

# BOXER-6405

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Fanless Embedded Box PC

User's Manual 1<sup>st</sup> Ed

## Copyright Notice

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## Packing List

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Before setting up your product, please make sure the following items have been shipped:

Item	Quantity
● BOXER-6405	1
● Phoenix power connector	1
● Wallmount bracket	2
● Product DVD with User's Manual (in pdf) and drivers	1
● RAM Heat sink	1
● Thermal Pad	2
● Screw Pack	1

If any of these items are missing or damaged, please contact your distributor or sales representative immediately.

## About this Document

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This User's Manual contains all the essential information, such as detailed descriptions and explanations on the product's hardware and software features (if any), its specifications, dimensions, jumper/connector settings/definitions, and driver installation instructions (if any), to facilitate users in setting up their product.

Users may refer to the [AAEON.com](http://AAEON.com) for the latest version of this document.

## Safety Precautions

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Please read the following safety instructions carefully. It is advised that you keep this manual for future references

1. All cautions and warnings on the device should be noted.
2. All cables and adapters supplied by AAEON are certified and in accordance with the material safety laws and regulations of the country of sale. Do not use any cables or adapters not supplied by AAEON to prevent system malfunction or fires.
3. Make sure the power source matches the power rating of the device.
4. Position the power cord so that people cannot step on it. Do not place anything over the power cord.
5. Always completely disconnect the power before working on the system's hardware.
6. No connections should be made when the system is powered as a sudden rush of power may damage sensitive electronic components.
7. If the device is not to be used for a long time, disconnect it from the power supply to avoid damage by transient over-voltage.
8. Always disconnect this device from any AC supply before cleaning.
9. While cleaning, use a damp cloth instead of liquid or spray detergents.
10. Make sure the device is installed near a power outlet and is easily accessible.
11. Keep this device away from humidity.
12. Place the device on a solid surface during installation to prevent falls
13. Do not cover the openings on the device to ensure optimal heat dissipation.
14. Watch out for high temperatures when the system is running.
15. Do not touch the heat sink or heat spreader when the system is running
16. Never pour any liquid into the openings. This could cause fire or electric shock.

17. As most electronic components are sensitive to static electrical charge, be sure to ground yourself to prevent static charge when installing the internal components. Use a grounding wrist strap and contain all electronic components in any static-shielded containers.
18. If any of the following situations arises, please the contact our service personnel:
  - i. Damaged power cord or plug
  - ii. Liquid intrusion to the device
  - iii. Exposure to moisture
  - iv. Device is not working as expected or in a manner as described in this manual
  - v. The device is dropped or damaged
  - vi. Any obvious signs of damage displayed on the device
19. **DO NOT LEAVE THIS DEVICE IN AN UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT WITH TEMPERATURES BEYOND THE DEVICE'S PERMITTED STORAGE TEMPERATURES (SEE CHAPTER 1) TO PREVENT DAMAGE.**

### **Warning!**



This device complies with Part 15 FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received including interference that may cause undesired operation.

### **Caution:**

*There is a danger of explosion if the battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions and your local government's recycling or disposal directives.*

### **Attention:**

*Il y a un risque d'explosion si la batterie est remplacée de façon incorrecte. Ne la remplacer qu'avec le même modèle ou équivalent recommandé par le constructeur. Recycler les batteries usées en accord avec les instructions du fabricant et les directives gouvernementales de recyclage.*



## China RoHS Requirements (CN)

产品中有毒有害物质或元素名称及含量

AAEON Embedded Box PC/ Industrial System

部件名称	有毒有害物质或元素					
	铅 (Pb)	汞 (Hg)	镉 (Cd)	六价铬 (Cr(VI))	多溴联苯 (PBB)	多溴二苯醚 (PBDE)
印刷电路板 及其电子组件	○	○	○	○	○	○
外部信号 连接器及线材	○	○	○	○	○	○
外壳	○	○	○	○	○	○
中央处理器 与内存	○	○	○	○	○	○
硬盘	○	○	○	○	○	○
电源	○	○	○	○	○	○

O: 表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有均质材料中的含量均在 SJ/T 11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求以下。

X: 表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出 SJ/T 11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求。

备注:

一、此产品所标示之环保使用期限, 系指在一般正常使用状况下。

二、上述部件物质中央处理器、内存、硬盘、电源为选购品。

## China RoHS Requirement (EN)

Poisonous or Hazardous Substances or Elements in Products  
 AAEON Embedded Box PC/ Industrial System

Component	Poisonous or Hazardous Substances or Elements					
	Lead (Pb)	Mercury (Hg)	Cadmium (Cd)	Hexavalent Chromium (Cr(VI))	Polybrominated Biphenyls (PBB)	Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDE)
PCB & Other Components	○	○	○	○	○	○
Wires & Connectors for External Connections	○	○	○	○	○	○
Chassis	○	○	○	○	○	○
CPU & RAM	○	○	○	○	○	○
Hard Disk	○	○	○	○	○	○
PSU	○	○	○	○	○	○

O: The quantity of poisonous or hazardous substances or elements found in each of the component's parts is below the SJ/T 11363-2006-stipulated requirement.

X: The quantity of poisonous or hazardous substances or elements found in at least one of the component's parts is beyond the SJ/T 11363-2006-stipulated requirement.

**Note:** The Environment Friendly Use Period as labeled on this product is applicable under normal usage only

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# Chapter 1

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Product Specifications

## 1.1 Specifications

### System

- **Processor**
  - Intel® Celeron® processor N3350 (6405)
  - Intel® Pentium® processor N4200 (6405M)
- **System Memory**
  - DDR3L SO-DIMM slot x 1
  - Supports 1867MHz and up to 8GB
  - Support un-buffered and non-ECC type SO-DIMM
- **Chipset**
  - Integrated into SoC
- **Storage**
  - 2.5" Drive bay \*1 for SSD/HDD (for 6405M, 6405 no bracket)
  - Minicard \*1 for optional mSATA
- **I/O**
  - RS-232/422/485 x 3 with automatic flow control (switch by BIOS)
  - USB Type A x 4 for USB3.0
  - VGA x 1
  - HDMI x 1 LAN x 2
  - Remote On/Off x 1 Mic-in x 1, Line-out x 1
  - Antenna holes x 1 Power button Power input
  - Power LED (w/power button)
- **Front Indicators**
- **Expansion Slot**
  - Full-size Mini PCIe slot x 1 (PCIe/USB/SIM slot), one screw
  - Half-size Minicard slot x 1 (optional for mSATA)
- **OS Support**
  - Windows® 10
  - Windows® 10 IOT Linux

### Mechanical

- **Mounting** Wallmount  
VSEA mount
- **Dimension (W x H x D)** 166 mm(W) x 37mm(H) x 106mm(D)
- **Gross Weight** 3.6 lb (1.6 kg)
- **Net Weight** 1.76 lb (0.8 kg)

## Environmental

- **Operating Temperature** -22°F ~ 140°F (-30°C ~ 60°C) with W.T.  
SSD/HDD/mSATA (according to IEC682-14 with  
0.5 m/s AirFlow; with industrial devices)
- **Storage Temperature** -49°F ~ 176°F (-45°C ~ 80°C)
- **Operating Humidity** 5~95% @ 40°C, non-condensing
- **Anti-Vibration** 3 Grms/ 5 ~ 500Hz/ operation – mSATA/SSD  
1 Grms/ 5~ 500Hz/ operation – HDD
- **Anti-Shock** -
- **EMC** CE/FCC Class A

## Power Supply

- **Power Requirement** 9-24V with 3-pin terminal block



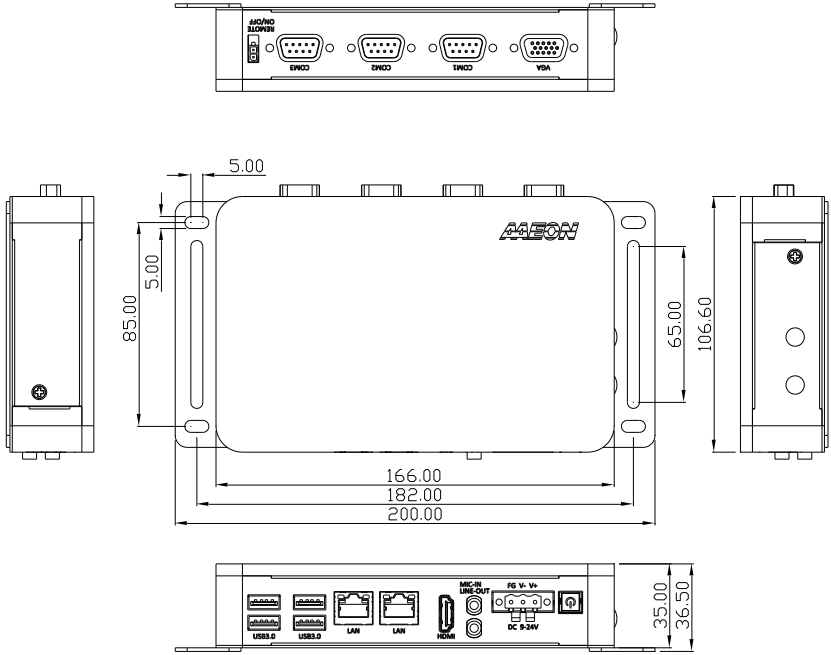
# Chapter 2

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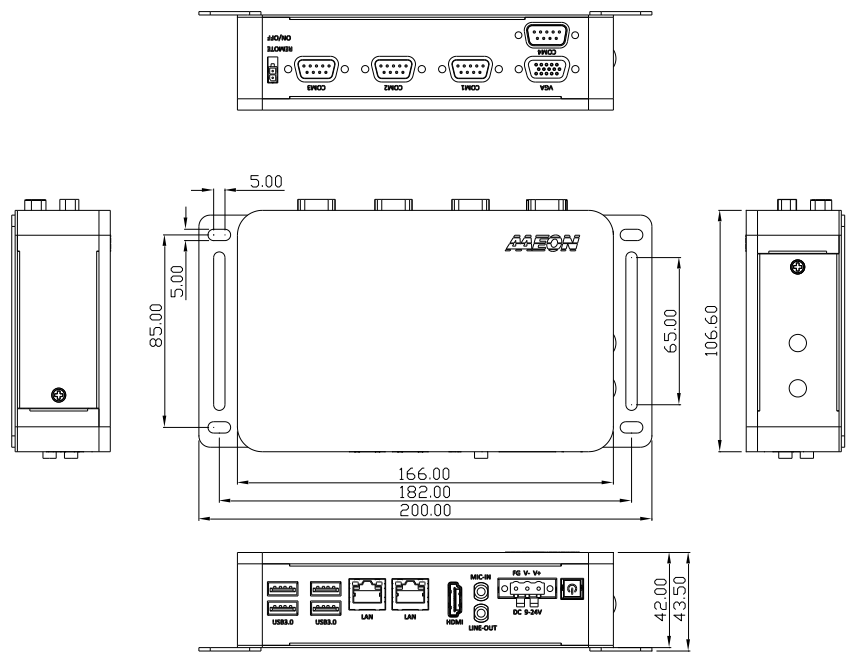
Hardware Information

## 2.1 Dimensions

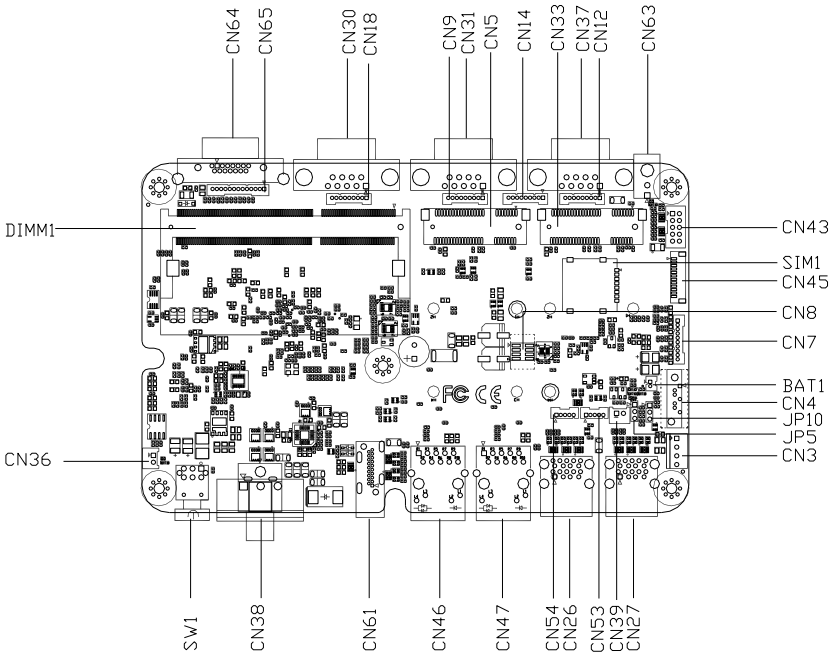
### BOXER-6405



# BOXER-6405M



## 2.2 Jumpers and connectors



## 2.3 List of Jumpers

Please refer to the table below for all of the system's jumpers that you can configure for your application

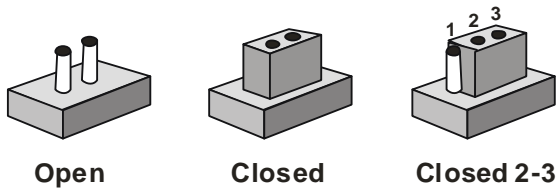
Label	Function
JP5	AT/ATX mode select
JP10	Clear CMOS

### 2.3.1 Setting Jumpers

You configure your card to match the needs of your application by setting jumpers. A jumper is the simplest kind of electric switch. It consists of two metal pins and a small metal clip (often protected by a plastic cover) that slides over the pins to connect them.

