AMB-2003/2023/2053 Series

Modular System Industrial Panel PCs

Version 2.1 for SBC-658

Industrial Panel PCs

Industrial Panel PCs for Industrial Automation

User's Manual

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Your satisfaction is our primary concern. Here is a guide to AAEON's customer services. To ensure you get the full benefit of our services, please follow the instructions below carefully.

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We want you to get the maximum performance from your products. So if you run into technical difficulties, we are here to help. For the most frequently asked questions, you can easily find answers in your product documentation. These answers are normally a lot more detailed than the ones we can give over the phone.

So please consult this manual first. If you still cannot find the answer, gather all the information or questions that apply to your problem, and with the product close at hand, call your dealer. Our dealers are well trained and ready to give you the support you need to get the most from your AAEON products. In fact, most problems reported are minor and are able to be easily solved over the phone.

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- Collect all the information about the problem encountered. (For example, CPU type and speed, AAEON products used, other hardware and software used, etc.) Note anything abnormal and list any on-screen messages you get when the problem occurs.
- 2. Call your dealer and describe the problem. Please have your manual, product, and any helpful information readily available.
- 3. If your product is diagnosed as defective, obtain an RMA (return material authorization) number from your dealer. This allows us to process your return more quickly.
- 4. Carefully pack the defective product, a fully-completed Repair and Replacement Order Card and a photocopy proof of purchase date (such as your sales receipt) in a shippable container. A product returned without proof of the purchase date is not eligible for warranty service.
- 5. Write the RMA number visibly on the outside of the package and ship it prepaid to your dealer.

Safety & Warranty

- 1. Read these safety instructions carefully.
- 2. Keep this user's manual for later reference.
- 3. Disconnect this equipment from any AC outlet before cleaning. Do not use liquid or spray detergents for cleaning. Use a damp cloth.
- 4. For pluggable equipment, the power outlet must be installed near the equipment and must be easily accessible.
- 5. Keep this equipment away from humidity.
- 6. Put this equipment on a reliable surface during installation. Dropping it or letting it fall could cause damage.
- 7. The openings on the enclosure are for air convection. Protect the equipment from overheating. DO NOT COVER THE OPENINGS.
- 8. Make sure the voltage of the power source is correct before connecting the equipment to the power outlet.
- 9. Position the power cord so that people cannot step on it. Do not place anything over the power cord.
- 10. All cautions and warnings on the equipment should be noted.
- 11. If the equipment is not used for a long time, disconnect it from the power source to avoid damage by transient over-voltage.
- 12. Never pour any liquid into an opening. This could cause fire or electrical shock
- 13. Never open the equipment. For safety reasons, only qualified service personnel should open the equipment.
- 14. If any of the following situations arises, get the equipment checked by service personnel:
 - a. The power cord or plug is damaged.
 - b. Liquid has penetrated into the equipment.
 - c. The equipment has been exposed to moisture.
 - d. The equipment does not work well, or you cannot get it to work according to the users manual.
 - e. The equipment has been dropped and damaged.
 - f. The equipment has obvious signs of breakage.

15. DO NOT LEAVE THIS EQUIPMENT IN AN UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT WHERE THE STORAGE TEMPERATURE IS BELOW -20° C (-4°F) OR ABOVE 60° C (140° F). IT MAY DAMAGE THE EQUIPMENT.

Caution:

Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

These products are with CE and FCC certification. UL certification only for AMB-2023 series and AMB-2053 series.

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Chapter1 General Information

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1.1 Introduction

The AMB-2003/2023/2053 series modular system panel PCs, is the PC-base industrial computer that specially designed to keep normal operation under harsh environment, which meet the entire requirement as an industrial man machine interface (MMI).

They provide a complete hard ware application and construct a high quality plastic front panel which meets the toughest industrial and environmental protection standards

It is a full-function PC-base system with a 10.4" VGA (640 x 480), 12.1" SVGA (800 x 600), 15.1" XGA (1024 x 768) color TFT hi-brightness, long-life time LCD display, and compact with different control modules via a 50-pin cable. The compact dimensions are ideal for automation applications when the installation space is critical.

These PCs are characterized by their space saving, there are two free slots for PCI/ ISA. AMB-2003/2023/2053 is heavy-duty steel chassis with a sealed plastic front panel. meets the toughest industrial and environmental standards. All the controls and connectors are placed on the rear panel, you can connect the panel PCs to other devices via them.

1.2 Specifications

General

- Construction: Heavy-duty aluminum chassis & plastic or aluminum front panel
- **■** Disk drive housing:

a 3.5" HDD or a 2.5" HDD, Slim CD-ROM & Slim FDD.

- Dimensions(AMB -2003): 330(W) x 252(H) x 128mm(D)
- Gross Weight: 9.6 Kg
- Dimensions(AMB -2023): 346(W) x 271(H) x 126mm(D)
- Gross Weight: 10 Kg
- Dimensions(AMB -2053): 420(W) x 300(H) x 139mm(D)
- Gross Weight: 12.5 Kg

Environmental

■ Operating temperature: 0° to 50°

■ Storage temperature: -20° to 60°

■ Relative humidity: 5 to 95%, non-condensing
■ Altitude: 10,000 ft. (3000 meters)

■ Vibration:

5 to 17Hz, 0.1" double-amplitude displacement

17 to 500 Hz, 1.5G peak to peak

■ **Shock:** 10G-peak acceleration (11-msec. duration)

■ Safety: meets UL (For AMB-2023 and AMB-2053 series

only)

EMI: FCC/CE Class A

Power Supply Selection Table

M 1	T . 1.	Max	x. Output Cur	rent
Mode	Input voltage	+5V	+12V	-12V
Universal/70W	85-265VAC	12A	2.5A	0.3A
24VDC/70W	10-30VDC	12A	2.5A	0.3A

Features

AMB-2003 (10.4"LCD + ACS-2303 Control Box)

- 10.4" VGA color TFT LCD display
- Plastic front panel and heavy-duty steel chassis
- Supports Socket 370 CPU up to Pentium III 850MHz
- Disk Drive Space for CD-ROM, FDD and HDD
- Supports DiskOnChip and DiskOnModule
- Two free expansion slots for ISA or PCI
- Resistive touchscreen (optional)
- Rotatable mounting mechanism (optional)

AMB-2023 (12.1"LCD + ACS-2303 Control Box)

- 12.1" SVGA color TFT LCD display
- Heavy-duty steel chassis and plastic front panel
- All-in-one SBC, Intel Celeron 366MHz CPU, 32MB SDRAM, Ethernet, VGA.
- Two 16C550 RS-232C port, one RS-232C port can be set as RS-422/485 also
- Disk Driver Space for CD-ROM, FDD and HDD
- DiskOnChip flash disk socket
- Expansion IDE/Floppy connectors***
- Touch Screen (optional)
- Rotatable mounting mechanis m (optional)

***Expansion IDE port will not functional when both HDD & CD-ROM install in the machine

AMB-2053 (15"LCD + ACS-2303 Control Box)

- 15" XGA color TFT LCD display
- Heavy-duty steel chassis and aluminum front panel
- All-in-one SBC, Intel Celeron 366MHz CPU, 32MB SDRAM, Ethernet, VGA.
- Two 16C550 RS-232C port, one RS-232C port can be set as RS-422/485 also
- Disk Driver Space for CD-ROM, FDD and HDD
- DiskOnChip flash disk socket
- Expansion IDE/Floppy connectors
- Touch Screen (optional)

Specifications

AMB-2003 (10.4"LCD + ACS2303 Control Box)

- Construction: Heavy-duty steel chassis & plastic front panel.
- **CPU**: Up to Intel Celeron/ P III 850MHz
- **Memory**: Supports up to 128MB
- **Display**: 10.4" VGA (640 x 480) TFT color LCD
- LCD/CRT controller:

NS Cx5530 Chipset

UMA supports up to 2.5MB display memory

■ Network (LAN):

Intel 8139B 10/100 Base-T Ethernet controller

■ I/O ports:

COM1: RS-232

COM2: RS-232 or RS-422/485(jumper select)

1 parallel port (support ECP/EPP)

1 PS/2 keyboard interface

1 PS/2 mouse interface

■ Disk Drive Housing:

3.5" HDD or

2.5" HDD and Slim FDD or

2.5" HDD and Slim CD-ROM

- **USB connector**: Dual USB ports
- **Mounting**: Panel mount, Handle mount
- **Power supply**: Universal 70W switching power supply

AMB-2023 (12.1"LCD + ACS2303 Control Box)

- Construction: Heavy-duty steel chassis & plastic front panel.
- **CPU**: Up to Intel Celeron/ P III 850MHz
- **Memory**: Supports up to 128MB
- **Display**: 12.1" SVGA (800 x 600) TFT color LCD
- **■** LCD/CRT controller:

NS Cx5530 Chipset

UMA supports up to 2.5MB display memory

■ Network (LAN):

Intel 8139B 10/100 Base-T Ethernet controller

■ I/O ports:

Win bond W83977

COM1: RS-232

COM2: RS-232 or RS-422/485(jumper select)

1 parallel port (support ECP/EPP)

1 keyboard port

1 PS/2 mouse interface

■ Disk Drive Housing:

3.5" HDD or

2.5" HDD and Slim FDD or

2.5" HDD and Slim CD-ROM

- **USB connector**: Dual USB ports
- **Mounting**: Panel mount, Handle mount
- Power supply: Universal 70W switching power supply

AMB-2053 (15"LCD + ACS2303 Control Box)

- Construction: Heavy-duty steel chassis & aluminum front panel.
- **CPU:** Up to Intel Celeron/ P III 850MHz
- **Memory**: Supports up to 128MB
- **Display:** 15" XGA (1024 x 768) TFT color LCD
- **■** LCD/CRT controller:

NS Cx5530 Chipset

UMA supports up to 2.5MB display memory

■ Network (LAN):

Intel 8139B 10/100 Base-T Ethernet controller

■ I/O ports:

Win bond W83977

- **COM1:** RS-232
- COM2:

RS-232 or RS-422/485(jumper select)

1 parallel port (support ECP/EPP)

1 keyboard port

1 PS/2 mouse interface

■ Disk Drive Housing:

3.5" HDD or

2.5" HDD and Slim FDD or

2.5" HDD and Slim CD-ROM

- **USB connector:** Dual USB ports
- **Mounting:** Panel mount, Handle mount
- **Power supply:** Universal 70W switching power supply.

1.3 Touchscreen (Optional)

• **Type**: 8-wire, analog resistive

• **Resolution**: 1024 x 1024

• **Light transmission**: >75% (AMB-2023), >68% (AMB-2053)

• **Operating pressure**: 50g average for finger, 25g average with non-metal stylus.

• **Controller**: RS-232 interface

• **OS support**: MS DOS, Windows 98/SE, Windows ME, Windows NT4.0, Windows 2000.

