 Load Optimized Defaults

When you press <Enter> on this item you get a confirmation dialog box with a message similar to:

Load Optimized Defaults (Y/N)?

Pressing "Y" loads the default values that are manufacturer's settings for optimal performance system operations.

3.13 Set Supervisor/User Password

You can set either SUPERVISOR or USER PASSWORD, or both of them. The difference between the two is that the supervisor password allows unrestricted access to enter and change the options of the setup menus, while the user password only allows entry to the program, but not modify options.

To abort the process at any time, press Esc.

In the Security Option item in the BIOS Features Setup screen, select System or Setup:

System Enter a password each time the system boots and whenever you enter Setup.

Setup Enter a password whenever you enter Setup.

NOTE: To clear the password, simply press Enter when asked to enter a password. Then the password function is disabled.

3.14 Save & Exit Setup

If you select this option and press <Enter>, the values entered in the setup utilities will be recorded in the chipset's CMOS memory. The microprocessor will check this every time you turn on your system and compare this to what it finds as it checks the system. This record is required for the system to operate.

3.15 Exit without saving

Selecting this option and pressing <Enter> allows you to exit the Setup program without recording any new value or changing old one.

Chapter

Driver Installation

The PCM-8500 comes with a CD-ROM which contains most of drivers and utilities of your needs.

There are several installation ways depending on the driver package under different Operating System application.

If you utilize Windows NT series OS, you are strongly recommended to download the latest version Windows NT Service Pack from Microsoft website and install it before installing any driver.

Please follow the sequence below to install the drivers:

Step 1 – Install INF Driver

Step 2 - Install VGA Driver

Step 3 – Install IAA Driver

Step 4 – Install LAN Driver

Step 5 – Install Audio Driver

USB 2.0 Drivers are available for download using Windows Update for both Windows XP and Windows 2000. For additional information regarding USB 2.0 support in Windows XP and Windows 2000, please visit www.microsoft.com/hwdev/usb/.

For installation procedures of each driver, you may refer to section 4.1-4.2

4.1 Installation 1:

Applicable for Windows 2000/XP/9x/ME/NT 4.0

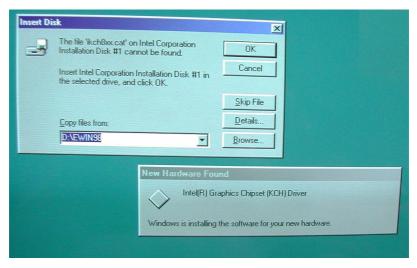
- 1. Insert the PCM-8500 CD-ROM into the CD-ROM Drive.
- From the CD-ROM, select the desired component Driver folder, and then select the desired Operation System folder to double click on the Setup.exe icon. A driver installation screen will appear.

Notice:

- 1. Take VGA driver installation under Windows 98 for example, choose the corresponding folder depending on your OS
- When installing the VGA driver under Windows 98, the system will ask you to reboot the computer. During the installation process, it will appear the pop up window as following.



3. Please press ok and it will appear the pop up window as following.

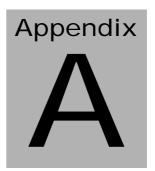


- 4. Please change the path to the installation folder and search for the two files named as ikch8xx.cat and isb8xx.cat.
- 3. A driver installation screen will appear, please follow the onscreen instructions to install the driver in sequence and click on the Next button.
 - (Notice: In some cases the system will ask you to insert Windows 98 CD ROM and key in its path. Then click on the OK button to key in path.)
- 4. Click on the **Finish** button to finish installation process. And allow the system to reboot.

4.2 Installation 2:

Applicable for Windows NT 4.0

- Insert the PCM-8500 CD ROM into the CD-ROM Drive.
- Start system with Windows NT 4.0 installed.
 IMPORTANT: When the "Please select the operating system to start..." message is displayed, select "Windows NT Workstation Version 4.00 [VGA model".
- From Start, select the Settings group and then click on the Control Panel icon.
- 4. In the **Control Panel**, select the desired device and click on the icon.
- 5. Follow the step-by-step instruction and click on **OK** button.
- 6. Click on the **Have Disk...** button.
- 7. Key in CD-ROM path and specify component drivers, then click on the **OK** button.
- 8. From the list of displayed devices, select your desired device.
- 9. If a message appears stating the driver is already installed on the system, and asks if you want to use the current or new drivers, be sure to select the **New** button.
- 10. If prompted for the driver diskette a second time, click on the **Continue** button.
 - (Notice: In some cases the system will ask you to insert Windows NT CD ROM. Follow its instructions to complete the setup procedures.)
- 11. When the message "The drivers were successfully installed" is displayed, click on the **OK** button.
- 12. Reboot the system.



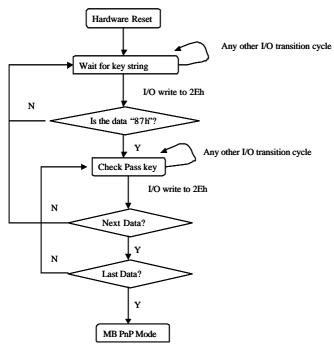
Programming the Watchdog Timer

A.1 Watchdog timer of PCM-8500

PCM-8500 utilizes ITE 8712 chipset as its watchdog timer controller. Here are the procedures below to complete its configuration and the AAEON intial watchdog timer program is also attached based on which you can develop customized program to fit your application.

A.2 Configuring sequence description

After the hardware reset or power-on reset, the ITE 8712 enters the normal mode with all logical devices disabled except KBC. The initial state (enable bit) of this logical device (KBC) is determined by the state of pin 121 (DTR1#) at the falling edge of the system reset during power-on reset.