To "close" a jumper you connect the pins with the clip.

To "open" a jumper you remove the clip. Sometimes a jumper will have three pins, labeled 1, 2 and 3. In this case you would connect either pins 1 and 2 or 2 and 3.

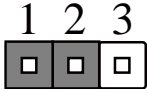


A pair of needle-nose pliers may be helpful when working with jumpers.

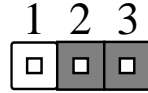
If you have any doubts about the best hardware configuration for your application, contact your local distributor or sales representative before you make any change.

Generally, you simply need a standard cable to make most connections.

### 2.3.2 Auto Power Button (JP5)



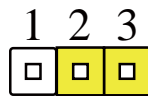
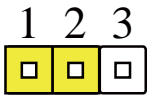
Disable



Enable (Default)

JP5	Function
1-2	ATX (Default)-
2-3	AT

### 2.3.3 Clear CMOS (JP10)



JP10	Function
1-2	Normal (Default)
2-3	Clear CMOS

## 2.4 List of Connectors

Please refer to the table below for all of the system's connectors that you can configure for your application

Label	Function
CN64	CRT port
CN65	CRT port (BOX connector)
CN38	DC-IN
CN61	HDMI connector
CN8	SPI ROM connector
CN26	Dual stack USB (3.0/2.0)
CN27	Dual stack USB (3.0/2.0)
CN7	Audio Jack Connector (BOX connector)
CN63	Remote button connector
CN36	Remote button cable connector (BOX connector)
CN53	USB 2.0 Connector (BOX connector)
CN54	USB 2.0 Connector (BOX connector)
CN46	RJ-45 LAN connector
CN47	RJ-45 LAN connector
CN30	COM1 Port (RS232/422/485)
CN31	COM2 Port (RS232/422/485)
CN37	COM3 Port (RS232/422/485)
CN18	COM1 Port BOX connector (RS232/422/485)
CN9	COM2 Port BOX connector (RS232/422/485)
CN12	COM3 Port BOX connector (RS232/422/485)
CN14	COM4 Port BOX connector (RS232/422/485)
SW1	Power button connector (BOX connector)
CN43	DIO connector

<b>CN3</b>	SATA PWR connector
<b>CN4</b>	SATA connector
<b>BAT1</b>	RTC battery connector
<b>CN45</b>	Debug port connector
<b>CN33</b>	Minicard connector
<b>CN5</b>	Minicard connector
<b>SIM1</b>	SIM1 card connector
<b>CN39</b>	SATA LED connector
<b>DIMM1</b>	SO DIMM connector



## 2.4.1 Mini Card Connector (CN33, CN5)

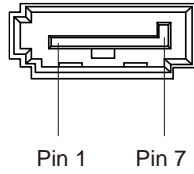
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	PCIE_WAKE#	2	+V3.3A
3	NC	4	GND
5	NC	6	+1.5V
7	PCIE_CLK_REQ#	8	UIM_PWR
9	GND	10	UIM_DATA
11	PCIE_REF_CLK-	12	UIM_CLK
13	PCIE_REF_CLK+	14	UIM_RST
15	GND	16	UIM_VPP
17	NC	18	GND
19	NC	20	W_DISABLE#
21	GND	22	PCIE_RST#
23	PCIE_RX-	24	+V3.3A
25	PCIE_RX+	26	GND
27	GND	28	+1.5V
29	GND	30	SMB_CLK
31	PCIE_TX-	32	SMB_DATA
33	PCIE_TX+	34	GND
35	GND	36	USB_D-
37	GND	38	USB_D+
39	+V3.3A	40	GND
41	+V3.3A	42	NC
43	GND	44	NC
45	NC	46	NC
47	NC	48	+1.5V

49	NC	50	GND
51	NC	52	+V3.3A

## 2.4.2 LPC Port (CN45)

Pin	Pin Name	Signal Type	Signal Level
1	LAD0	I/O	+3.3V
2	LAD1	I/O	+3.3V
3	LAD2	I/O	+3.3V
4	LAD3	I/O	+3.3V
5	+3.3V	PWR	+3.3V
6	LFRAME#	IN	
7	LRESET#	OUT	+3.3V
8	GND	GND	
9	LCLK	OUT	
10	I2C CLK	I/O	+3.3V
11	I2C DATA	I/O	+3.3V
12	SERIRQ	I/O	+3.3V

### 2.4.3 SATA Port (CN4)

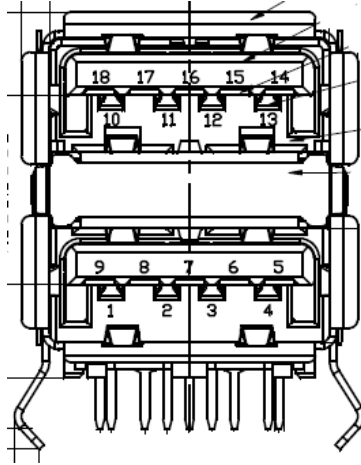


Pin	Pin Name	Signal Type	Signal Level
1	GND #	GND	
2	SATA_TX+	DIFF	
3	SATA_TX-	DIFF	
4	GND	GND	
5	SATA_RX-	DIFF	
6	SATA_RX+	DIFF	
7	GND	GND	

### 2.4.4 SATA PWR Port (CN3)

Pin	Pin Name	Level
1	+12V	12V
2	GND	GND
3	GND	GND
4	+5V	5V

## 2.4.5 USB 3.0 (CN26, CN27)



Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	VBUS_1	2	VBUS_2
3	(A)D-	4	(B)D-
5	(A)D+	6	(B)D+
7	GND	8	GND
9	(A)SSRX-	10	(B)SSRX-
11	(A)SSRX+	12	(B)SSRX+
13	GND	14	GND
15	(A)SSTX-	16	(B)SSTX-
17	(A)SSTX+	18	(B)SSTX+

## 2.4.6 VGA Port (CN64)

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Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	Red	2	Green
3	Blue	4	NC
5	GND	6	GND
7	GND	8	GND
9	VGA_VCC	10	GND
11	NC	12	DDC_DATA
13	HSYNC	14	VSYNC
15	DDC_CLK		

## 2.4.7 VGA port BOX connector (CN65)

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Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	VSYNC	2	HSYNC
3	NC	4	DDC_CLK
5	DDC_DATA	6	GND
7	Blue	8	GND
9	Green	10	GND
11	Red	12	GND
13	VGA_VCC		

## 2.4.8 DC-IN (CN38)

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Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	PWR_IN	2	GND
3	NC		

## 2.4.9 HDMI Port (CN61)

---

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	HDMI_DATA2_P	2	GND
3	HDMI_DATA2_N	4	HDMI_DATA1_P
5	GND	6	HDMI_DATA1_N
7	HDMI_DATA0_P	8	GND
9	HDMI_DATA0_N	10	HDMI_CLK_P
11	GND	12	HDMI_CLK_N
13	NC	14	NC
15	HDMI_SCL	16	HDMI_SDA
17	GND	18	HDMI_PWR
19	HDMI_HDP		

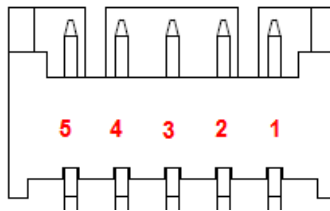
### 2.4.10 SPI ROM connector for debugging (CN8)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	SPI_VCC	2	GND
3	SPI_CE	4	SPI_CLK
5	SPI_DATA_OUT	6	SPI_DATA_IN
7	NC	8	NC

### 2.4.11 Remote switch connector (CN63)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	PANSWH#	2	GND

### 2.4.12 USB2.0 connector (internal BOX connector) (CN53, CN54)

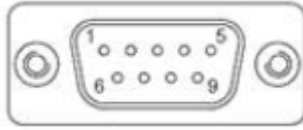


Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	VBUS	2	USB1-
3	USB+	4	GND
5	GND		

### 2.4.13 Power Switch connector (internal BOX connector) (CN36)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	PANSWH#	2	GND-

### 2.4.14 COM port RS-232/422/485 (CN30/CN31/CN37)



Pin	RS-232	RS-422	RS-485
1	DCD	TX-	DATA-
2	RXD	TX+	DATA+
3	TXD	RX+	NC
4	DTR	RX-	NC
5	GND	NC	NC
6	DSR	NC	NC
7	RTS	NC	NC
8	CTS	NC	NC
9	RI	NC	NC



2.4.15 COM port RS-232/422/485 BOX connector  
(CN18/CN9/CN12/CN14)

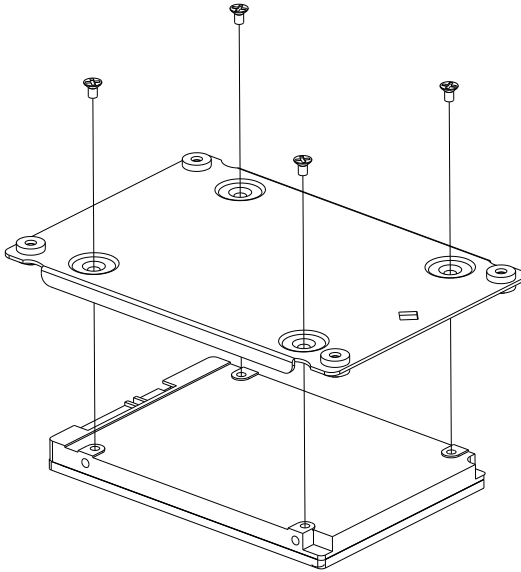
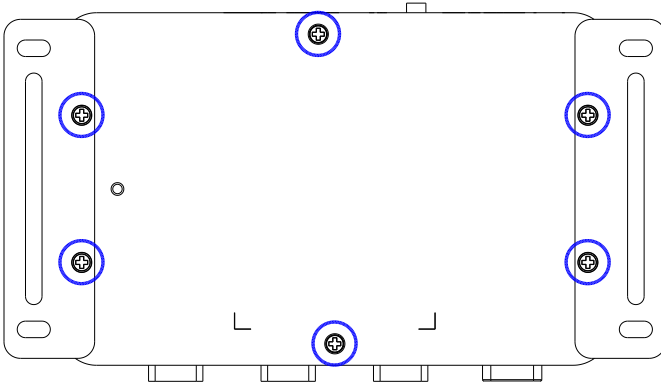
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Pin	RS-232	RS-422	RS-485
1	DCD	TX-	DATA-
2	DSR	NC	NC
3	RXD	TX+	DATA+
4	RTS	NC	NC
5	TXD	RX+	NC
6	CTS	NC	NC
7	DTR	RX-	NC
8	RI	NC	NC
9	GND	NC	NC