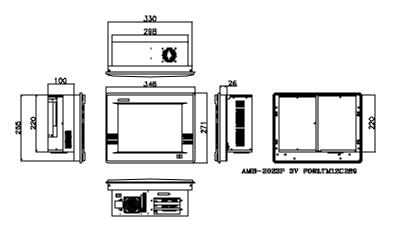
1.4 LCD Specifications

Model	AMB-2053	AMB-2023	AMB-2003
Display type	TFT color LCD	TFT color LCD	TFT color LCD
Size (diagonal)	15"	12.1"	10.4"
8Number of Pixels	1024(W) x 768(H)	800(W) x 600(H)	800(W) x 600(H)
Dot size (mm x mm)	0.313(W) x 0.329(H)	0.3075(W) x 0.3075	0.3075(W) x 0.3075
Contrast ratio	300	250	250
View angle (Horizontal)	160°	120°	
View angle (Vertical)	160°	100°	
Luminance (cd/m²)	250	250	250
LCD model	Fujitsu FLC3XGC6V-06	Toshiba LTM12C289	Toshiba LTM12C289
Operating Temperature	0 ~ 50 °C	0 ~ 50 °C	0 ~ 50 °C
Backlight Life-time (Hrs)	25,000	25,000	25,000

1.5 Dimensions

AMB-2023HT

(mm)



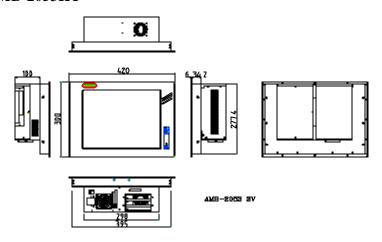
Cutout (suggestion)

The AMB-2023 series will stand on a shelf or a table or you can mount it into a panel. Cutout panel dimensions are the following:

(mm)

H x V: 333mm x 258mm

AMB-2053HT



Cutout (suggestion)

The AMB-2023 series will stand on a shelf or a table or you can mount it into a panel. Cutout panel dimensions are the following:

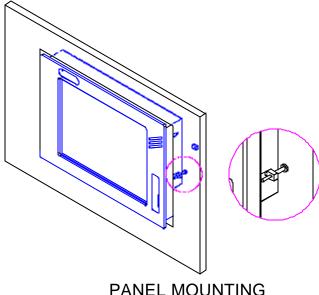
(mm)

H x V: 398mm x 278.4mm

1.6 Panel Mounting

This display panels can be placed on a shelf or table, or mounted onto a control panel. To mount them onto a control panel you need a kind of mounting kits, which you will find in the accessory box. Take the mounting steps described here below:

- 1. Set the display panel within the aperture in your control panel
- Slide the mounting kits into the slots on the chassis cover 2.
- 3. Tighten the bolt in the kits until the display panel is firmly secured to the control



1.7 Packing List

Then you should also check if the package contains the following items. You should contact your dealer immediately if any of these items are missing or damaged

- One series industrial MMI panel PC with flat panel display
- Disk for AMB-2023/2053 series user's manual
- CI7BP (MBC-6310) user's manual
- Utility & Driver Disks: 3Pcs
 - VGA Driver for Windows 95/ 98/ NT4.0
 - Intel 82558B Driver Disk 1
 - Intel 82558B Driver Disk 2
- Accessory
 - Plane for extension solution
 - Power cable for HDD & FDD
 - Screws bag
 - Power cord (1.8 M)
 - Assembly mounting parts

If any of their items are missing or damaged, contact your distributor or sales representative immediately.

Chapter 2 SBC-658 Installation

This manual is designed to give you information on the SBC-658 CPU card. It is divided into the following sections:

- General Information
- Installation
- Award BIOS Setup
- Flat Panel/CRT controller Display Drivers and Utilities
- Ethernet Software configuration
- Appendix A: Programming the Watchdog Timer
- Appendix B: Installing PC/104 Modules

Packing list

Before you begin installing your card, please make sure that the following materials have been shipped:

- 1 SBC-658 All-in-One Single Board Computer Card
- 1 Quick Installation Guide
- 1 Support CD contains the followings:
 - -- User's Manual (this manual in PDF file)
 - -- Ethernet drivers and utilities
 - -- VGA drivers and utilities
- 1 hard disk drive (IDE) interface cable (44-pin, pitch 2.0mm)
- 1 floppy disk drive interface cable (34-pin, pitch 2.0mm)
- 1 6-pin mini-DIN dual outlet adapter for keyboard and PS/2 mouse
- 1 parallel port (26-25-pin, pitch 2.0mm) and serial port (10-9 pin, pitch 2.0mm) adapter kit.
- · 1 bag of screws and miscellaneous parts

If any of these items are missing or damaged, contact your distributor or sales representative immediately.

Notice

Dear Customer.

Thank you for purchasing the SBC-658 board. This user's manual is designed to help you to get the most out of the SBC-658, please read it thoroughly before you install and use the board. The product that you have purchased comes with an two-year limited warranty, but AAEON will not be responsible for misuse of the product. Therefore, we strongly urge you to first read the manual before using the product.

To receive the lastest version of the user manual, please visit our Web site at:

http://www.aaeon.com

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General Information

This chapter gives background information on the mainboard.

Sections include:

- Board specifications
- Layout and dimensions

Introduction

The SBC-658 is an all-in-one Celeron/Pentium III FC-chip processor based single board computer (SBC) with a PCI Flat Panel controller, a PCI 100Base-T Ethernet interface. When using an Intel Pentium III processors, the SBC-658 achieves outstanding performance that surpasses any other SBC in its class. In addition, the onboard SSD interface supports M-Systems DiskOnChip 2000 series, memory capacity up to 288 MB.

Onboard features include two serial ports (one RS-232, one RS-232/422/485), one multi-mode parallel (ECP/EPP/SPP) port, Pin header for two USB (Universal Serial Bus) ports, a floppy drive controller, and a keyboard/PS/2 mouse interface. The built-in high speed PCI IDE controller supports Ultra DMA/33 mode. Up to two IDE devices can be connected, including large hard disks, CD-ROM drives, and tape backup drives, etc.

The SBC-658 also features power management to minimize power consumption. It complies with the ACPI standard and supports three types of power saving features: Doze mode, Standby mode, and Suspend mode. In addition, the board's watchdog timer can automatically reset the system or generate an interrupt in case the system stops due to a program bug or EMI.

Highly integrated SBC

The SBC-658 is a highly integrated SBC that combines, video, and network functions on a single computer board. It provides up to 1024 x 768 resolution @ 64K colors with on-chip 2MB SDRAM display memory. Major onboard devices adopt PCI technology to achieve outstanding computing performance making the SBC-658 one of the world's best and most powerful all-in-one Single Board Computer.

Features

- Supports Intel Celeron / Pentium III FC-370
- Supports DiskOnChip (SSD) up to 288MB
- C&T 69000 LCD controller supports 36-bit TFT Panels
- 10/100Base-T Fast Ethernet
- Supports H/W status monitoring

Specifications

Standard SBC functions

• **CPU**: FC-370 Pentium III (Coppermine), Celeron, and compatible CPUs (With system bus frequencies of 66/100MHz)

• Bus interface: PISA bus

• CPU socket: 370 pins Socket

• BIOS: Award 256KB Flash BIOS

• Chipset: Intel 440BX

• I/O chipset: Winbond W83977TF with fully 16-bit I/O decoded

- Memory: Onboard one 168 pins DIMM socket supports up to 256Mbytes SDRAM
- Enhanced IDE: Supports two IDE devices. Supports Ultra DMA/ 33 mode with data transfer rate 33MB/Sec.
- **FDD interface**: Supports two floppy disk drives, 5.25" (360KB and 1.2MB) and/or 3.5" (720KB, 1.44MB, and 2.88MB)
- Parallel port: One bi-directional parallel port. Supports SPP, ECP, and EPP modes
- **Serial port**: One RS-232 and one RS-232/422/485 serial port. Ports can be configured as COM1, COM2, COM3, COM4, or disabled individually. 16C550 serial UARTs.
- IR interface: Supports one IrDA Tx/Rx header
- **KB/Mouse connector**: 6-pin mini-DIN connector supports PC/AT keyboard and PS/2 mouse. Additional 5 pins header supports PC/AT keyboard for IPC applications
- USB connectors: 5 x 2 header onboard supports dual USB ports
- Battery: Lithium battery for data retention
- Watchdog timer: Can generate a system reset, IRQ15, or NMI. Software selectable time-out interval (32 sec. ~ 254 min., 1 min./step)

- **DMA**: 7 DMA channels (8237 equivalent)
- **Interrupt**: 15 interrupt levels (8259 equivalent)
- **Power management**: I/O peripheral devices support power saving and doze/stanby/suspend modes. APM 1.2 ocmpliant
- H/W status monitoring: Winbond W83781D H/W status monitoring IC supports power supply voltages, and temperatures monitoring

Flat Panel/CRT Interface

- Chipset: C&T 69000
- Display memory: 2MB SDRAM built in chip
- **Display type**: Supports non-interlaced CRT and LCD (TFT, DSTN, and Mono) displays. Can display both CRT and Flat Panel simultaneously
- **Resolution**: Up to 1024x768@64K colors

Ethernet Interface

- Chipset: Intel 82559ER 10/100Base-T Fast Ethernet controller
- Ethernet interface: Onboard 10/100Base-Tx RJ-45 connector optional Remote Boot ROM Function

SSD Interface

 One 32 pins DIP socket supports M-Systems DiskOnChip 2000 series up to 288MB

Mechanical and environmental

• **Power supply voltage**: +5V (4.75V to 5.25V), +12V (11.4V to 12.6V)

• Power requirement: +5V @ 4.1A(Celeron 300MHz)

• Operating temperature: 32 to 140°F (0 to 60°C)

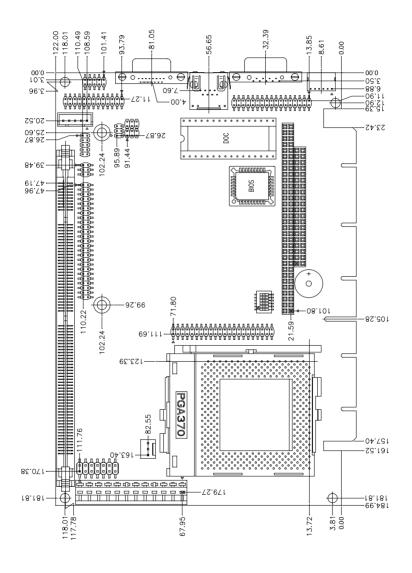
• **Board size**: 7.3"(L) x 4.8"(W) (185mm x 122mm)

• **Weight**: 0.5lb. (0.3 Kg)

Board layout



Board dimensions



Installation

This chapter describes how to set up the main board hardware, including instructions on setting jumpers and connecting peripherals, switches, and indicators. Be sure to read all the safety precautions before you begin the installation procedure.