There are three steps to complete the configuration setup:

- 1. Enter the MB PnP Mode;
- 2. Modify the data of configuration registers;
- 3. Exit the MB PnP Mode.

Undesired result may occur if the MB PnP Mode is not exited normally.

(1) Enter the MB PnP Mode

To enter the MB PnP Mode, four special I/O write operations are to be performed during Wait for Key state. To ensure the initial state of the key-check logic, it is necessary to perform four write operations to the Special Address port (2EH). Two different enter keys are provided to select configuration ports (2Eh/2Fh) of the next step.

	Address Port	Data Port
87h, 01h, 55h, 55h:	2Eh	2Fh

(2) Modify the Data of the Registers

All configuration registers can be accessed after entering the MB PnP Mode. Before accessing a selected register, the content of Index 07h must be changed to the LDN to which the register belongs, except some Global registers.

(3) Exit the MB PnP Mode

Set bit 1 of the configure control register (Index=02h) to **1** to exit the MB PnP Mode.

WatchDog Timer Configuration Registers

LDN Index R/W Reset Configuration Register or Action

All	02H	W	N/A	Configure Control
07H	71H	R/W	H00	WatchDog Timer Control Register
07H	72H	R/W	H00	WatchDog Timer Configuration Register
07H	73H	R/W	00H	WatchDog Timer Time-out Value

Register

Configure Control (Index=02h)

This register is write only. Its values are not sticky; that is to say, a hardware reset will automatically clear the bits, and does not require the software to clear them.

Bit Description

- 7-2 Reserved
- 1 Returns to the Wait for Key state. This bit is used when the configuration sequence is completed
- O Resets all logical devices and restores configuration registers to their power-on states.

WatchDog Timer Control Register (Index=71h, Default=00h)

Bit Description

- 7 WDT is reset upon a CIR interrupt
- 6 WDT is reset upon a KBC (mouse) interrupt
- 5 WDT is reset upon a KBC (keyboard) interrupt
- 4 WDT is reset upon a read or a write to the Game Port base address
- 3-2 Reserved
- 1 Force Time-out. This bit is self-clearing
- 0 WDT Status
 - 1: WDT value reaches 0.
 - 0: WDT value is not 0

WatchDog Timer Configuration Register (Index=72h, Default=00h)

Bit Description

- 7 WDT Time-out value select
 - 1: Second
 - 0: Minute
- 6 WDT output through KRST (pulse) enable
- 5-4 Reserved
- 3-0 Select the interrupt level Note for WDT

WatchDog Timer Time-out Value Register (Index=73h, Default=00h)

Bit Description

7-0 WDT Time-out value 7-0

A.3 ITE8712 WatchDog timer initial program

MODEL SMALL

CODE

Main:

CALL Enter Configuration mode

CALL Check_Chip

mov cl, 7

call Set Logic Device

;time setting

mov cl, 10; 10 Sec

dec al

Watch_Dog_Setting:

;Timer setting

mov al, cl

mov cl, 73h

call Superio_Set_Reg

;Clear by keyboard or mouse interrupt

mov al, 0f0h

mov cl, 71h

call Superio_Set_Reg

;unit is second.

mov al, 0C0H

mov cl, 72h

call Superio_Set_Reg

; game port enable

mov cl, 9

call Set_Logic_Device

Initial_OK:

CALL Exit_Configuration_mode

MOV AH,4Ch

INT 21h

Enter_Configuration_Mode PROC NEAR

MOV SI,WORD PTR CS:[Offset Cfg_Port]

MOV DX,02Eh

MOV CX,04h

Init_1:

MOV AL,BYTE PTR CS:[SI]

OUT DX,AL

INC SI

LOOP Init_1

RET

Enter_Configuration_Mode ENDP

Exit Configuration Mode PROC NEAR

MOV AX,0202h

CALL Write Configuration Data

RET

Exit_Configuration_Mode ENDP

Check_Chip PROC NEAR

MOV AL,20h

CALL Read Configuration Data

CMP AL,87h

JNE Not Initial

MOV AL,21h

CALL Read_Configuration_Data

CMP AL,12h

JNE Not_Initial

Need Initial:

STC

RET

Not_Initial:

CLC

RET

Check Chip ENDP

Read Configuration Data PROC NEAR

MOV DX,WORD PTR CS:[Cfg_Port+04h]

OUT DX,AL

MOV DX,WORD PTR CS:[Cfg_Port+06h]

IN AL,DX

RET

Read_Configuration_Data ENDP

Write_Configuration_Data PROC NEAR

MOV DX,WORD PTR CS:[Cfg_Port+04h]

OUT DX,AL

XCHG AL,AH

MOV DX,WORD PTR CS:[Cfg_Port+06h]

OUT DX,AL

RET

Write_Configuration_Data ENDP

Superio_Set_Reg proc near

push ax

MOV DX,WORD PTR CS:[Cfg_Port+04h]

mov al,cl

out dx,al

pop ax

inc dx

out dx,al

ret

Superio_Set_Reg endp

Set_Logic_Device proc near

push ax

push cx

xchg al,cl

mov cl,07h

call Superio_Set_Reg

pop cx

pop ax

ret

Set_Logic_Device

endp

;Select 02Eh->Index Port, 02Fh->Data Port

Cfg_Port DB 087h,001h,055h,055h

DW 02Eh,02Fh

END Main

Note: Interrupt level mapping

0Fh-Dh: not valid

0Ch: IRQ12

•

•

.

03h: IRQ3

02h: not valid

01h: IRQ1

00h: no interrupt selected