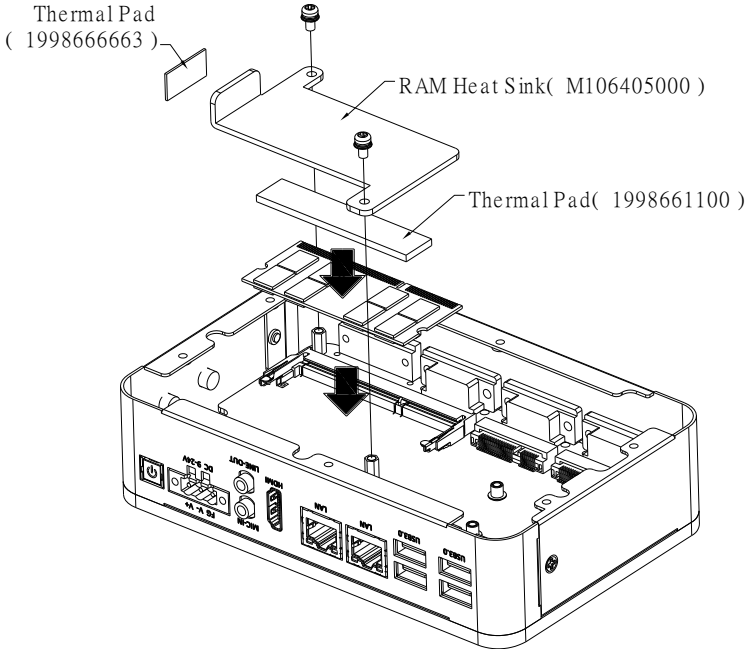
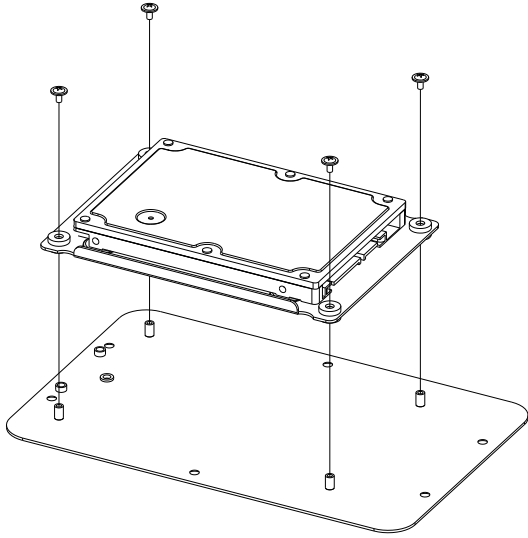
## 2.5 Installing DRAM

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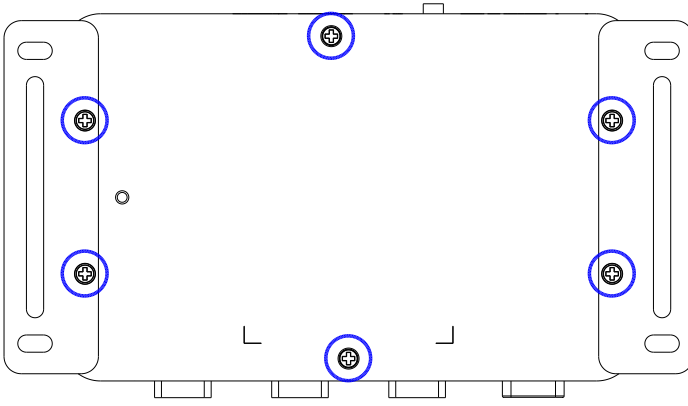
1. Remove the screws as shown below; then remove the cover.



- Put the thermal pad on between the chassis and the RAM, slot in the RAM diagonally into the slot and push down to secure.



3. Re-tighten the screws



# Chapter 3

---

AMI BIOS Setup

## 3.1 System Test and Initialization

---

The system uses certain routines to perform testing and initialization. If an error, fatal or non-fatal, is encountered, a few short beeps or an error message will be outputted. The board can usually continue the boot up sequence with non-fatal errors.

The system configuration verification routines check the current system configuration against the values stored in the CMOS memory. If they do not match, an error message will be outputted, in which case you will need to run the BIOS setup program to set the configuration information in memory.

There are three situations in which you will need to change the CMOS settings:

- You are starting your system for the first time
- You have changed your system's hardware
- The CMOS memory has lost power and the configuration information is erased

The system's CMOS memory uses a backup battery for data retention, which is to be replaced once emptied.

## 3.2 AMI BIOS Setup

---

The AMI BIOS ROM has a pre-installed Setup program that allows users to modify basic system configurations, which is stored in the battery-backed CMOS RAM and BIOS NVRAM so that the information is retained when the power is turned off.

To enter BIOS Setup, press <Del> or <F2> immediately while your computer is powering up.

The function for each interface can be found below.

**Main** – Date and time can be set here. Press <Tab> to switch between date elements

**Advanced** – Enable/ Disable boot option for legacy network devices

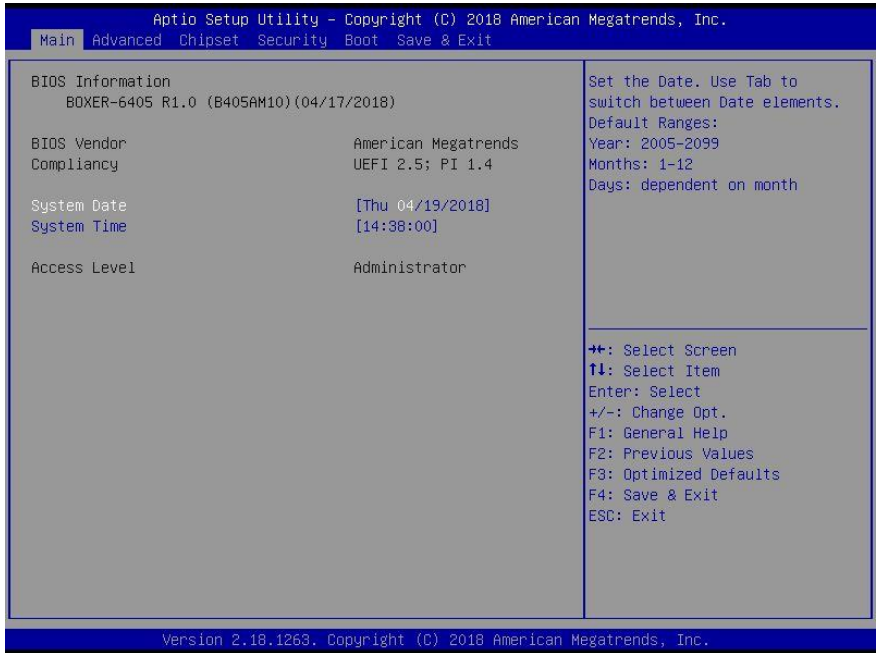
**Chipset** – For hosting bridge parameters

**Boot** – Enable/ Disable quiet Boot Option

**Security** – The setup administrator password can be set here

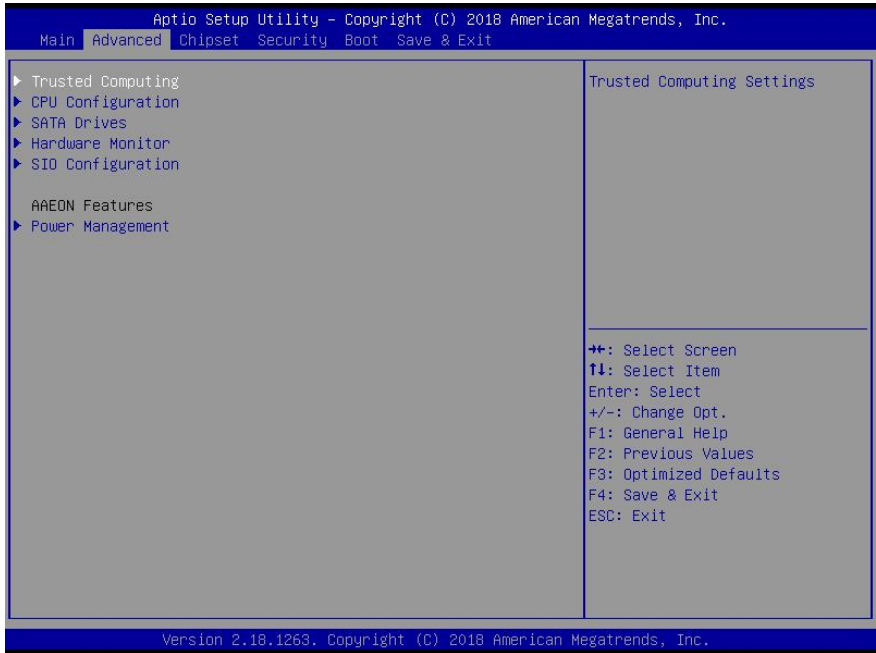
**Save & Exit** – Save your changes and exit the program