Jumpers and connectors

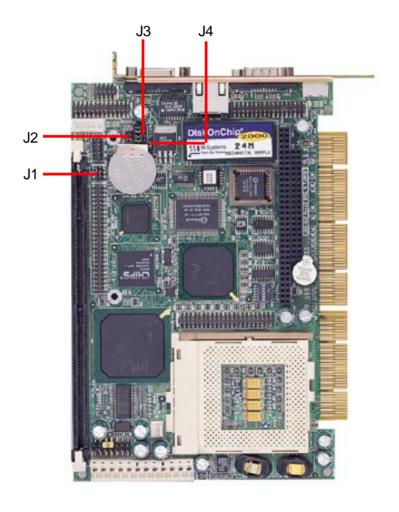
Connectors on the board link it to external devices such as hard disk drives, a keyboard, or floppy drives. In addition, the board has a number of jumpers that allow you to configure your system to suit your application.

The following tables list the function of each of the board's jumpers and connectors.

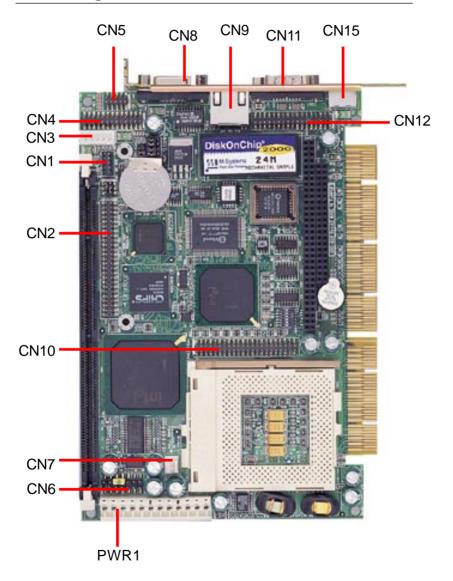
Jumpers	
Label	Function
SW1 (S5, S6)	DOC address select
SW1	CPU frequency ratio select
(S1, S2, S3, S4)	
J1	LCD clock signal & driving voltage select
J2	COM2 RS-232/422/485 select
J3	COM2 RS-232/422/485 select
J4	Clear CMOS Connectors

Label	Function
CN1	USB connector
CN2	LCD display connector
CN3	Internal keyboard connector
CN4	Parallel port connector
CN5	COM2 RS-232/422/485 serial port
	connector
CN6 (Pin 1~5)	IrDA connector
CN6 (Pin 6, 7)	Reset switch
CN6 (Pin 8~11)	External speaker
CN6 (Pin 13, 14)	IDE drive LED
CN7	CPU fan power connector
CN8	VGA display connector
CN9	100Base-Tx Ethernet connector
CN10	IDE hard drive connector
CN11	COM1 RS-232 serial port connector
CN12	Floppy drive connector
CN15	Keyboard and PS/2 mouse connector
PWR1	Power connector

Locating jumpers

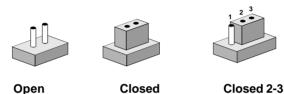


Locating connectors



Setting jumpers

You can configure your card to match the needs of your application by setting jumpers. A jumper is the simplest kind of electric switch. It consists of two metal pins and a small metal clip (often protected by a plastic cover) that slides over the pins to connect them. To "close" a jumper you connect the pins with the clip. To "open" a jumper you remove the clip. Sometimes a jumper will have three pins, labeled 1, 2, and 3. In this case you would connect either pins 1 and 2 or 2 and 3.



The jumper settings are schematically depicted in this manual as follows:



A pair of needle-nose pliers may be helpful when working with jumpers.

If you have any doubts about the best hardware configuration for your application, contact your local distributor or sales representative before you make any changes.

CPU installing and upgrading

You can upgrade to a more powerful Celeron CPU at any time. Simply remove the old CPU, install the new one, and set the jumpers for the new CPU speed.



Warning! Always disconnect the power cord from your chassis when you are working on it. Do not make connections while the power is on as sensitive electronic components can be damaged by the sudden rush of power. Only experienced electronics personnel should open the system chassis.

Caution!



Always ground yourself to remove any static charge before touching the system board. Modern electronic devices are very sensitive to static electric charges. Use a grounding wrist strap at all times. Place all electronic components on a static-dissipative surface or in a staticshielded bag when they are not in the chassis.

Install a CPU in the FC-370 socket

SBC-658 Series provides a Flip-Chip (FC) socket for easy CPU installation.

- 1. Make sure the FC-370 socket lever is in the upright position. To raise the lever, pull it out to the side a little and raise it as far as it will go.
- 2. Place the CPU in the empty socket. Follow the instructions that came wth the CPU. If you have no instructions, do the following: Carefully align the CPU so it is parallel to the socket and the notch on the corner of the CPU corresponds with the notch on the inside of the socket. Gently slide the CPU in. It should insert easily. If it doesn't, pull the lever up a little more.

3. Press the lever down. The plate will slide forward. You will feel some resistance as the pressure starts to secure the CPU in the socket. This normal and won't damage the CPU.

When the CPU is installed, the lever should snap into place at the side of the socket.

To remove a CPU, pull the lever out to the side a Note: little and raise it as far as it will go. Lift out the CPU chip.

When you install a new CPU, be sure to adjust the board settings, such as CPU type and CPU clock. Improper settings may damage the CPU.

Installing SDRAM (DIMMs)

System Memory

The upper edge of the SBC-658 contains one sockets for 168 pins dual inline memory module (DIMM). The socket uses 3.3 V unbuffered synchronous (SDRAM). DIMM is available in capacities of 16, 32, 64, 128, or 256 MB. The socket can be filled in the DIMM of any size, giving your SBC-658 single board computer between 16 and 256 MB of memory.

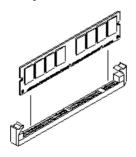
Supplementary information about DIMM

Your SBC-658 can accept both regular and PC-100 SDRAM DIMM Module(with or without parity). The SBC-658 can only accept PC-100 SDR AM DIMM Module

Single-sided modules are typically 16 or 128 MB; double-sided modules are usually 32 or 256 MB.

Memory Installation Procedures

To install DIMM, first make sure the two handles of the DIMM socket are in the "open" position. i.e. The handles remain outward. Slowly slide the DIMM module along the plastic guides on both ends of the socket. Then press the DIMM module right down into the socket, until you hear a click. This is when the two handles have automatically locked the memory module into the correct position of the DIMM socket. (See Figure below) To take away the memory module, just push both handles outward, and the memory module will be ejected by the mechanism in the socket.



DOC address & CPU frequency ratio select SW1 (S1 ~ S6)

DOC address select

The DiskOnChip 2000 occupies a 8KB window in the upper memory address range of D400 to DC00. You should ensure this does not conflict with any other device's memory address. SW1 (S5, S6) controls the momory address of the Flash disk.

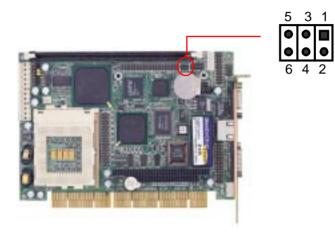
SW1 DOC Address (On:00ff:1)		
DOC Address	S5	S6	
D400	1	1	
D800	1	0	
DC00	0	1	
Disable	0	0	

Note:

These addresses might conflict with the ROM BIOS of other peripheral boards. Please select the appropriate memory address to avoid memory conflicts.

LCD clock signal & driving voltage select (J1)

You can select the LCD connector CN2 driving voltage & control signal by setting J1. The configurations are as follows:

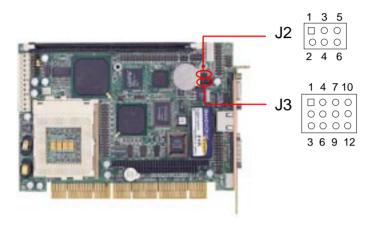


LCD clocl	k signal & driving voltage select	: (J1)
	ASHF CLK / +5V	ASHFCLK/+3.3V
J1	5 3 1 ○ •••	5 3 1 ○ •••
	○ ●●● 6 4 2	6 4 2
	SHFCLK / +5V	SHFCLK / +3.3V *
	5 3 1 ••• ○	5 3 1 •••• ○
	○ —● 6 4 2	6 4 2

^{*}default

COM2 RS-232/422/485 select (J2, J3)

The SBC-658 COM2 serial port can be selected as RS-232, RS-422, or RS-485 by setting J2 & J3.



COM2 Select (J2, J3)				
	RS-232*	RS-422	RS-485	
J2	1 3 5	1 3 5 0 0 0 2 4 6	1 3 5 ○ ○ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
J3	1 4 7 10	1 4 7 10 ○ ○ ○ ○ 1 1 1 1 3 6 9 12	1 4 7 10 ○ ○ ○ ○ 1 1 1 1 3 6 9 12	

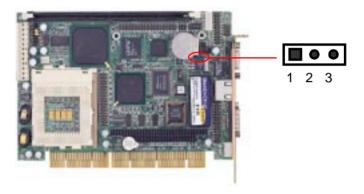
^{*}default

Clear CMOS (J4)

You can connect an external jumper cap or switch to clear CMOS.

Clear CMOS procedure:

- 1. Disconnect all power source.
- 2. Move J4 from 1-2 to 2-3 for few seconds.
- 3. Move J4 back to 1-2.

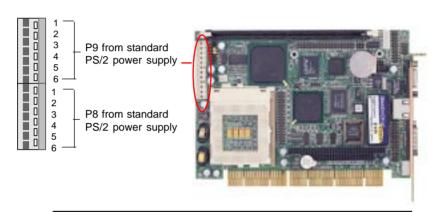


Clear CMOS (J4)		
	Protect*	Clear CMOS
J4	1 2 3 ••• ○	1 2 3 ○ •••

^{*}default

Power connectors P8 & P9 (PWR1)

In single board computer (non-passive backplane) application. You will need to connect the power directly to the SBC-658 board using PWR1. This connector is fully compatible with the standard PC PS/ 2 power supply connector, P8 & P9. See the following table for its pin assignments:

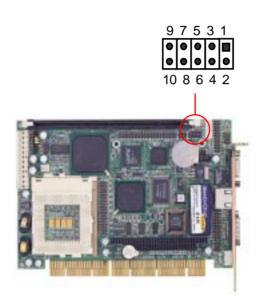


Power connector pin assignments (PWR1)				
Pin (P8)	Signal	Pin (P9)	Signal	
1	GND	1	+5V	
2	GND	2	+5V	
3	-12V	3	+5V	
4	+12V	4	-5V	
5	+5V	5	GND	
6	NC	6	GND	

Power connector pin assignments (PWR1)			
Pin (P8)	Color	Pin (P9)	Color
1	Black	1	Red
2	Black	2	Red
3	Blue	3	Red
4	Yellow	4	White
5	Red	5	Black
6	Orange	6	Black

USB connector (CN1)

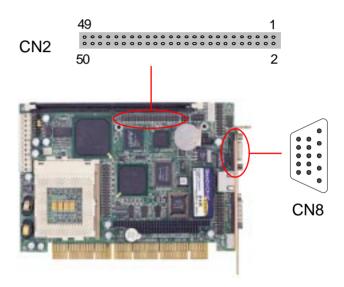
The SBC-658 provides two USB (Universal Serial Bus) interfaces, which give complete plug and play, hot attach/detach for up to 127 external devices. The USB interfaces comply with USB specification Rev. 1.0, and can be disabled in the system BIOS setup.



USB connector (CN1)				
Pin	Function	Pin	Function	
1	Vcc	2	GND	
3	USBDO-	4	GND	
5	USBDO+	6	USBD1+	
7	GND	8	USBD1-	
9	GND	10	Vcc	

Display connectors (CN8, CN2)

The SBC-658's PCI SVGA interface can drive conventional CRT displays and is capable of driving a wide range of flat panel displays, including electroluminescent (EL), gas plasma, passive LCD, and active LCD displays. The board has two connectors to support these displays, one for standard CRT VGA monitors and one for flat panel displays.



VGA display connector (CN8)

VGA displa	y connector (CN8)
Pin	Signal
1	Red video
2	Green video
3	Blue video
4	Not used
5	GND
6	Red return (GND)
7	Green return (GND)
8	Blue return (GND)
9	Vcc
10	Sync return (GND)
11	NC
12	DDCDAT
13	Horizontal sync
14	Vertical sync
15	DDC CLK

LCD display connector (CN2)

CN2 is a 50-pin, dual-in-line header used for flat panel displays.

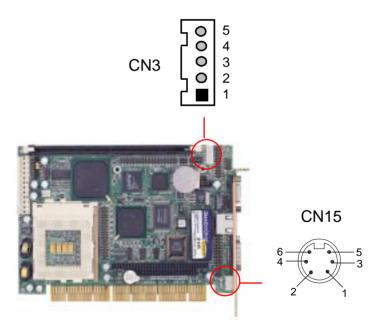
When the SBC-658's power is applied, the control signal is low until just after the relevant flat panel signals are present.

Configuration of the VGA interface is done completely via the software utility. You do not have to set any jumpers.

LCD d	isplay connector (CN2)		
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	+12 V _{DC}	2	+12 V _{DC}
3	GND	4	GND
5	LCD Vcc	6	LCD Vcc
7	ENAVEE	8	GND
9	P0	10	P1
11	P2	12	P3
13	P4	14	P5
15	P6	16	P7
17	P8	18	P9
19	P10	20	P11
21	P12	22	P13
23	P14	24	P15
25	P16	26	P17
27	P18	28	P19
29	P20	30	P21
31	P22	32	P23
33	P24	34	P25
35	SHF CLK	36	FLM (V SYS)
37	M	38	LP (H SYS)
39	GND	40	ENABKL
41	P26	42	P27
43	P28	44	P29
45	P30	46	P31
47	P32	48	P33
49	P34	50	P35

Keyboard and PS/2 mouse connector (CN3, CN15)

The SBC-658 provides a keyboard connector which supports both a keyboard and a PS/2 style mouse. In most cases, especially in embedded applications, a keyboard is not used. The standard PC/ AT BIOS will report an error or fail during power-on-self-test (POST) after a reset if the keyboard is not present. The mainboard BIOS Advanced setup menu allows you to select "Present" or "Absent" under the "System Keyboard" section. This allows no-keyboard operation in embedded system applications without the system halting under POST (power-on-self-test).

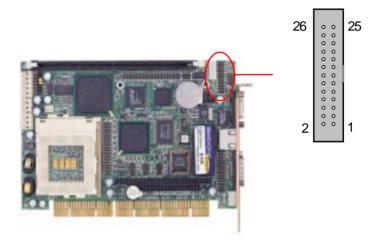


Keyboar	d and PS/2 mouse connector (CN15) (Mini-DIN 6 pins)
Pin	Signal
1	KB DATA
2	MS DATA
3	GND
4	Vcc
5	KB CLOCK
6	MS CLOCK

Internal k	Internal keyboard connector (CN3)		
Pin	Signal		
1	KB_CLOCK		
2	KB_DATA		
3	NC		
4	GND		
5	Vcc		

Parallel port connector (CN4)

Normally, the parallel port is used to connect the board to a printer. The SBC-658 includes an onboard parallel port, accessed through CN4, a 26-pin flat-cable connector. You need an adapter cable if you use a traditional DB-25 connector. The cable has a 26pin connector on one end and a DB-25 connector on the other.



Parallel port IRQ

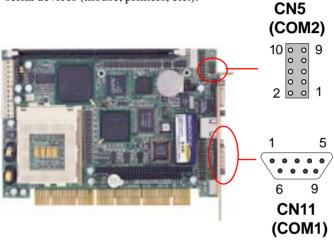
The SBC-658 supports one parallel port. The port is designated as LPT1 and can be disabled or changed to LPT2 or LPT3 in the system BIOS setup.

Parallel port connector table (CN4)

Parallel port connector (CN4)				
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	
1	STROBE	2	AUTOFD	
3	DO	4	ERR	
5	D1	6	INIT	
7	D2	8	SLCTINI	
9	D3	10	GND	
11	D4	12	GND	
13	D5	14	GND	
15	D6	16	GND	
17	D7	18	GND	
19	ACK	20	GND	
21	BUST	22	GND	
23	PE	24	GND	
25	SLCT	26	NC	

Serial ports (CN11, CN5)

The SBC-658 offers two serial ports, one RS-232 (CN11) and one RS-232/422/485 (CN5). These ports allow you to connect them to serial devices (mouse, printers, etc.).



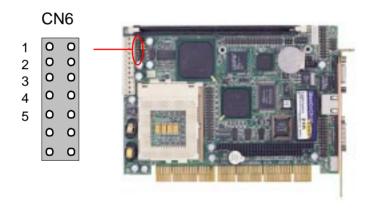
COM2 RS-232/422/485 serial ports (CN5)

COM2 R	COM2 RS-232/422/485 serial port (CN5)				
	PIN	SIGNAL	Р	IN	SIGNAL
COM2	1	DCDB	6		DSRB
	(42	22TXD-/485DATA	۱-)		
	2	RXDB	7		RTSB
		(422RXD+)			
	3	TXDB	8		CTSB
	(42	22TXD+/485DAT	A+)		
	4	DTRB	9		RIB
		(422RXD-)			
	5	GND	10	0	N.C.

IrDA connector (CN6, Pin 1~5)

The IrDA connector (CN6, Pin 1~5) can be configured to support wireless infrared module, with this module and application software such as laplink or Win95 Direct Cable connection, user can transfer files to or from laptops, notebooks, PDA and printers. This connector supports HPSIR (115.2Kbps, 2 meters), ASK-IR (56Kbps).

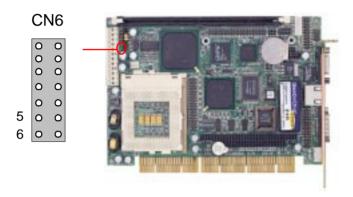
Install infrared module onto IrDA connector and enable infrared function from BIOS setup. Make sure to have correct orientation when you plug onto IrDA connector CN6 (Pin 1~5).



IrDA connector (CN6, Pin1 ~ 5)		
Pin	Signal	
1	Vcc	
2	NC	
3	IrRx	
4	GND	
5	IrTx	

Reset switch (CN6, Pin6, 7)

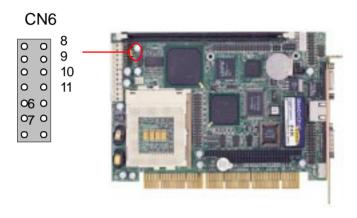
You can connect an external switch to easily reset your computer. This switch restarts your computer as if you had turned off the power, then turned it back on.



Reset switch (CN6, Pin6, 7)		
Pin	Function	
6	RST-IN	
7	GND	

External/internal speaker (CN6, Pin 8~11)

The CPU card has its own buzzer. You can also connect to the external speaker on your computer chassis. Pin assignments for CN6 (Pin8~11) are shown below:



External speaker (CN6, Pin 8 ~ 11)		
Pin	Function	
8	Vcc (For external speaker use)	
9	NC	
10	BZ_IN*	
11	BUZZ*	

^{*} default

For external speaker connection:

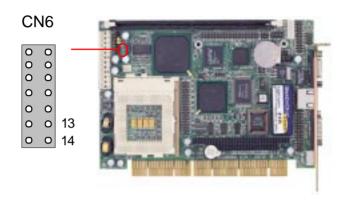
Remove the default jumper cap from the pin 10~11away.

(+): Please connect to pin 8

(-): Please connect to pin 11

Hard drive LED (CN6, Pin 13, 14)

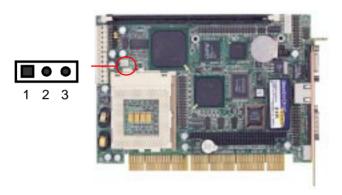
You can connect an LED to indicate when an IDE device is in use. The pin assignments for this connector are as follows:



Hard drive LED (CN6, Pin 13, 14)		
Pin	Function	
13	HD-LED+	
14	HD-LED-	

CPU fan power connector (CN7)

The SBC-658 onboard offer +12V power for the CPU cooling fan. Plug in the fan cable onto the 3 pins fan power connector onboard. The fan connector is marked CN7.

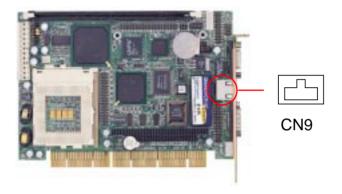


CPU fan power connector (CN7)			
Pin	Signal		
1	GND		
2	+12V		
3	Fan spe	eed sense	

100Base-T Ethernet connector (CN9)

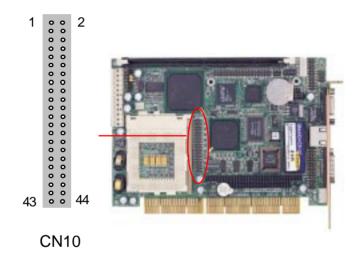
This 100Base-T Ethernet connector CN9 is a standard RJ-45 connector.

The onboard Intel 82559ER fast Ethernet controller supports 10Mb/s and 100 Mb/s N-way auto-negotiation operation.



IDE hard drive connector (CN10)

You can attach up to two Enhanced Integrated Device Electronics hard disk drives to the SBC-658's CN10. The SBC-658's IDE controller uses a PCI local bus interface. This advanced interface supports faster data transfer and allows the IDE hard drive to exceed 528 MB.



IDE hard drive connector (CN10)

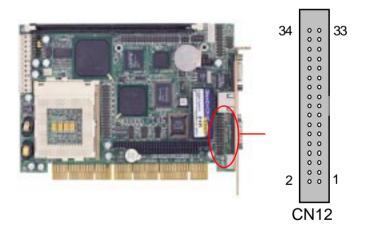
IDE hard drive connector (CN10)			
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	IDE RESET	2	GND
3	DATA 7	4	DATA 8
5	DATA 6	6	DATA 9
7	DATA 5	8	DATA 10
9	DATA 4	10	DATA 11
11	DATA 3	12	DATA 12
13	DATA 2	14	DATA 13
15	DATA 1	16	DATA 14
17	DATA 0	18	DATA 15
19	SIGNAL GND	20	NC
21	NC	22	GND
23	IO WRITE	24	GND
25	IO READ	26	GND
27	IO CHANNEL READY	28	ALE
29	NC	30	GND
31	IRQ14	32	IOCS16
33	ADDR 1	34	NC
35	ADDR 0	36	ADDR 2
37	HARD DISK SELECT 0	38	HARD DISK SELECT 1
39	IDE ACTIVE	40	MGND
41	VCC	42	MVCC
43	GND	44	NC

Floppy drive connector (CN12)

You can attach up to two floppy drives to the mainboard controller. You can use any combination of 5½" (360 KB and 1.2 MB) and/or 3½" (720 KB, 1.44 MB, and 2.88 MB) drives.