### 3.3 Setup Submenu: Main

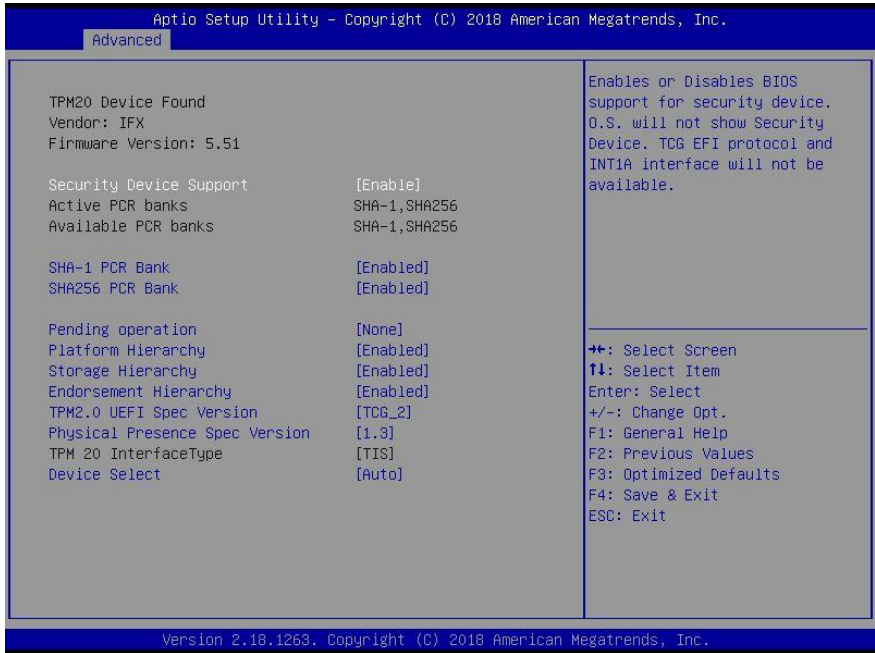




### 3.4 Setup Submenu: Advanced



### 3.4.1 Advanced: Trusted Computing

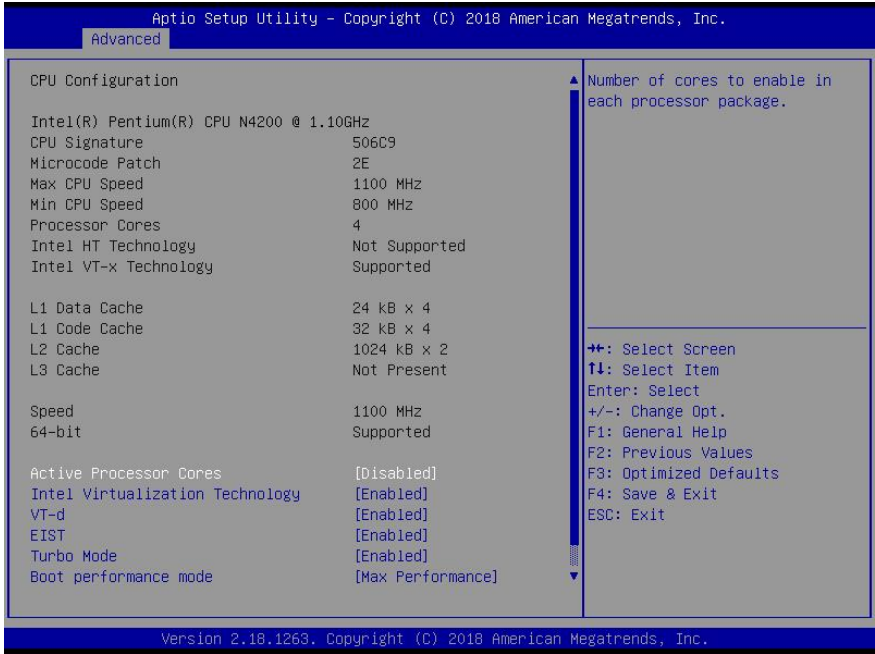


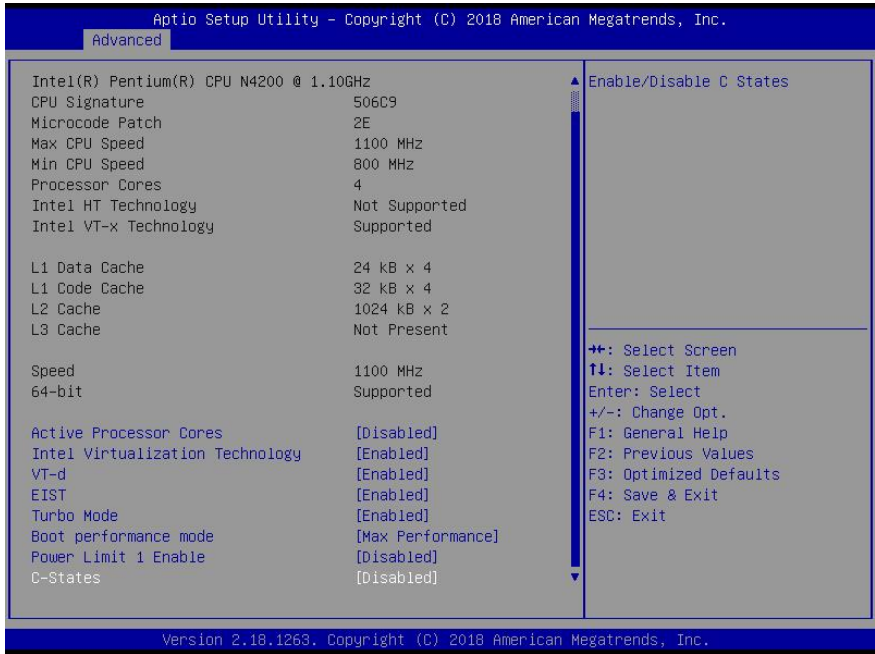
Options summary:

Security Device Support	Disabled	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	Enabled	
Enable/Disable Security Device. NOTE: Your Computer will reboot during restart in order to change State of the Device.		
SHA-1 PCR Bank	Disabled	
	Enabled	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
Enable or Disable SHA-1 PCR Bank		
SHA256 PCR Bank	Disabled	
	Enabled	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
Enable or Disable SHA256 PCR Bank		
Pending Operation	TPM Clear	
	None	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
Schedule an Operation for the Security Device. NOTE: Your Computer will reboot during restart in order to change State of Security Device.		
Platform Hierarchy	Disabled	
	Enabled	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default

Enable or Disable Platform Hierarchy		
Storage Hierarchy	Disabled	
	Enabled	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
Enable or Disable Storage Hierarchy		
Endorsement Hierarchy	Disabled	
	Enabled	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
Enable or Disable Endorsement Hierarchy		
TPM2.0 UEFI Spec Version	TCG_2	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	TCG_1_2	
Select the TCG2 Spec Version Support, TCG_1_2: the Compatible mode for Win8/Win10, TCG_2: Support new TCG2 protocol and event format for Win10 or later		
Physical presence Spec Version	1.3	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	1.2	
Select to Tell O.S. to support PPI Spec Version 1.2 or 1.3. Note some HCK tests might not support 1.3.		
TPM 20 InterfaceType	TIS	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	CRB	
Select the Communication Interface to TPM 20 Device.		
Device Select	Auto	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	TPM 1.2	
	TPM 2.0	
TPM 1.2 will restrict support to TPM 1.2 devices, TPM 2.0 will restrict support to TPM 2.0 devices, Auto will support both with the default set to TPM 2.0 devices if not found, TPM 1.2 devices will be enumerated		

### 3.4.2 Advanced: CPU Configuration





Options summary:

Active Processor Cores	Disabled	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	Enabled	
Number of cores to enable in each processor package		
Intel Virtualization Technology	Disabled	
	Enabled	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
When enabled, a VMM can utilize the additional hardware capabilities provided by Vanderpool Technology.		
VT-d	Disabled	
	Enabled	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
Enable/Disable CPU VT-d		
EIST	Disabled	
	Enabled	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
Enable/Disable Intel SpeedStep		
Turbo Mode	Disabled	
	Enabled	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
Turbo Mode		
Boot performance mode	Max performance	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	Max battery	
Select the performance state that the BIOS will set before OS handoff		

Power Limit 1 Enable	Disabled	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	Enabled	
Enable/Disable Power Limit 1		
C-States	Disabled	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	Enabled	
Enable/Disable C States		

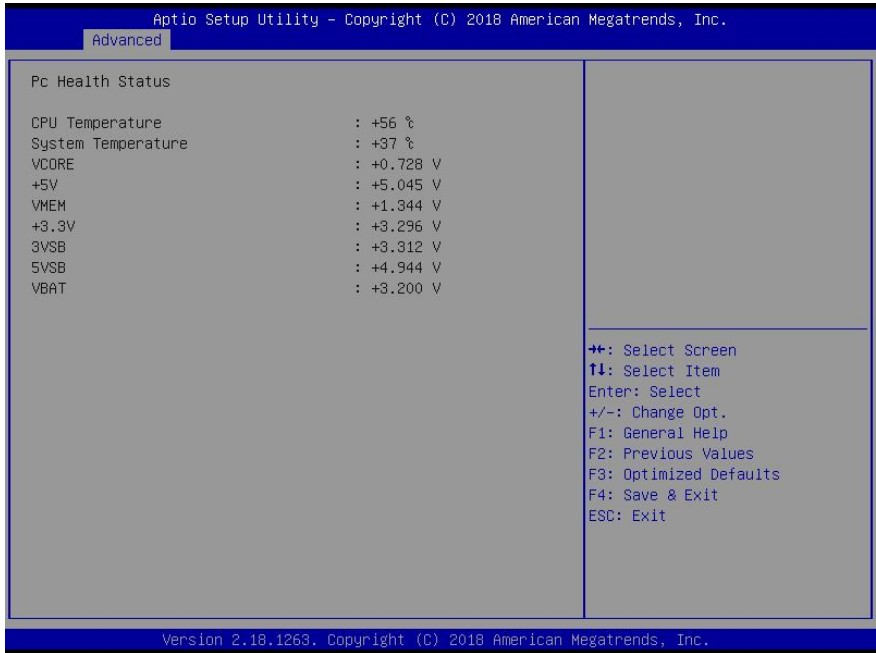
### 3.4.3 Advanced: SATA Drives



Options summary:

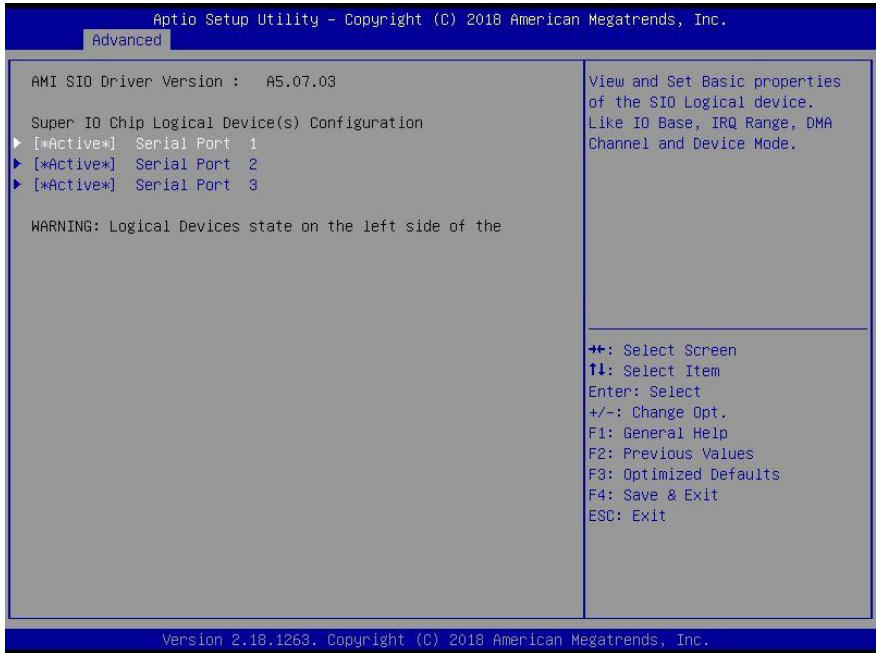
Chipset SATA	Enable	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	Disable	
Enable or Disable the Chipset SATA Controller. The Chipset SATA controller supports the 2 black internal SATA ports (up to 3Gb/s supported per port)		
Port	Enable	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	Disable	
Enable or Disable SATA Port		
Port	Enable	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	Disable	
Enable or Disable SATA Port		

### 3.4.4 Advanced: Hardware Monitor

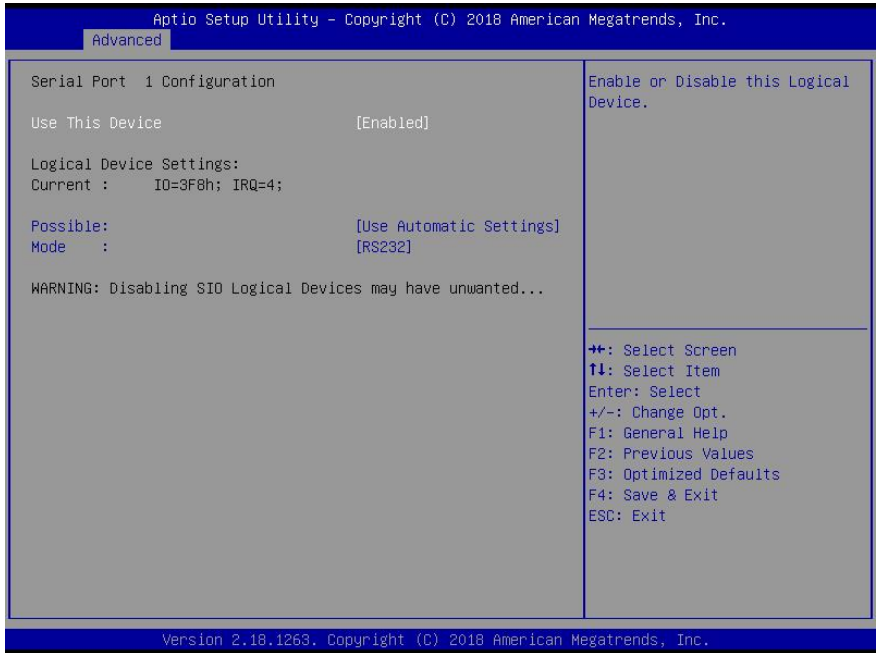




### 3.4.5 Advanced: SIO Configuration



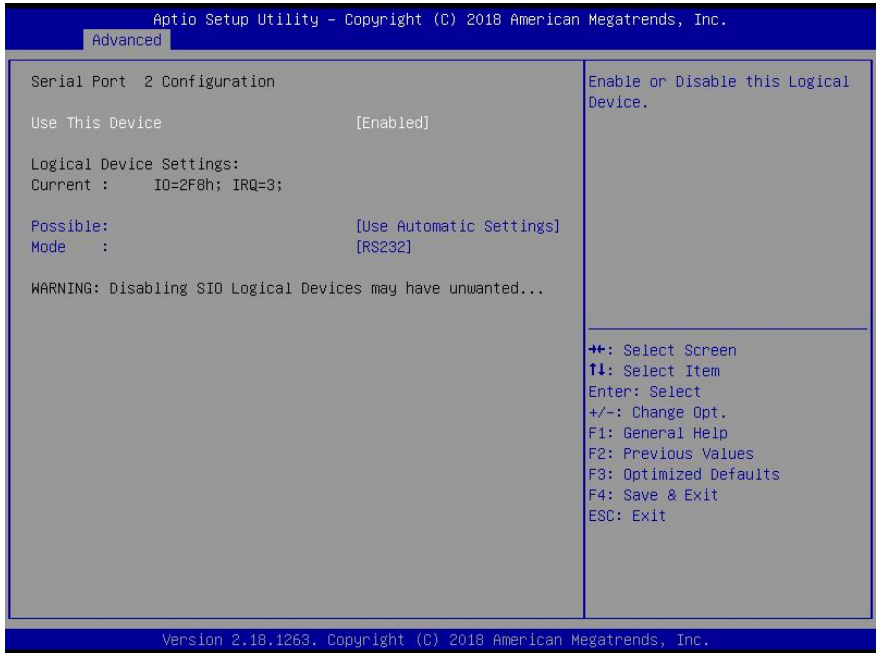
### 3.4.5.1 SIO Configuration: Serial Port 1 Configuration



Options summary:

Use This Device	Disabled	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	Enabled	
Enable or Disable this Logical Device.		
Possible:	Use Automatic Settings	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	IO=3F8; IRQ=4;	
	IO=2F8; IRQ=3;	
Allows the user to change the device resource settings. New settings will be reflected on this setup page after system restarts.		
Mode:	RS232	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	RS422	
	RS458	
UART RS232 RS422 RS485 selection		

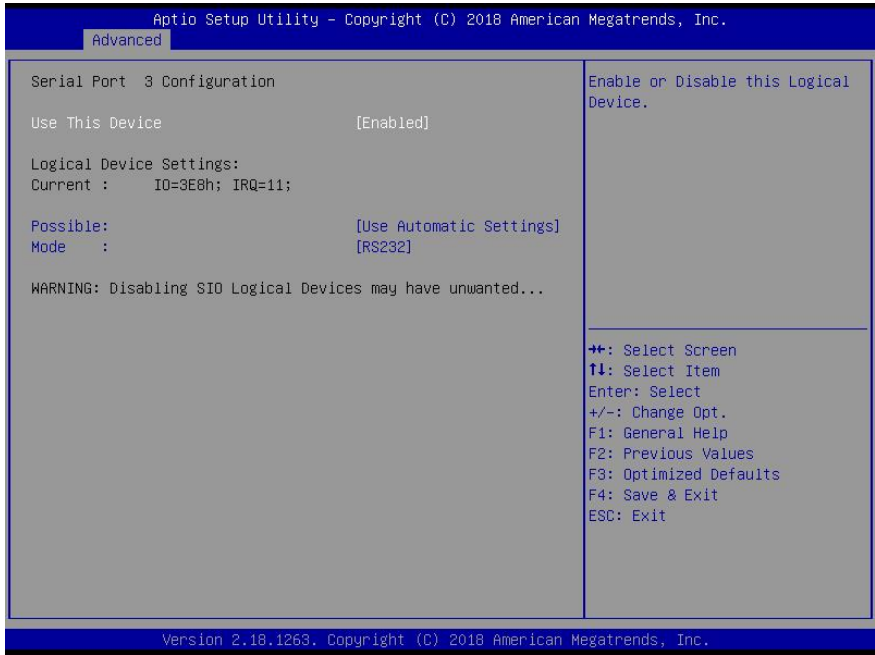
### 3.4.5.2 SIO Configuration: Serial Port 2 Configuration



Options summary:

Use This Device	Disabled	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	Enabled	
Enable or Disable this Logical Device.		
Possible:	Use Automatic Settings	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	IO=2F8; IRQ=3;	
	IO=3F8; IRQ=4;	
Allows the user to change the device resource settings. New settings will be reflected on this setup page after system restarts.		
Mode:	RS232	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	RS422	
	RS458	
UART RS232 RS422 RS485 selection		

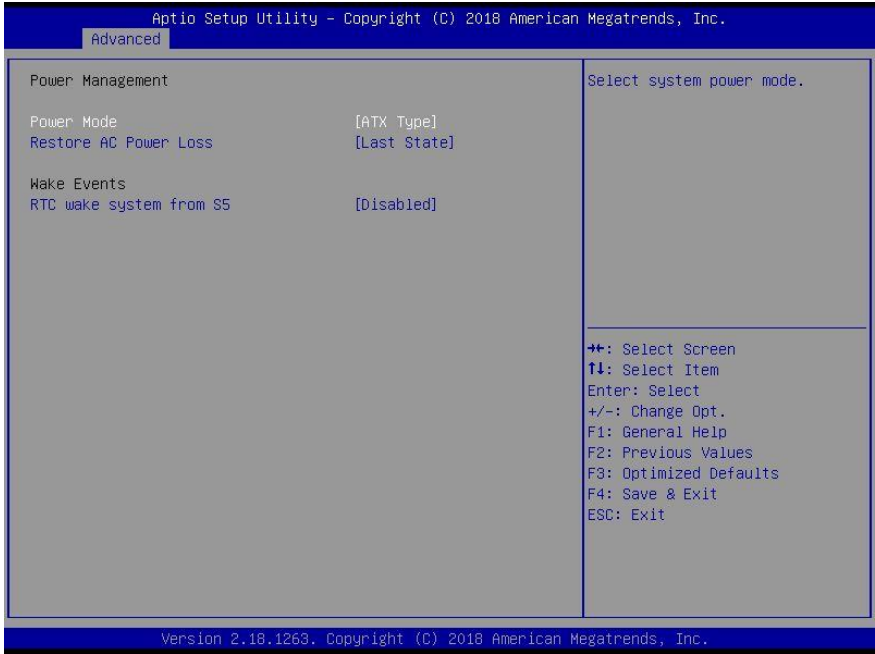
### 3.4.5.3 SIO Configuration: Serial Port 3 Configuration



Options summary:

Use This Device	Disabled	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	Enabled	
Enable or Disable this Logical Device.		
Possible:	Use Automatic Settings	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	IO=3E8; IRQ=11;	
	IO=2E8; IRQ=11;	
Allows the user to change the device resource settings. New settings will be reflected on this setup page after system restarts.		
Mode:	RS232	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	RS422	
	RS458	
UART RS232 RS422 RS485 selection		

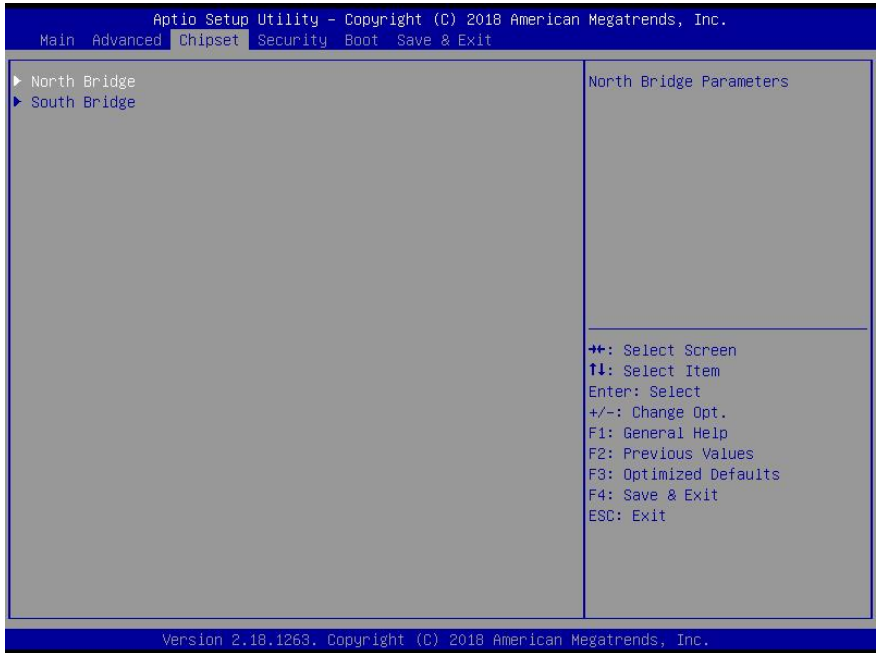
### 3.4.6 Power Management



Options summary:

Power Mode	ATX Type	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	AT Type	
Select system power mode.		
Restore AC Power Loss	Last State	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	Power On	
	Power Loss	
RTC wake system from S5	Disabled	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	Fixed Time	
	Dynamic Time	
Enable or disable System wake on alarm event. When enabled, System will wake on the hr::min::sec specified		

### 3.5 Setup submenu: Chipset



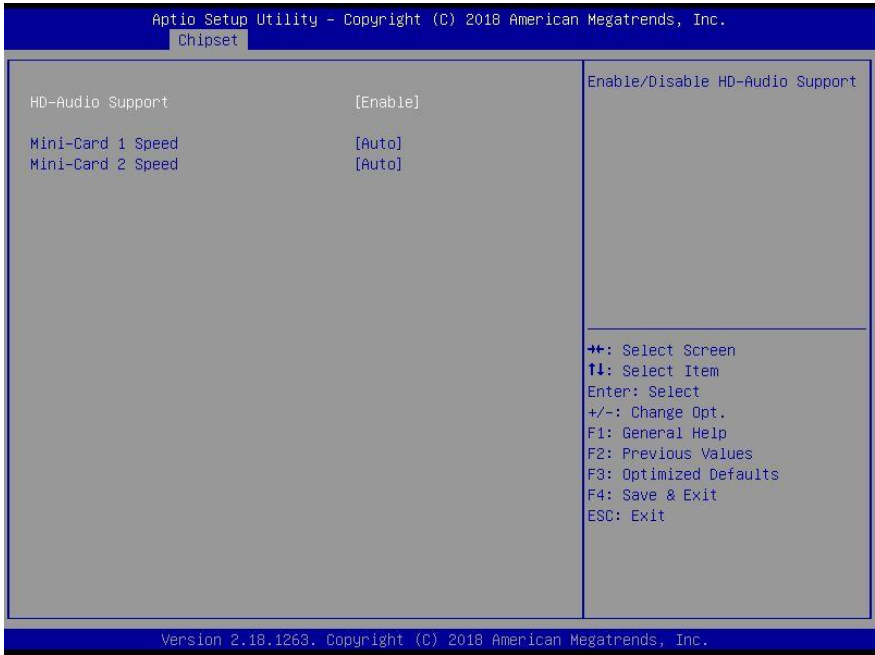
### 3.5.1 Chipset: North Bridge



Options summary:

DCMT Total Gfx Mem	128M	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	256M	
	MAX	
Select DVMT5.0 Total Graphics Memory size used by the Internal Graphics Device		

### 3.5.2 Chipset: South Bridge

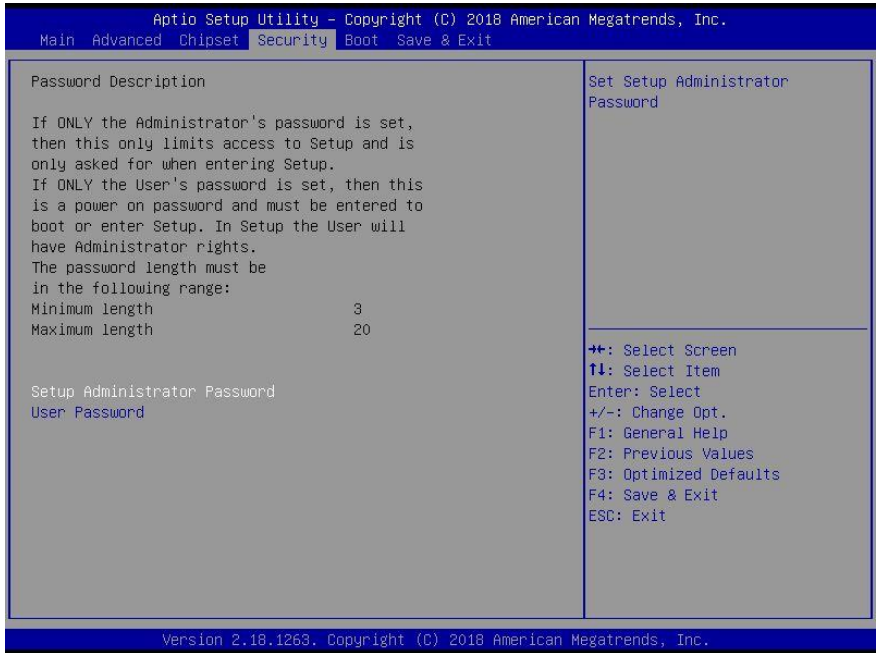


Options summary:

HD-Audio Support	Disable	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	Enable	
Enable/Disable HD-Audio Support		
Mini-Card 1 Speed	Auto	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	Gen 1	
	Gen 2	
Configure PCIe Speed		
Mini-Card 2 Speed	Auto	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	Gen 1	
	Gen 2	
Configure PCIe Speed		



## 3.6 Setup submenu: Security



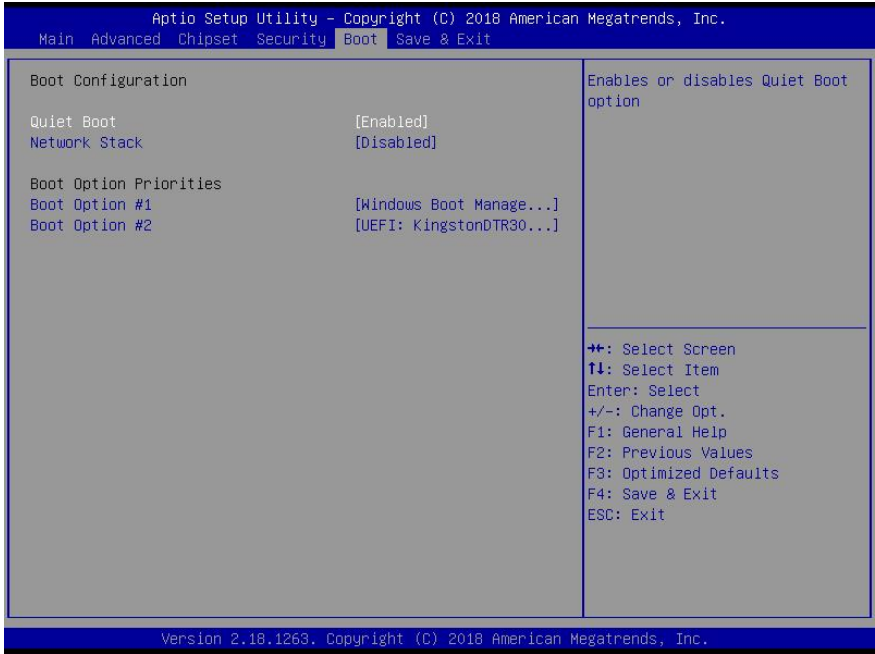
### Change User/Administrator Password

You can set a User Password once an Administrator Password is set. The password will be required during boot up, or when the user enters the Setup utility. Please Note that a User Password does not provide access to many of the features in the Setup utility. Select the password you wish to set, press Enter to open a dialog box to enter your password (you can enter no more than six letters or numbers). Press Enter to confirm your entry, after which you will be prompted to retype your password for a final confirmation. Press Enter again after you have retyped it correctly.

### Removing the Password

Highlight this item and type in the current password. At the next dialog box press Enter to disable password protection.

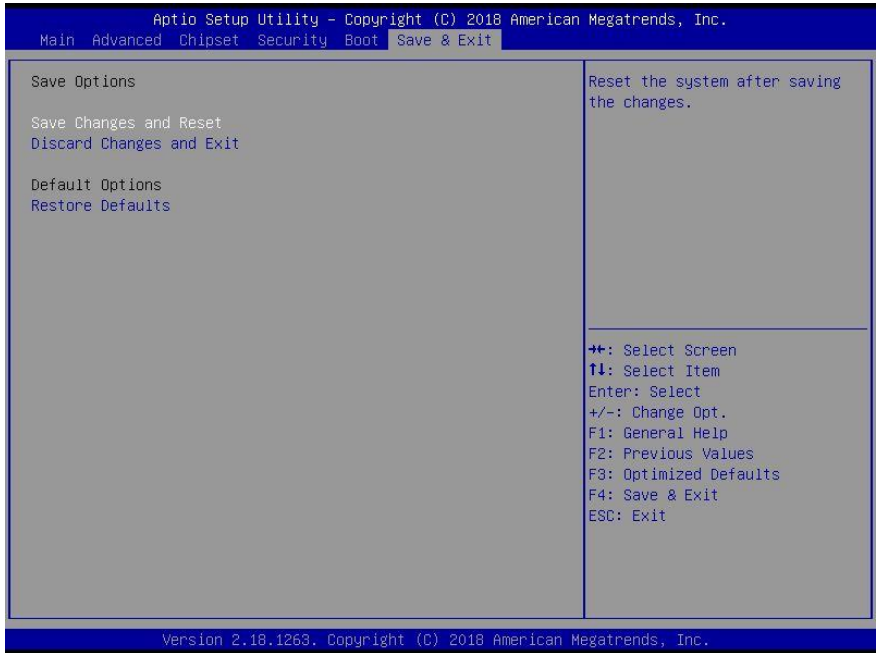
### 3.7 Setup submenu: Boot



Options summary:

Quiet Boot	Disabled	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	Enabled	
Enable or Disable Quiet Boot option		
Network Stack	Disabled	Optimal Default, Failsafe Default
	Enabled	
Enable/Disable UEFI Network Stack		

### 3.8 Setup submenu: Save & Exit



# Chapter 4

---

Drivers Installation

## 4.1 Product CD/DVD

---

The BOXER-6405 comes with a product DVD that contains all the drivers and utilities you need to setup your product. Insert the DVD and follow the steps in the autorun program to install the drivers.

In case the program does not start, follow the sequence below to install the drivers.

### Step 1 – Install Chipset Drivers

1. Open the **Step 1 - Chipset** folder and select your OS
2. Open the **SetupChipset.exe** file in the folder
3. Follow the instructions
4. Drivers will be installed automatically

### Step 2 – Install Graphics Driver

1. Open the **Step 2 - Graphics** folder and select your OS
2. Open the **Setup.exe** file in the folder
3. Follow the instructions
4. Drivers will be installed automatically

### Step 3 – Install LAN Driver

1. Open the **Step 3 - LAN** folder and select your OS
2. Open the **Setup.exe** file in the folder
3. Follow the instructions
4. Drivers will be installed automatically

#### Step 4 – Install USB 3.0 Drivers (Windows 7 only)

1. Open the **Step 4 – USB 3.0** followed by the **Setup.exe** file
2. Follow the instructions
3. Drivers will be installed automatically

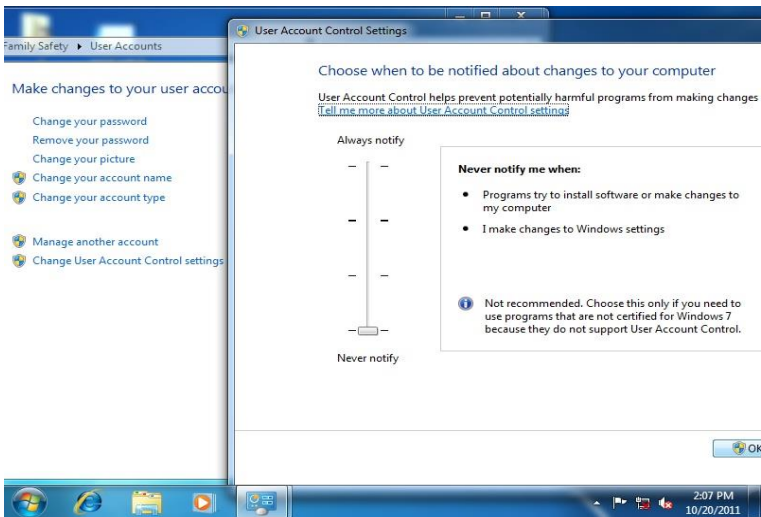
#### Step 5 – Install MBI Drivers

1. Open the **Step 5 – MBI(Optional)** folder and select your OS
2. Open the **Setup.exe** file
3. Follow the instructions
4. Drivers will be installed automatically

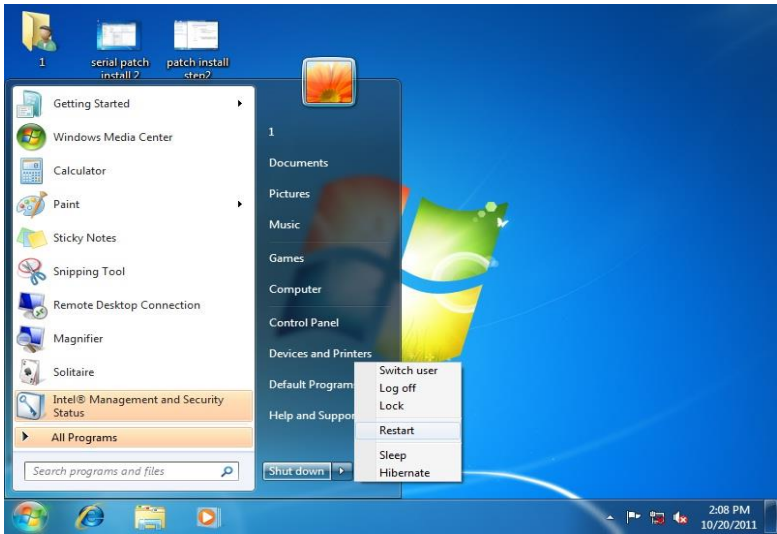
#### Step 6 – Install Serial Port Driver (Optional)

For Windows 7:

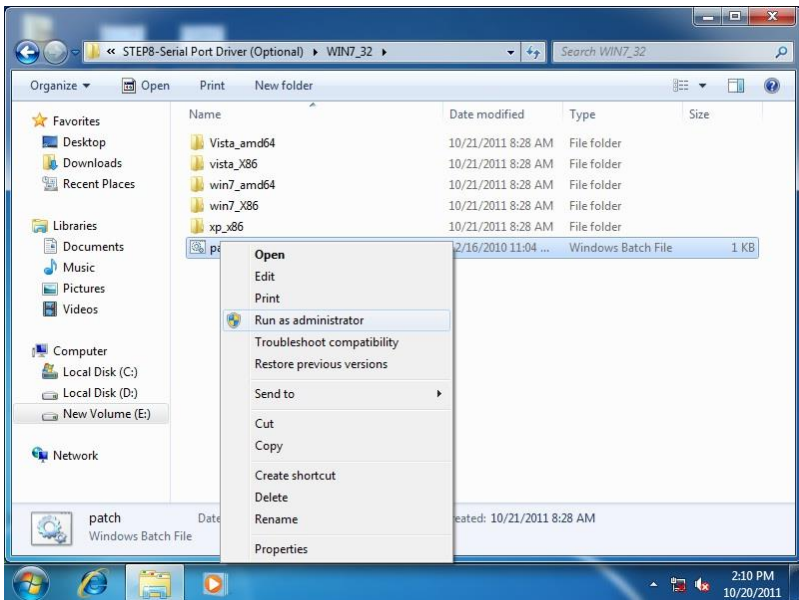
1. Change User Account Control settings to **Never notify**



2. Reboot and log in as administrator



3. Open the **Step 6 - Serial Port Driver (Optional)** folder and run **patch.bat** as administrator



#### For Windows 8 and Windows 10:

1. Open the **Step 6 - Serial Port Driver (Optional)** folder and select your OS
2. Open the **batch.bat** file in the folder
3. Follow the instructions
4. Drivers will be installed automatically



# Appendix A

---

## Watchdog Timer Programming

## A.1 Watchdog Timer Initial Program

Table 1 : SuperIO relative register table		
	Default Value	Note
Index	0x2E(Note1)	SIO MB PnP Mode Index Register 0x2E or 0x4E
Data	0x2F(Note2)	SIO MB PnP Mode Data Register 0x2F or 0x4F