A 34-pin daisy-chain drive connector cable is required for a dualdrive system. On one end of the cable is a 34-pin flat-cable connector. On the other end are two sets of floppy disk drive connectors. Each set consists of a 34-pin flat-cable connector (usually used for 3½" drives) and a printed-circuit board connector (usually used for 51/4" drives).

Wire number 1 on the cable is normally red or blue, and the other wires are usually gray.



Connecting the floppy drive

- 1. Plug the 34-pin flat-cable connector into CN12. Make sure that the red or blue wire corresponds to pin 1 on the connector.
- 2. Attach the appropriate connector on the other end of the cable to the floppy drive(s). You can use only one connector in the set. The set on the end (after the twist in the cable) connects to the A: drive. The set in the middle connects to the B: drive.
- 3. If you are connecting a 5¹/₄" floppy drive, line up the slot in the printed circuit board with the blocked-off part of the cable connector.

If you are connecting a 3½" floppy drive, you may have trouble determining which pin is pin number 1. Look for a number printed on the circuit board indicating pin number 1. Also, the connector on the floppy drive connector may have a slot. When the slot is up, pin number 1 should be on the right. Check the documentation that came with the drive for more information.

If you desire, connect the B: drive to the connectors in the middle of the cable as described above.

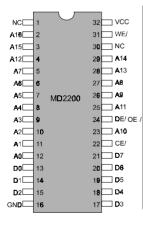
Floppy drive connector (CN12)

Floppy d	rive connector	(CN12)	
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	GND	2	DENSITY SELECT 0
3	GND	4	NC
5	NC	6	DENSITY SELECT 1
7	GND	8	INDEX
9	GND	10	MOTOR 0
11	GND	12	DRIVE SELECT 1
13	GND	14	DRIVE SELECT 2
15	GND	16	MOTOR 1
17	GND	18	DIRECTION
19	GND	20	STEP
21	GND	22	WRITE DATA
23	GND	24	WRITE GATE
25	GND	26	TRACK 0
27	GND	28	WRITE PROTECT
29	GND	30	READ DATA
31	GND	32	HEAD DELECT
33	GND	34	DISK CHANGE

DiskOnChip socket (U10)

The DiskOnChip 2000 family of products provides a single chip solid-state flash disk in a standard 32 pins DIP package. The DiskOnChip 2000 is a solid-state disk with no moving parts, resulting in a significant reduction in power consumption and an increase in reliability. The DiskOnChip is a small plug and play Flash disk. It is easy to use. And it saves integration overhead.

The DiskOnChip 2000 family of products is available in capacities ranging from 4MB up to 288MB, unformatted. In order to manage the disk, the DiskOnChip 2000 includes the TrueFFS, M-Systems Flash File System proprietary software. The DiskOnChip 2000 package is pin-to-pin compatible with a standard 32-pin EPROM device.



pin Name	Description	Pin Number	Direction	Note
A0-A12	Address bus	4-12,23,25-27	Inputs	
A13-A16	Address bus	2,3,28,29	Inputs	1
D0-D7	Data bus	13-15,17-21	I/O	
CE/	Chip Enable	22	Input	
OE/	Output Enable	24	Input	
WE/	Write Enable	31	Input	
NC	Not connected	1.30		2
vcc	Power	32		
GND	Ground	16		

Note 1: Pins A13 through A16 are not used by the MD2200. They are kept for socket backward compatibility with ED 1100 (DiskOnChip 1000)

Note 2: Pins 1 and 30 are not used by MD2200

DiskOnChip (DOC) 2000 Installation

When the DOC is installed correctly, a DOC will work like an HDD or an FDD. To install the DOC on the SBC-658, follow the instructions below:

- 1. Plug the DOC into the socket. Make sure pin 1 of the DOC is aligned with pin 1 of the socket.
- 2. Push the DOC into the socket until it is firmly seated in the socket.

Caution: the DOC may be permanently damage if it is installed incorrectly.

3. Set the jumper for the memory address of the DOC.

Note:

The memory shadow function sometimes will create conflicts with the memory window. You should disable the memory shadow from the BIOS SETUP if the DOC cannot be accessed.

Configure DOC as a boot device

To configure a DOC as a boot drive, you should copy the operating system files onto the DOC. The following procedure is an example of the initialization process.

- 1. Install a DOC into your system.
- 2. Insert a bootable floppy disk in drive A: and boot the system.
- 3. At the DOS prompt, type **SYS C:** to transfer the DOS system files to the DOC (assuming the DiskOnChip is installed as drive C:). Reboot the system.
- 4. Go to the BIOS Setup Utility by hitting the key. Set the type of Primary Master or C: Drive as *Not Installed*.
- 5. Remove the floppy disk from the drive A: and leave the BIOS Setup Utility. The system should boot from the DOC.

Award BIOS Setup

This chapter describes how to configure the BIOS for the system.

Starting setup

The Award BIOS is immediately activated when you first turn on the computer. The BIOS reads system configuration information in CMOS RAM and begins the process of checking out the system and configuring it through the power-on self test (POST).

When these preliminaries are finished, the BIOS seeks an operating system on one of the data storage devices (hard drive, floppy drive, etc.). The BIOS launches the operating system and hands control of system operations to it.

During POST, you can start the Setup program in one of two ways: 1.By pressing Del immediately after switching the system on, or 2.By pressing Del or pressing Ctrl-Alt-Esc when the following message appears briefly at the bottom of the screen during POST:

TO ENTER SETUP BEFORE BOOT PRESS DEL KEY

If the message disappears before you respond and you still wish to enter Setup, restart the system to try again by turning it OFF then ON or pressing the RESET button on the system case. You may also restart by simultaneously pressing Ctr-Alt-Del. If you do not press the keys at the correct time and the system does not boot, an error message appears and you are again asked to

PRESS F1 TO CONTINUE, DEL TO ENTER SETUP

Setup keys

These keys helps you navigate in Setup:

Up arrow	Move to previous item
Down arrow	Move to next item
Left arrow	Move to the item in the left hand
Right arrow	Move to the item in the right hand
Esc	Main Menu: Quit and not save changes into CMOS RAM
	Other pages: Exit current page and return to Main Menu
PgDn/+	Increase the numeric value or make changes
PgDn/-	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
F1	General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu
F2	Change color from total 16 colors. F2 to select color forward, Shift-F2 to select color backward
F3	Calendar, only for Status Page Setup Menu
F4	Reserved
F5	Restore the previous CMOS value from CMOS, only for Option Page Setup Menu
F6	Load the default CMOS RAM value from BIOS default table, only for Option Page Setup Menu
F7	Load the default
F8	Reserved
F9	Reserved
F10	Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main Menu

Getting help

Press F1 to pop up a small help window that describes the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item. To exit the Help Window press Esc or the F1 key again.

In Case of Problems

If, after making and saving system changes with Setup, you discover that your computer no longer is able to boot, the **Award-BIOS** supports an override to the CMOS settings that resets your system to its default configuration.

You can invoke this override by immediately pressing Insert; when you restart your computer. You can restart by either using the ON/ OFF switch, the RESET button or by pressing Ctrl-Alt-Delete.

The best advice is to alter only settings that you thoroughly understand. In particular, do not change settings in the Chipset screen without a good reason. The Chipset defaults have been carefully chosen by Award Software or your system manufacturer for the best performance and reliability. Even a seemingly small change to the Chipset setup may causing the system to become unstable.

Main setup Menu



Standard CMOS	Options in the original PC AT-compatible BIOS.
BIOS Features	Award Software enhanced BIOS options.
Chipset Features	Options specific to your system chipset.
Power	Advanced Power Management (APM)
Management	options.
PnP/PCI	Plug and Play standard and PCI Local Bus
Configuration	configuration options.
Integrated	I/O subsystems that depend on the inte-
Peripherals	grated peripherals controller in your system.
Supervisor/User Password Setting	Change, set, or disable a password. In BIOS versions that allow separate user and supervisor passwords, only the supervisor password permits access to Setup. The user password generally allows only power-on access.
IDE HDD Auto	Automatically detect and configure IDE hard
Detection	disk parameters.

Load BIOS Defaults	BIOS defaults are factory settings for the most stable, minimal-performance system operations.
Load Setup Defaults	Setup defaults are factory settings for optimal-performance system operations.
Save & Exit Setup	Save settings in nonvolatile CMOS RAM and exit Setup.
Exit Without Save	Abandon all changes and exit Setup.

Standard CMOS setup

```
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.
   STANDARD CHOS SETUP
                                                INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
   BIOS FEATURES SETUP
                                                SUPERVISOR PASSWORD
   CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP
                                                USER PASSWORD
   POVER MANAGEMENT SETUP
                                                IDE HOD AUTO DETECTION
   PNF/PCI CONFIGURATION
                                                SAVE & EXET SETUP
   LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS
                                                EXIT WITHOUT SAVING
   LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS
                                             (Shift)F2 : Select Item
(Shift)F2 : Change Color
Esc : Quit
F1D : Save & Exit Setup
```

When you choose the STANDARD CMOS SETUP option from the INITIAL SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.

This standard setup menu allows users to configure system components such as the date, time, hard disk drive, floppy drive, display, and memory. Online help for each field can be accessed by pressing F1.

Date and Time Configuration

The BIOS determines the day of the week from the other date information. This field is for information only.

Press the left or right arrow key to move to the desired field (date, month, year). Press the PgUp/- or PgDn/+ key to increment the setting, or type the desired value into the field.

The time format is based on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:00:00. Press the left or right arrow key to move to the desired field. Press the PgUp/- or PgDn/+ key to increment the setting, or type the desired value into the field.

HARD DISKS

The BIOS supports up to two IDE drives. This section does not show information about other IDE devices, such as a CD-ROM drive, or about other hard drive types, such as SCSI drives.

NOTE: We recommend that you select type AUTO for all drives.

The BIOS can automatically detect the specifications and optimal operating mode of almost all IDE hard drives. When you select type AUTO for a hard drive, the BIOS detects its specifications during POST, every time the system boots.

If you do not want to select drive type AUTO, other methods of

selecting the drive type are available:

- 1. Match the specifications of your installed IDE hard drive(s) with the preprogrammed values for drive types 1 through 45.
- 2. Select USER and enter values into each drive parameter field.
- 3. Use the IDE HDD AUTO DECTECTION function in Setup.

Here is a brief explanation of drive specifications:

- •Type: The BIOS contains a table of pre-defined drive types. Each defined drive type has a specified number of cylinders. number of heads, write precompensation factor, landing zone, and number of sectors. Drives whose specifications do not accommodate any pre-defined type are classified as type USER.
- •Size: Disk drive capacity (approximate). Note that this size is usually slightly greater than the size of a formatted disk given by a disk-checking program.
- Cyls: Number of cylinders
- Head: Number of heads
- **Precomp**: Write precompensation cylinder
- Landz: Landing zone
- Sector: Number of sectors
- Mode: Auto, Normal, large, or LBA
 - Auto: The BIOS automatically determines the optimal mode.
 - Normal: Maximum number of cylinders, heads, and sectors supported are 1024, 16, and 63.
 - Large: For drives that do not support LBA and have more than 1024 cylinders.

 - LBA (Logical Block Addressing): During drive accesses, the IDE controller transforms the data address described by sector, head, and cylinder number into a physical block address, significantly improving data transfer rates. For drives with greater than 1024 cylinders.

Drive A Drive B

Select the correct specifications for the diskette drive(s) installed in the computer.

None	No diskette drive installed
360K, 5.25 in	5-1/4 inch PC-type standard drive; 360
	kilobyte capacity
1.2M, 5.25 in	5-1/4 inch AT-type high-density drive; 1.2
	megabyte capacity
720K, 3.5 in	3-1/2 inch double-sided drive; 720 kilobyte
	capacity
1.44M, 3.5 in	3-1/2 inch double-sided drive; 1.44 mega
	byte capacity
2.88M, 3.5 in	3-1/2 inch double-sided drive; 2.88 mega
	byte capacity

LCD & CRT

This field may appear as an alternative to The Video field. select your video display device:

LCD	Liquid crystal display	
CRT	Auxiliary monitor	
Both	Display on both devices	

Pannel:

This selection item allow user to select LCD BIOS to match the LCD types.

Halt On

During the power-on-self-test (POST), the computer stops if the BIOS detects a hardware error. You can tell the BIOS to ignore certain errors during POST and continue the boot-up process. These are the selections:

- No errors: POST does not stop for any errors.
- All errorsIf: the BIOS detects any non-fatal error, POST stops and prompts you to take corrective action.
- All, But Keyboard: POST does not stop for a keyboard error, but stops for all other errors. All, But DiskettePOST does not stop for diskette drive errors, but stops for all other errors.
- All, But Disk/Key: POST does not stop for a keyboard or disk error, but stops for all other errors.

Memory

You cannot change any values in the Memory fields; they are only for your information. The fields show the total installed random access memory (RAM) and amounts allocated to base memory, extended memory, and other (high) memory. RAM is counted in kilobytes (KB: approximately one thousand bytes) and megabytes (MB: approximately one million bytes).

RAM is the computer's working memory, where the computer stores programs and data currently being used, so they are accessible to the CPU. Modern personal computers may contain up to 64 MB, 128 MB, or more.

Base Memory

Typically 640 KB. Also called conventional memory. The DOS operating system and conventional applications use this area.

Extended Memory

Above the 1-MB boundary. Early IBM personal computers could not use memory above 1 MB, but current PCs and their software can use extended memory.

Other Memory

Between 640 KB and 1 MB; often called High memory. DOS may load terminate-and-stay-resident (TSR) programs, such as device drivers, in this area, to free as much conventional memory as possible for applications. Lines in your CONFIG.SYS file that start with LOADHIGH load programs into high memory.

BIOS features setup



By choosing the BIOS FEATURES SETUP option from the INITIAL SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.



The displayed configuration is based on the manufacturer's SETUP DEFAULTS settings.

Virus Warning

When enabled, you receive a warning message if a program (specifically, a virus) attempts to write to the boot sector or the partition table of the hard disk drive. You should then run an antivirus program. Keep in mind that this feature protects only the boot sector, not the entire hard drive.

NOTE: Many disk diagnostic programs that access the boot sector table can trigger the virus warning message. If you plan to run such a program, we recommend that you first disable the virus warning.

CPU Internal Cache/External Cache

Cache memory is additional memory that is much faster than conventional DRAM (system memory). CPUs from 486-type on up contain internal cache memory, and most, but not all, modern PCs have additional (external) cache memory. When the CPU requests data, the system transfers the requested data from the main DRAM into cache memory, for even faster access by the CPU.

The External Cache field may not appear if your system does not have external cache memory.

CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking

When you select Enabled, memory checking is enable when the external cache contains ECC SRAMs.

Quick Power On Self Test

Select Enabled to reduce the amount of time required to run the power-on-self-test (POST). A quick POST skips certain steps. We recommend that you normally disable quick POST. Better to find a problem during POST than lose data during your work.

Shadow

Software that resides in a read-only memory (ROM) chip on a device is called firmware. The AwardBIOS permits shadowing of firmware such as the system BIOS, video BIOS, and similar operating instructions that come with some expansion peripherals, such as, for example, a SCSI adaptor.

Shadowing copies firmware from ROM into system RAM, where the CPU can read it through the 16-bit or 32-bit DRAM bus. Firmware not shadowed must be read by the system through the 8-bit X-bus. Shadowing improves the performance of the system BIOS and similar ROM firmware for expansion peripherals, but it also reduces the amount of high memory (640 KB to 1 MB) available for loading device drivers, etc.

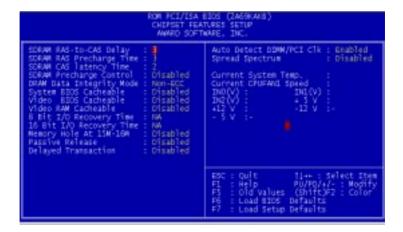
Enable shadowing into each section of memory separately. Many system designers hardwire shadowing of the system BIOS and eliminate a System BIOS Shadow option.

Video BIOS shadows into memory area C8000-DFFFF. The remaining areas shown on the BIOS Features Setup screen may be occupied by other expansion card firmware. If an expansion peripheral in your system contains ROM-based firmware, you need to know the address range the ROM occupies to shadow it into the correct area of RAM.

CHIPSET features setup



By choosing the CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP option from the INITIAL SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.



The displayed configuration is based on the manufacturer's SETUP DEFAULTS settings.

This section allows you to configure the system based on the specific features of the installed chipset. This chipset manages bus speeds and access to system memory resources, such as SDRAM. It also coordinates communications between the conventional ISA bus and the PCI bus. It must be stated that these items should never need to be altered. The default settings have been chosen because they provide the best operating conditions for your system. The only time you might consider making any changes would be if you discovered that data was being lost while using your system.

Because of the complexity and technical nature of some of the options, not all of the options are described here.

SDRAM RAS-to-CAS Delay

This field lets you control the number of DCLKs between a Row Activate command and a read or write command.

SDRAM RAS Precharge Time

The precharge time is the number of cycles it takes for the RAS to accumulate its charge before DRAM refresh. If insufficient time is allowed, refresh may be incomplete and the DRAM may fail to retain data. This field applies only if synchronous DRAM is installed in the system.

SDRAM CAS Latency Time

When synchronous DRAM is installed, you can control the number of CLKs between when the SDRAMs sample a read command and when the contoller samples read data from the SDRAMs. Do not reset this field from the default value specified by the system designer.

SDRAM Precharge Control

When Enabled, all CPU cycles to SDRAM result in an All Banks Precharge Command on the SDRAM interface.

DRAM Data Integrity Mode

Select Non-ECC or ECC (error-correcting code), according to the type of installed DRAM.

System BIOS Cacheable

Selecting Enabled allows caching of the system BIOS ROM at F0000h-FFFFFh, resulting in better system performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result.

Video BIOS Cacheable

Selecting Enabled allows caching of the video BIOS ROM at C0000h to C7FFFh, resulting in better video performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result.

Video RAM Cacheable

Selecting Enabled allows caching of the video memory (RAM) at A0000h to AFFFFh, resulting in better video performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a memory access error may result.

8/16 Bit I/O Recovery Time

The I/O recovery mechanism adds bus clock cycles between PCIoriginated I/O cycles to the ISA bus. This delay takes place because the PCI bus is so much faster than the ISA bus.

These two fields let you add recovery time (in bus clock cycles) for 16-bit and 8-bit I/O.

Memory Hole at 15M-16M

You can reserve this area of system memory for ISA adapter ROM. When this area is reserved, it cannot be cached. The user information of peripherals that need to use this area of system memory usually discusses their memory requirements.

Passive Release

When Enabled, CPU to PCI bus accesses are allowed during passive release. Otherwise, the arbiter only accepts another PCI master access to local DRAM.

Delayed Transaction

The chipset has an embedded 32-bit posted write buffer to support delay transactions cycles. Select Enabled to support compliance with PCI specification version 2.1.

Auto Detect DIMM/PCI CIk

When the Auto Detect DIMM/PCI clk enable, the Utility will automatically detect the DIMM/PCI clock in your system.

Spread Spectrum

When the system clock generator pulses, the extreme values of the pulse generate excess EMI. Enabling pulse spectrum spread modulation changes the extreme values from spikes to flat curves, thus reducing EMI. This benefit may in some cases be outweighed by problems with timing-critical devices, such as a clock-sensitive SCSI device

IN0-IN6(V)

These fields display the current voltage of up to seven voltage input lines, if your computer contains a monitoring system.

Power management setup



By choosing the POWER MANAGEMENT option from the INITIAL SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.

The displayed configuration is based on the manufacturer's SETUP DEFAULTS settings.

Power Management

This option allows you to select the type (or degree) of power saving for Doze, Standby, and Suspend modes.

This table describes each power management mode:

Max Saving	Maximum power savings. Only Available for SL CPUs. Inactivity period is 1 minute in each mode.
User Define	Set each mode individually. Select time-out periods in the section for each mode, below.
Min Saving	Minimum power savings. Inactivity period is 1 hour in each mode (except the hard drive).

PM Control by APM

If Advanced Power Management (APM) is installed on your system, selecting Yes gives better power savings.

Video Off Method

Determines the manner in which the monitor is blanked.

V/H SYNC+Blank	System turns off vertical and horizontal synchronization ports and writes blanks to the video buffer.
DPMS Support	Select this option if your monitor supports the Display Power Management Signaling (DPMS) standard of the Video Electronics Standards Association (VESA). Use the software supplied for your video subsystem to select video power management values.
Blank Screen	System only writes blanks to the video buffer.

Video Off After

As the system moves from lesser to greater power-saving modes, select the mode in which you want the monitor to blank.

MODEM Use IRQ

Name the interrupt request (IRQ) line assigned to the modem (if any) on your system. Activity of the selected IRQ always awakens the system.

Doze Mode

After the selected period of system inactivity, the CPU clock throttles to a small percentage of its duty cycle — between 10 percent and 25 percent for most chipsets. All other devices still operate at full speed.

Standby Mode

After the selected period of system inactivity, the CPU clock stops, the hard drive enters an idle state, and the L2 cache enters a powersave mode. All other devices still operate at full speed.

Suspend Mode

After the selected period of system inactivity, the chipset enters a hardware suspend mode, stopping the CPU clock and possibly causing other system devices to enter power management modes.