Table 2 : Watchdog relative register table					
	LDN	Register	BitNum	Value	Note
Timer Counter	0x07(Note3)	0xF6(Note4)		(Note24)	Time of watchdog timer (0~255) This register is byte access
Counting Unit	0x07(Note5)	0xF5(Note6)	3(Note7)	0(Note8)	Select time unit. 0: second 1: minute
Watchdog Enable	0x07(Note9)	0xF5(Note10)	5(Note11)	1(Note12)	0: Disable 1: Enable
Timeout Status	0x07(Note13)	0xF5(Note14)	6(Note15)	1	1: Clear timeout status
Output Mode	0x07(Note16)	0xF5(Note17)	4(Note18)	1(Note19)	Select WDTRST# output mode 0: level 1: pulse
WDTRST output	0x07(Note20)	0xFA(Note21)	0(Note22)	1(Note23)	Enable/Disable time out output via WDTRST# 0: Disable 1: Enable

## A.2 Watchdog Sample Program

---

```
*****
// SuperIO relative definition (Please reference to Table 1)
#define byte SIOIndex //This parameter is represented from Note1
#define byte SIOData //This parameter is represented from Note2
#define void IOWriteByte(byte IOPort, byte Value);
#define byte IOReadByte(byte IOPort);
// Watch Dog relative definition (Please reference to Table 2)
#define byte TimerLDN //This parameter is represented from Note3
#define byte TimerReg //This parameter is represented from Note4
#define byte TimerVal // This parameter is represented from Note24
#define byte UnitLDN //This parameter is represented from Note5
#define byte UnitReg //This parameter is represented from Note6
#define byte UnitBit //This parameter is represented from Note7
#define byte UnitVal //This parameter is represented from Note8
#define byte EnableLDN //This parameter is represented from Note9
#define byte EnableReg //This parameter is represented from Note10
#define byte EnableBit //This parameter is represented from Note11
#define byte EnableVal //This parameter is represented from Note12
#define byte StatusLDN // This parameter is represented from Note13
#define byte StatusReg // This parameter is represented from Note14
#define byte StatusBit // This parameter is represented from Note15
#define byte ModeLDN // This parameter is represented from Note16
#define byte ModeReg // This parameter is represented from Note17
#define byte ModeBit // This parameter is represented from Note18
#define byte ModeVal // This parameter is represented from Note19
#define byte WDTRstLDN // This parameter is represented from Note20
#define byte WDTRstReg // This parameter is represented from Note21
#define byte WDTRstBit // This parameter is represented from Note22
#define byte WDTRstVal // This parameter is represented from Note23
*****
```

```
*****
VOID Main(){
    // Procedure : AaeonWDTConfig
    // (byte)Timer : Time of WDT timer.(0x00~0xFF)
    // (boolean)Unit : Select time unit(0: second, 1: minute).
    AaeonWDTConfig();

    // Procedure : AaeonWDTEnable
    // This procedure will enable the WDT counting.
    AaeonWDTEnable();
}
*****
```

```
*****
// Procedure : AaeonWDTEnable
VOID AaeonWDTEnable (){
    WDTEnableDisable(EnableLDN, EnableReg, EnableBit, 1);
}

// Procedure : AaeonWDTConfig
VOID AaeonWDTConfig (){
    // Disable WDT counting
    WDTEnableDisable(EnableLDN, EnableReg, EnableBit, 0);
    // Clear Watchdog Timeout Status
    WDTClearTimeoutStatus();
    // WDT relative parameter setting
    WDTParameterSetting();
}

VOID WDTEnableDisable(byte LDN, byte Register, byte BitNum, byte Value){
    SIOBitSet(LDN, Register, BitNum, Value);
}

VOID WDTParameterSetting(){
    // Watchdog Timer counter setting
    SIOByteSet(TimerLDN, TimerReg, TimerVal);
    // WDT counting unit setting
    SIOBitSet(UnitLDN, UnitReg, UnitBit, UnitVal);
    // WDT output mode setting, level / pulse
    SIOBitSet(ModelLDN, ModeReg, ModeBit, ModeVal);
    // Watchdog timeout output via WDTRST#
    SIOBitSet(WDTRstLDN, WDTRstReg, WDTRstBit, WDTRstVal);
}

VOID WDTClearTimeoutStatus(){
    SIOBitSet(StatusLDN, StatusReg, StatusBit, 1);
}
*****
```

```
*****
VOID  SIOEnterMBPnPMode(){
    IOWriteByte(SIOIndex, 0x87);
    IOWriteByte(SIOIndex, 0x87);
}

VOID  SIOExitMBPnPMode(){
    IOWriteByte(SIOIndex, 0xAA);
}

VOID  SIOSelectLDN(byte LDN){
    IOWriteByte(SIOIndex, 0x07); // SIO LDN Register Offset = 0x07
    IOWriteByte(SIOData, LDN);
}

VOID  SIOBitSet(byte LDN, byte Register, byte BitNum, byte Value){
    Byte TmpValue;

    SIOEnterMBPnPMode();
    SIOSelectLDN(byte LDN);
    IOWriteByte(SIOIndex, Register);
    TmpValue = IOReadByte(SIOData);
    TmpValue &= ~(1 << BitNum);
    TmpValue |= (Value << BitNum);
    IOWriteByte(SIOData, TmpValue);
    SIOExitMBPnPMode();
}

VOID  SIOByteSet(byte LDN, byte Register, byte Value){
    SIOEnterMBPnPMode();
    SIOSelectLDN(LDN);
    IOWriteByte(SIOIndex, Register);
    IOWriteByte(SIOData, Value);
    SIOExitMBPnPMode();
}
*****
```

# Appendix B






---

I/O Information

## B.1 I/O Address Map

Input/output (IO)	
[0000000000000000 - 000000000000006F]	PCI Express Root Complex
[0000000000000020 - 0000000000000021]	Programmable interrupt controller
[0000000000000024 - 0000000000000025]	Programmable interrupt controller
[0000000000000028 - 0000000000000029]	Programmable interrupt controller
[000000000000002C - 000000000000002D]	Programmable interrupt controller
[000000000000002E - 000000000000002F]	Motherboard resources
[0000000000000030 - 0000000000000031]	Programmable interrupt controller
[0000000000000034 - 0000000000000035]	Programmable interrupt controller
[0000000000000038 - 0000000000000039]	Programmable interrupt controller
[000000000000003C - 000000000000003D]	Programmable interrupt controller
[0000000000000040 - 0000000000000043]	System timer
[000000000000004E - 000000000000004F]	Motherboard resources
[0000000000000050 - 0000000000000053]	System timer
[0000000000000061 - 0000000000000061]	Motherboard resources
[0000000000000063 - 0000000000000063]	Motherboard resources
[0000000000000065 - 0000000000000065]	Motherboard resources
[0000000000000067 - 0000000000000067]	Motherboard resources
[0000000000000070 - 0000000000000070]	Motherboard resources
[0000000000000070 - 0000000000000077]	System CMOS/real time clock
[0000000000000078 - 000000000000CF7]	PCI Express Root Complex
[0000000000000080 - 000000000000008F]	Motherboard resources
[0000000000000092 - 0000000000000092]	Motherboard resources
[00000000000000A0 - 00000000000000A1]	Programmable interrupt controller
[00000000000000A4 - 00000000000000A5]	Programmable interrupt controller
[00000000000000A8 - 00000000000000A9]	Programmable interrupt controller
[00000000000000AC - 00000000000000AD]	Programmable interrupt controller
[00000000000000B0 - 00000000000000B1]	Programmable interrupt controller
[00000000000000B2 - 00000000000000B3]	Motherboard resources
[00000000000000B4 - 00000000000000B5]	Programmable interrupt controller
[00000000000000B8 - 00000000000000B9]	Programmable interrupt controller
[00000000000000BC - 00000000000000BD]	Programmable interrupt controller
[0000000000002F8 - 0000000000002FF]	Communications Port (COM2)
[0000000000003E8 - 0000000000003EF]	Communications Port (COM3)
[0000000000003F8 - 0000000000003FF]	Communications Port (COM1)
[000000000000400 - 00000000000047F]	Motherboard resources
[0000000000004D0 - 0000000000004D1]	Programmable interrupt controller
[000000000000500 - 0000000000005FE]	Motherboard resources
[000000000000680 - 00000000000069F]	Motherboard resources
[000000000000A00 - 000000000000A0F]	Motherboard resources
[000000000000A10 - 000000000000A1F]	Motherboard resources



	[000000000000A10 - 000000000000A1F] Motherboard resources
	[000000000000A20 - 000000000000A2F] Motherboard resources
	[000000000000D00 - 000000000000FFFF] PCI Express Root Complex
	[000000000000D000 - 000000000000DFFF] Intel(R) Celeron(R)/Pentium(R) Processor PCI Express Root Port - 5AD9
	[000000000000E000 - 000000000000EFFF] Intel(R) Celeron(R)/Pentium(R) Processor PCI Express Root Port - 5AD8
	[000000000000F000 - 000000000000F03F] Intel(R) HD Graphics
	[000000000000F040 - 000000000000F05F] Intel(R) Celeron(R)/Pentium(R) Processor SMBUS - 5AD4
	[000000000000F060 - 000000000000F07F] Standard SATA AHCI Controller
	[000000000000F080 - 000000000000F083] Standard SATA AHCI Controller
	[000000000000F090 - 000000000000F097] Standard SATA AHCI Controller











## B.2 Memory Address Map

▼ Memory

[000000007B800001 - 000000007BFFFFFF]	PCI Express Root Complex
[000000007C000001 - 000000007FFFFFFF]	PCI Express Root Complex
[0000000080000000 - 000000008FFFFFFF]	Intel(R) HD Graphics
[0000000080000000 - 00000000CFFFFFFF]	PCI Express Root Complex
[0000000090000000 - 0000000090FFFFFF]	Intel(R) HD Graphics
[0000000091000000 - 00000000910FFFFFFF]	High Definition Audio Controller
[0000000091100000 - 00000000911FFFFFFF]	Intel(R) Celeron(R)/Pentium(R) Processor PCI Express Root Port - 5AD9
[00000000911DC000 - 00000000911DFFFFF]	Intel(R) I211 Gigabit Network Connection #2
[00000000911E0000 - 00000000911FFFFFFF]	Intel(R) I211 Gigabit Network Connection #2
[0000000091200000 - 00000000912FFFFFFF]	Intel(R) Celeron(R)/Pentium(R) Processor PCI Express Root Port - 5AD8
[00000000912DC000 - 00000000912DFFFFF]	Intel(R) I211 Gigabit Network Connection
[00000000912E0000 - 00000000912FFFFFFF]	Intel(R) I211 Gigabit Network Connection
[0000000091300000 - 000000009130FFFFF]	Intel(R) USB 3.0 eXtensible Host Controller - 1.0 (Microsoft)
[0000000091310000 - 0000000091313FFFFF]	High Definition Audio Controller
[0000000091314000 - 0000000091315FFFFF]	Standard SATA AHCI Controller
[0000000091318000 - 00000000913180FFFFF]	Intel(R) Celeron(R)/Pentium(R) Processor SMBUS - 5AD4
[0000000091319000 - 00000000913197FFFFF]	Standard SATA AHCI Controller
[000000009131A000 - 000000009131A0FFFFF]	Standard SATA AHCI Controller
[000000009131E000 - 000000009131EFFFFF]	Intel(R) Trusted Execution Engine Interface
[00000000D0C00000 - 00000000D0C00653]	Intel(R) Serial IO GPIO Host Controller - INT3452
[00000000D0C40000 - 00000000D0C40763]	Intel(R) Serial IO GPIO Host Controller - INT3452
[00000000D0C50000 - 00000000D0C5076B]	Intel(R) Serial IO GPIO Host Controller - INT3452
[00000000D0C70000 - 00000000D0C70673]	Intel(R) Serial IO GPIO Host Controller - INT3452
[00000000E0000000 - 00000000EFFFFFFF]	Motherboard resources
[00000000E0000000 - 00000000EFFFFFFF]	PCI Express Root Complex
[00000000FEA00000 - 00000000FEAFFFFFFF]	Motherboard resources
[00000000FED00000 - 00000000FED003FFF]	High precision event timer
[00000000FED01000 - 00000000FED01FFFFF]	Motherboard resources
[00000000FED03000 - 00000000FED03FFFFF]	Motherboard resources
[00000000FED06000 - 00000000FED06FFFFF]	Motherboard resources
[00000000FED08000 - 00000000FED09FFFFF]	Motherboard resources
[00000000FED1C000 - 00000000FED1CFFFFF]	Motherboard resources
[00000000FED40000 - 00000000FED44FFFFF]	Trusted Platform Module 2.0
[00000000FED80000 - 00000000FEDBFFFFFFF]	Motherboard resources
[00000000FEE00000 - 00000000FEEFFFFFFF]	Motherboard resources