HDD Power Down

After the selected period of drive inactivity, any system IDE devices compatible with the ATA-2 specification or later power manage themselves, putting themselves into an idle state after the specified timeout and then waking themselves up when accessed.

Throttle Duty Cycle

When the system enters Doze mode, the CPU clock runs only part of the time. You may select the percent of time that the clock runs.

VGA Active Monitor

When Enabled, any video activity restarts the global timer for Standby mode.

IRQ8 Break [Event From] Suspend

You can select Enabled or Disabled for monitoring of IRO8 (the Real Time Clock) so it does not awaken the system from Suspend mode.

Reload Global Timer Events

When Enabled, an event occurring on each device listed below restarts the global timer for Standby mode.

IRQ3-7, 9-15, NMI

Primary IDE 0

Primary IDE 1

Floppy Disk

Serial Port

Parallel Port

PNP/PCI configuration setup



By choosing the PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION SETUP option from the initial SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.



The displayed configuration is based on the manufacturer's SETUP DEFAULTS settings.

NOTE: This chapter describes all fields offered by Award Software in this screen. Your system board designer may omit or modify some fields.

PNP OS Installed

Select Yes if the system operating environment is Plug-and-Play aware (e.g., Windows 95).

Resources Controlled By

The Plug and Play AwardBIOS can automatically configure all the boot and Plug and Play-compatible devices. If you select Auto, all the interrupt request (IRQ) and DMA assignment fields disappear, as the BIOS automatically assigns them.

Reset Configuration Data

Normally, you leave this field Disabled. Select Enabled to reset Extended System Configuration Data (ESCD) when you exit Setup if you have installed a new add-on and the system reconfiguration has caused such a serious conflict that the operating system cannot boot.

Assign IRQ for VGA

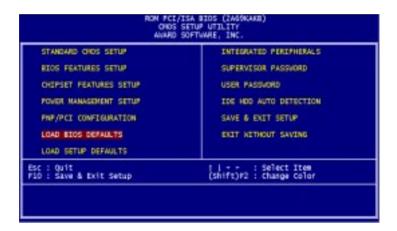
If you are not using your system's VGA controller, select Disabled to free the IRO resource.

Assign IRQ for USB

Select Enabled if your system has a USB controller and you have one or more USB devices connected. If you are not using your system's USB controller, select Disabled to free the IRQ resource.

Load BIOS defaults/Load setup defaults

LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS loads the default system values directly from ROM. The BIOS DEFAULTS provides the most stable settings, though they do not provide optimal performance. LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS, on the other hand, provides for maximum system performance. If the stored record created by the setup utility becomes corrupted (and therefore unusable), BIOS defaults will load automatically when you turn the system on.





Integrated peripherals setup

```
ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A66KAKE)
CHOS SETUP UTILITY
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.
   STANDARD CHOS SETUP
                                                     INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
   BIOS FEATURES SETUP
                                                     SUPERVISOR PASSWORD
   CHIPSET PEATURES SETUP
                                                     USDI PASSIORO
   POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP
                                                     IDE HOO AUTO DETECTION
   PMP/FCI CONFIGURATION
                                                     SAVE & EXET SETUP
   LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS
                                                     EXIT WITHOUT SAVING
   LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS
Esc : Quit
F10 : Save & Exit Setup
                                                 [] -- : Select Item
(Shift)F2 : Change Color
```

By choosing the INTEGRATD PERIPHERALS option from the initial SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.



The displayed configuration is based on the manufacturer's SETUP DEFAULSTS settings.

IDF HDD Block Mode

Select Enabled only if your hard drives support block mode.

IDE Primary Master/Slave UDMA

UDMA (Ultra DMA) is a DMA data transfer protocol that utilizes ATA commands and the ATA bus to allow DMA commands to transfer data at a maximum burst rate of 33 MB/s. When you select Auto in the four IDE UDMA fields (for each of up to four IDE devices that the internal PCI IDE interface supports), the system automatically determines the optimal data transfer rate for each IDE device.

On-Chip PCI IDE Primary

The system chipset contains a PCI IDE interface with support for two IDE channels. Select Enabled to activate the primary and/or secondary IDE interface. Select Disabled to deactivate this interface, if you install a primary and/or secondary add-in IDE interface.

USB Keyboard Support

Select Enabled if your system contains a Universal Serial Bus (USB) controller and you have a USB keyboard.

Onboard FDC Controller

Select Enabled if your system has a floppy disk controller (FDC) installed on the system board and you wish to use it. If you install an add-in FDC or the system has no floppy drive, select Disabled in this field.

Onboard Serial Ports (1, 2)

Select a logical COM port address for the first and second serial ports.

RxD, TxD Active

Consult your IR peripheral documentation to select the correct setting of the TxD and RxD signals.

ECP Mode Use DMA

Select a DMA channel for the port.

EPP Mode select

Select EPP port type 1.7 or 1.9.

Supervisor/User password setting

You can set either SUPERVISOR or USER PASSWORD, or both of them. The difference between the two is that the supervisor password allows unrestricted access to enter and change the options of the setup menus, while the user password only allows entry to the program, but not modify options.





When you select this function, a message appears at the center of the screen:

ENTER PASSWORD:

Type the password, up to eight characters, and press Enter. Typing a password clears any previously entered password from CMOS memory.

Now the message changes:

CONFIRM PASSWORD:

Again, type the password and press Enter.

To abort the process at any time, press Esc.

In the Security Option item in the BIOS Features Setup screen, select System or Setup:

System Enter a password each time the system boots and when ever you enter Setup.

Setup Enter a password when ever you enter Setup.

NOTE: To clear the password, simply press Enter when asked to enter a password. Then the password function is disabled.

IDE HDD auto detection

The IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION utility can automatically detect the IDE hard disk installed in your system. You can use it to selfdetect and/or correct the hard disk type configuration. You need to repeat the setup for each of the IDE combinations:



Save & exit setup

If you select this option and press <ENTER>, the values entered in the setup utility will be recorded in the chipset's CMOS memory. The microprocessor will check this every time you turn your system on and compare this to what it finds as it checks the system. This record is required for the system to operate.



Flat Panel/CRT Controller Display Drivers and Utilities

This chapter provides information about:

• Driver types and installation

Software drivers

This chapter describes the operation and installation of the display drivers supplied on the *Supporting CD-ROM* that are shipped with your product.

The onboard VGA adapter is based on the CHIPS VGA Flat Panel/CRT controller and is fully IBM VGA compatible. This controller offers a large set of extended functions and higher resolutions. If you intend to use your VGA adapter in standard VGA modes only, you do not need to install any of these drivers. Since your VGA adapter is fully compatible, it does not require any special drivers to operate in standard modes.

The purpose of the enclosed software drivers is to take advantage of the extended features of the CHIPS VGA Flat Panel/CRT controller.

Hardware configuration

Some of the high-resolution drivers provided in this package will work only in certain system configurations. If a driver does not display correctly, try the following:

- Change the display controller to CRT-only mode, rather than flat panel or simultaneous display mode. Some high-resolution drivers will display correctly only in CRT mode.
- 2. If a high-resolution mode is not supported on your system, try using a lower-resolution mode. For example, 1024 x 768 mode will not work on some systems, but 800 x 600 mode is supported on most.

Necessary prerequisites

The instructions in this manual assume that you understand elementary concepts of MS-DOS and the IBM Personal Computer. Before you attempt to install any driver or utility, you should:

- Know how to copy files from a CD-ROM to a directory on the hard disk
- · Understand the MS-DOS directory structure

If you are uncertain about any of these concepts, please refer to the DOS or OS/2 user reference guides for more information *before* you proceed with the installation.

Before you begin

Make sure you know the version of the application for which you are installing drivers. The *Supporting CD-ROM* contain drivers for several versions of certain applications. For your driver to operate properly, you must install the driver for your version of the application program.

Windows® 95

These drivers are designed to work with Microsoft® Windows®. You just install these drivers through the Windows® operating system.

Driver installation

 Install Windows[®] 95 as you normally would for a VGA display. Click the **Start** button, go to **Settings** and click on **Control Panel**. Choose the **Display** icon and double click on the icon. In the *Display Properties* window, show as figure 1:

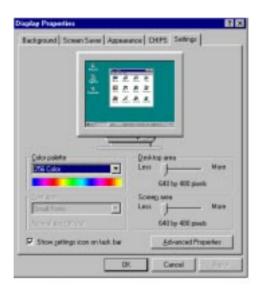


figure 1

Click the **setting** buttom, then click the **Advanced Properties** icon into the Advanced Display properties windows, show as figure 2:



figure 2

click on **Change Display Type**. In the *Change Display Type* window, click on the **Change** button under Adapter Type into the select Device window show as figure(3): This will bring up the *Select Device* window.



figure 3

2. Place the *Supporting CD-ROM* in your CD-ROM drive.

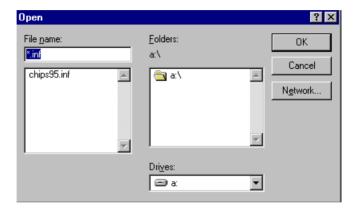


figure 4

The name of the *Chips And Techn* "69000 *PCI*" driver will appear highlighted in the *Models* list boxfhow as figure. Click OK to start the driver installation show as figure 6:



figure 6

3. Once the installation is complete, the *Advanced display Properties* window will reappear. Show as figure (7):



figure 7

Click on **close** to close the window. Then the *Display Properties* window will reappear. Show as figure (8):



figure 8

Click on **Apply**. Restart the system for the new settings to take effect, show as figure (9):



figure 9

Windows® NT 3.51

These drivers are designed to work with Microsoft® Windows®.

Driver installation

- Install Windows® NT 3.51 as you normally would for a VGA display. Click the Star buttom, go to Settings and click on Control Panel icon. Then choose the Display and double click on the icon. In the Display Properties window, click the Setting buttom, then click the Display Type buttom into the Display Type windows, then click on Change buttom from the Adapter Type icon. And click on Have Disk buttom in the change display window.
- 2. Place the *Supporting CD-ROM* into your CD-ROM drive.

and type:

cd-rom: \CD ROM\model name\drive\vga drive\
win98 nt\windows.nt\nt35\Oemsetup.inf

"cd-rom:": the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive

"model name": the model number of your product

Select the adapter "Chips and Tech 69000PCI" and click OK.

Click on Install to install the selected driver. Once the installation is complete, shut down and restart the system.

Driver installation

- 1. Install Windows® NT 4.0 as you normally would for a VGA display. Click the Star buttom, go to Settings and click on Control Panel icon. Then choose the Display and double click on the icon. In the Display Properties window, click the Setting buttom, then click the Display Type buttom into the Display Type windows, then click on Change buttom from the Adapter Type icon. And click on Have Disk buttom in the change display window.
- 2. Place the *Supporting CD-ROM* into your CD-ROM dirve. In the *Select Device* window, click on **Have Disk**, select "**Browse**" and find the NT 4.0 driver from:

cd-rom : \CD ROM\model name\dirver\vga driver\
win98 nt\windows.nt\nt40\Oemsetup.inf

"cd-rom:": the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive

"model name": the model number of your product

and then click OK. The name of the *Chips and Technologies, Inc. Video Controller* driver will appear highlighted in the Modules list box. Select Chips and Tech. 69000 and Click **OK**. Click **OK** to start the driver installation.

3. Once the installation is complete, the *Change Display Type* window will reappear. Click on close to close the window. Then the *Display Properties* window will reappear. Click on Apply. Restart the system for the new settings to take effect.

Ethernet Software Configuration

This chapter describes how to configure the Etherent Card to match your application requirements.

Ethernet software configuration

The onboard Ethernet interface supports all major network operating systems. I/O addresses and interrupts are easily configured via the Award BIOS Setup. To configure the medium type, to view the current configuration, or to run diagnostics, please refer to the following instruction:

- 1. Power the mainboard on. Ensure that the 8255X.EXE file is located in the working drive.
- 2. At the prompt, type 8255X.EXE and press <ENTER>. The Ethernet configuration program will then be displayed.
- 3. This simple screen shows all the available options for the Ethernet interface. Just highlight the option you wish to change by using the Up and DOWN keys. To change a selected item, press <ENTER>, and a screen will appear with the available options. Highlight your option and press <ENTER>. Each highlighted option has a helpful message guide displayed at the bottom of the screen for additional information.
- 4. After you have made your selections and the configuration is what you want, press <ESC>. A prompt will appear asking if you want to save the configuration. Press "Y" if you want to save.

The Ethernet Setup Menu also offers three very useful diagnostic functions. These are:

- 1. Run EEPROM test
- 2. Run Diagnostics on Board
- 3. Run Diagnostics on Network

Each option has its own display screen which shows the format and result of any diagnostic tests undertaken.

APPENDIX

Programming the Watchdog Timer

The mainboard is equipped with a watchdog timer that resets the CPU or generates an interrupt if processing comes to a standstill for whatever reason. This feature ensures system reliability in industrial stand-alone and unmanned environments.

Programming the watchdog timer

Watchdog timer

The watchdog timer uses a 8-bit counter. The time range is from 32 seconds to 254.5 min with a resolution of 1 min. When timer times out, a system reset will happen.

Configuration register

The watchdog timer of SBC-658 is located on the chipset – Winbond W83977TF. If you want to use it, you have to know how to read/write the configuration register of W83977TF. The basic procedure is as follows.

- 1. Enter configuration mode.
- 2. Select Logical Device.
- 3. Select register number.
- 4. Write/read data to/from register.
- 5. Exit configuration mode.

To Enter/Exit the configuration mode is to write a specific value to configuration port — 3F1h.

Enter configuration mode: write value *87h* to configuration port twice.

Exit configuration mode: write value *aah* to configuration port.

How to set the watchdog timer

- 1. Set register 30h of logical device 7 to 1 to activate the timer.
- 2. Write the desired counter value to register F2h of logical deivice 8.

Logical Device 7: Register number 30h (CR30)

00h: timer inactive

01h: timer active

Logicel Device 8: Register number F2h (CRF2)

00h: Time-out Disable

01h: Time-out occurs after 32 seconds

02h: Time-out occurs after 1 minute 32 seconds

03h: Time-out occurs after 2 minute 32 seconds

04h: Time-out occurs after 3 minute 32 seconds

.....

FFh: Time-out occurs after 254 minutes 32 seconds

Example

Following is an example of programming 32 sec period for watchdog timer in assembly language. When timer times out, it will generate signal of system reset.

CONFIG_PORT dw 3f0h

DATA PORT dw 3f1h

SetWatchDog_Time PROC

push bx

push cx

push dx

mov bl,7 ;; Select logical device number 7

mov ax,0130h ;; write 01h to register 30h to

activate

;; timer

call W977Write ;; mov bl,8

;; Select logical device number 8

mov ax,01f2h ;; write time-out value (01h) to

register

;; F2h

call W977Write ;; set time-out value to 32 sec

pop dx pop cx pop bx

mov ah,4ch int 21h

ret

SetWatchDog_Time ENDP

;; Enter to I/O Chip Program Configuration Register Mode Enterv Config proc

push ax push dx al.87h ;; Specific value to enter Config mov ;; Mode dx,cs:CONFIG PORT mov ;; Write to Config Port twice! out dx,al dx.al out \$+2 :: Delay jmp jmp \$+2 dх pop pop ax ret

EnterConfig endp

;; Exit to I/O Chip Program Configuration Register Mode

ExitConfig proc

push ax

push dx

mov al,0aah ;; Specific value to exit Config

;; Mode

mov dx,cs:CONFIG_PORT

out dx,al

pop dx

pop ax

ret

ExitConfig endp

```
;; Select The I/O Chip Program Configuration Register Logical
Device
;; Input : bl = logical device number
SelectDevice proc
    push ax
    push dx
    mov
                   al,07h
                           ;; Select control register 7
    mov
                   dx,cs:CONFIG PORT
                  dx,al
    out
                           ;; Write to Config Port
                   $+2
   jmp
                           ;; Write logical device number
                   al.bl
    mov
                   dx,cs:DATA PORT
                                             ;; to Data Port
    mov
                  dx,al
    out
                   dx
    pop
    pop
                   ax
    ret
```

SelectDevice endp

```
;; Setting I/O Chip Program Configuration Register Value

;; Input : al = register number

;; ah = setting value
```

W977Write PROC

push dx

call EnterConfig ;; Enter Config Mode

call SelectDevice ;; Select logical device

mov dx,cs:CONFIG_PORT

out dx,al ;; Select register number

mov al,ah

mov dx,cs:DATA_PORT

out dx,al

call ExitConfig ;; Exit Config Mode

pop dx

ret

W977Write ENDP

end

Installing PC/104 Modules

This appendix provides instructions for installing PC/104 modules.

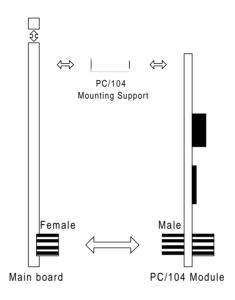
Installing PC/104 modules

The SBC-658's PC/104 connectors give you the flexibility to attach PC/104 expansion modules. These modules perform the functions of traditional plug-in expansion cards, but save space and valuable slots. Modules include:

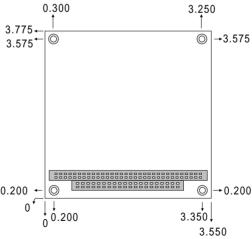
• PCM-3115B	PCMCIA Module (two-slot)
• PCM-3420	PC/104 Fast SCSI Module
• PCM-3600	PC/104 Fax/Modem Module
• PCM-3610	Isolated RS-232 and RS-422/485 Module
• PCM-3660	Ethernet Module
• PCM-3718	30 KHz A/D Module
• PCM-3724	48-channel DIO Module

Installing these modules on the SBC-658 is a quick and simple operation. The following steps show how to mount the PC/104 modules:

- Step1 Remove the SBC-658 from your system, paying particular attention to the safety instructions already mentioned above.
- Step2 Make any jumper or link changes required to the SBC now. Once the PC/104 module is mounted, you may have difficulty in accessing these.
- Mount the PC/104 module onto the SBC. Do this Step3 by pressing the module firmly but carefully onto the mounting connectors.
- Step4 Secure the PC/104 module onto the SBC using the four mounting spacers and srews.



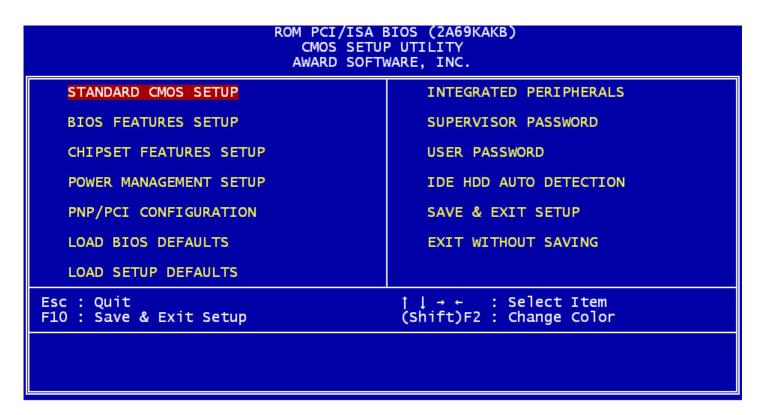
PC/104 Module Mounting Diagram



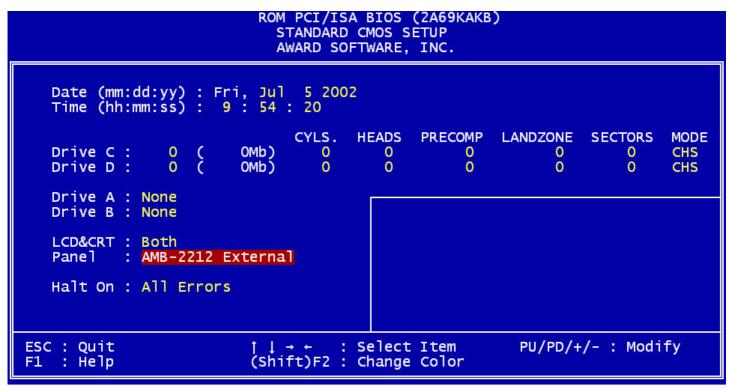
PC/104 module dimenstions (inches \pm 5%)

AMB-2021/2023 LCD Panel Configuration

If you want to use the 50pin(SCSI) cable for external panel, please set the CMOS option like this:



In Standard CMOS Setup

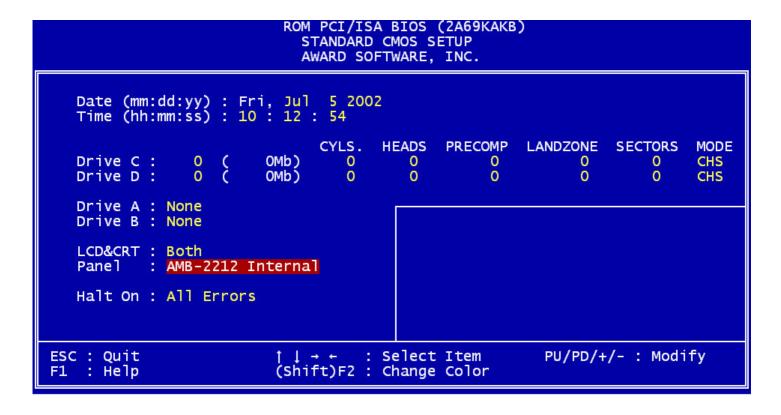


Select AMB-2212 External in the panel option

If your panel doesn't work with external, p lease set the CMOS option like this:

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69KAKB) CMOS SETUP UTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.		
STANDARD CMOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS	
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD	
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSWORD	
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP	IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION	
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXIT SETUP	
LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING	
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS		
Esc : Quit F10 : Save & Exit Setup	↑ ↓ → ← : Select Item (Shift)F2 : Change Color	

In Standard CMOS Setup



Select AMB-2212 Internal in the panel option