## B.3 IRQ Mapping Chart

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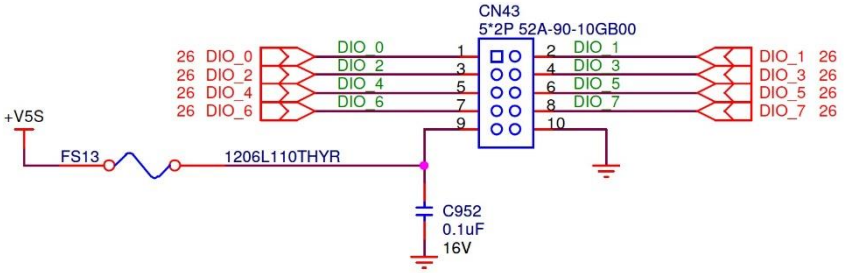
- ▼  Interrupt request (IRQ)
  -  (ISA) 0x00000000 (00) System timer
  -  (ISA) 0x00000003 (03) Communications Port (COM2)
  -  (ISA) 0x00000004 (04) Communications Port (COM1)
  -  (ISA) 0x00000008 (08) High precision event timer
  -  (ISA) 0x0000000B (11) Communications Port (COM3)
  -  (ISA) 0x0000000E (14) Intel(R) Serial IO GPIO Host Controller - INT3452
  -  (ISA) 0x0000000E (14) Intel(R) Serial IO GPIO Host Controller - INT3452
  -  (ISA) 0x0000000E (14) Intel(R) Serial IO GPIO Host Controller - INT3452
  -  (ISA) 0x0000000E (14) Intel(R) Serial IO GPIO Host Controller - INT3452

# Appendix C

---

Digital I/O Ports

## C.1 Electrical Specifications for Digital I/O Ports



GPIO50	DIO_0
GPIO51	DIO_1
GPIO52	DIO_2
GPIO53	DIO_3
GPIO54	DIO_4
GPIO55	DIO_5
GPIO56	DIO_6
GPIO57	DIO_7

## C.2 DIO Programming

---

The BOXER-6405 utilizes FINTEK F81866 chipset as its Digital I/O controller. Below are the procedures to complete its configuration. AAEON initial DI/O program is also attached for developing customized program for your application.

There are three steps to complete the configuration setup:

- (1) Enter the MB PnP Mode
- (2) Modify the data of configuration registers
- (3) Exit the MB PnP Mode. Undesired result may occur if the MB PnP Mode is not exited normally.

### C.3 Digital I/O Register

Table 1 : SuperIO relative register table		
	Default Value	Note
Index	0x2E(Note1)	SIO MB PnP Mode Index Register 0x2E or 0x4E
Data	0x2F(Note2)	SIO MB PnP Mode Data Register 0x2F or 0x4F

Table 2 : Digital Input relative register table					
	LDN	Register	BitNum	Value	Note
DIO-1 Pin Status	0x06(Note3)	0xA2(Note4)	0(Note5)		GPIO50
DIO-2 Pin Status	0x06(Note6)	0xA2(Note7)	1(Note8)		GPIO51
DIO-3 Pin Status	0x06(Note9)	0xA2(Note10)	2(Note11)		GPIO52
DIO-4 Pin Status	0x06(Note12)	0xA2(Note13)	3(Note14)		GPIO53
DIO-5 Pin Status	0x06(Note15)	0xA2(Note16)	4(Note17)		GPIO54
DIO-6 Pin Status	0x06(Note18)	0xA2(Note19)	5(Note20)		GPIO55
DIO-7 Pin Status	0x06(Note21)	0xA2(Note22)	6(Note23)		GPIO56
DIO-8 Pin Status	0x06(Note24)	0xA2(Note25)	7(Note26)		GPIO57

Table 3 : Digital Output relative register table					
	LDN	Register	BitNum	Value	Note
DIO-1 Output Data	0x06(Note27)	0xA1(Note28)	0(Note29)	(Note30)	GPIO50
DIO-2 Output Data	0x06(Note31)	0xA1(Note32)	1(Note33)	(Note34)	GPIO51
DIO-3 Output Data	0x06(Note35)	0xA1(Note36)	2(Note37)	(Note38)	GPIO52
DIO-4 Output Data	0x06(Note39)	0xA1(Note40)	3(Note41)	(Note42)	GPIO53
DIO-5 Output Data	0x06(Note43)	0xA1(Note44)	4(Note45)	(Note46)	GPIO54
DIO-6 Output Data	0x06(Note47)	0xA1(Note48)	5(Note49)	(Note50)	GPIO55
DIO-7 Output Data	0x06(Note51)	0xA1(Note52)	6(Note53)	(Note54)	GPIO56
DIO-8 Output Data	0x06(Note55)	0xA1(Note56)	7(Note57)	(Note58)	GPIO57

## C.4 Digital I/O Sample Program

---

```
*****
// SuperIO relative definition (Please reference to Table 1)
#define byte SIOIndex //This parameter is represented from Note1
#define byte SIOData //This parameter is represented from Note2
#define void IOWriteByte(byte IOPort, byte Value);
#define byte IOReadByte(byte IOPort);
// Digital Input Status relative definition (Please reference to Table 2)
#define byte DInput1LDN // This parameter is represented from Note3
#define byte DInput1Reg // This parameter is represented from Note4
#define byte DInput1Bit // This parameter is represented from Note5
#define byte DInput2LDN // This parameter is represented from Note6
#define byte DInput2Reg // This parameter is represented from Note7
#define byte DInput2Bit // This parameter is represented from Note8
#define byte DInput3LDN // This parameter is represented from Note9
#define byte DInput3Reg // This parameter is represented from Note10
#define byte DInput3Bit // This parameter is represented from Note11
#define byte DInput4LDN // This parameter is represented from Note12
#define byte DInput4Reg // This parameter is represented from Note13
#define byte DInput4Bit // This parameter is represented from Note14
#define byte DInput5LDN // This parameter is represented from Note15
#define byte DInput5Reg // This parameter is represented from Note16
#define byte DInput5Bit // This parameter is represented from Note17
#define byte DInput6LDN // This parameter is represented from Note18
#define byte DInput6Reg // This parameter is represented from Note19
#define byte DInput6Bit // This parameter is represented from Note20
#define byte DInput7LDN // This parameter is represented from Note21
#define byte DInput7Reg // This parameter is represented from Note22
#define byte DInput7Bit // This parameter is represented from Note23
#define byte DInput8LDN // This parameter is represented from Note24
#define byte DInput8Reg // This parameter is represented from Note25
#define byte DInput8Bit // This parameter is represented from Note26
*****
```



```

*****
// Digital Output control relative definition (Please reference to Table 3)
#define byte DOutput1LDN // This parameter is represented from Note27
#define byte DOutput1Reg // This parameter is represented from Note28
#define byte DOutput1Bit // This parameter is represented from Note29
#define byte DOutput1Val // This parameter is represented from Note30
#define byte DOutput2LDN // This parameter is represented from Note31
#define byte DOutput2Reg // This parameter is represented from Note32
#define byte DOutput2Bit // This parameter is represented from Note33
#define byte DOutput2Val // This parameter is represented from Note34
#define byte DOutput3LDN // This parameter is represented from Note35
#define byte DOutput3Reg // This parameter is represented from Note36
#define byte DOutput3Bit // This parameter is represented from Note37
#define byte DOutput3Val // This parameter is represented from Note38
#define byte DOutput4LDN // This parameter is represented from Note39
#define byte DOutput4Reg // This parameter is represented from Note40
#define byte DOutput4Bit // This parameter is represented from Note41
#define byte DOutput4Val // This parameter is represented from Note42
#define byte DOutput5LDN // This parameter is represented from Note43
#define byte DOutput5Reg // This parameter is represented from Note44
#define byte DOutput5Bit // This parameter is represented from Note45
#define byte DOutput5Val // This parameter is represented from Note46
#define byte DOutput6LDN // This parameter is represented from Note47
#define byte DOutput6Reg // This parameter is represented from Note48
#define byte DOutput6Bit // This parameter is represented from Note49
#define byte DOutput6Val // This parameter is represented from Note50
#define byte DOutput7LDN // This parameter is represented from Note51
#define byte DOutput7Reg // This parameter is represented from Note52
#define byte DOutput7Bit // This parameter is represented from Note53
#define byte DOutput7Val // This parameter is represented from Note54
#define byte DOutput8LDN // This parameter is represented from Note55
#define byte DOutput8Reg // This parameter is represented from Note56
#define byte DOutput8Bit // This parameter is represented from Note57
#define byte DOutput8Val // This parameter is represented from Note58
*****

```

```
*****
VOID Main(){
    Boolean PinStatus ;

    // Procedure : AaeonReadPinStatus
    // Input :
    //     Example, Read Digital I/O Pin 3 status
    // Output :
    //     InputStatus :
    //         0: Digital I/O Pin level is low
    //         1: Digital I/O Pin level is High
    PinStatus = AaeonReadPinStatus(DInput3LDN, DInput3Reg, DInput3Bit);

    // Procedure : AaeonSetOutputLevel
    // Input :
    //     Example, Set Digital I/O Pin 6 level
    AaeonSetOutputLevel(DOutput6LDN, DOutput6Reg, DOutput6Bit,
DOutput6Val);
}
*****
```

```
*****
Boolean  AaeonReadPinStatus(byte LDN, byte Register, byte BitNum){
    Boolean PinStatus ;

    PinStatus = SIOBitRead(LDN, Register, BitNum);
    Return PinStatus ;
}
VOID  AaeonSetOutputLevel(byte LDN, byte Register, byte BitNum, byte Value){
    ConfigToOutputMode(LDN, Register, BitNum);
    SIOBitSet(LDN, Register, BitNum, Value);
}
*****
```

```

*****
VOID  SIOEnterMBPnPMode(){
    IOWriteByte(SIOIndex, 0x87);
    IOWriteByte(SIOIndex, 0x87);
}

VOID  SIOExitMBPnPMode(){
    IOWriteByte(SIOIndex, 0xAA);
}

VOID  SIOSelectLDN(byte LDN){
    IOWriteByte(SIOIndex, 0x07); // SIO LDN Register Offset = 0x07
    IOWriteByte(SIOData, LDN);
}

VOID  SIOBitSet(byte LDN, byte Register, byte BitNum, byte Value){
    Byte TmpValue;

    SIOEnterMBPnPMode();
    SIOSelectLDN(byte LDN);
    IOWriteByte(SIOIndex, Register);
    TmpValue = IOReadByte(SIOData);
    TmpValue &= ~(1 << BitNum);
    TmpValue |= (Value << BitNum);
    IOWriteByte(SIOData, TmpValue);
    SIOExitMBPnPMode();
}

VOID  SIOByteSet(byte LDN, byte Register, byte Value){
    SIOEnterMBPnPMode();
    SIOSelectLDN(LDN);
    IOWriteByte(SIOIndex, Register);
    IOWriteByte(SIOData, Value);
    SIOExitMBPnPMode();
}
*****

```

```
*****
Boolean  SIOBitRead(byte LDN, byte Register, byte BitNum){
    Byte TmpValue;

    SIOEnterMBPnPMode();
    SIOSelectLDN(LDN);
    IOWriteByte(SIOIndex, Register);
    TmpValue = IOReadByte(SIOData);
    TmpValue &= (1 << BitNum);
    SIOExitMBPnPMode();
    If(TmpValue == 0)
        Return 0;
    Return 1;
}
VOID  ConfigToOutputMode(byte LDN, byte Register, byte BitNum){
    Byte TmpValue, OutputEnableReg;

    OutputEnableReg = Register-1;
    SIOEnterMBPnPMode();
    SIOSelectLDN(LDN);
    IOWriteByte(SIOIndex, OutputEnableReg);
    TmpValue = IOReadByte(SIOData);
    TmpValue |= (1 << BitNum);
    IOWriteByte(SIOData, OutputEnableReg);
    SIOExitMBPnPMode();
}
*****
```